

## BIG RESERVOIR LET GO

**East Liverpool Visited By a Disaster of Terrible Proportion.**

**IMMENSE DAMAGE; NO LIVES LOST**

**With But a Moment's Warning Eight Million Gallons of Water Shot Down Steep Hillside.**

**THE LOSS TO PROPERTY NOT YET ESTIMATED**

With a roar that was heard for the distance of a mile, and which struck terror to thousands of startled people who heard it, an immense wall of water which was released from the new city reservoir shot down the hillside toward the Ohio river at about 5 o'clock last evening and caused one of the most disastrous catastrophes that has ever occurred in East Liverpool.

Not alone was the reservoir, only just completed, rendered worthless, but thousands of dollars' worth of damage otherwise resulted. Fortunately, however, there were no casualties, but that lives were not sacrificed by the terrible accident is little short of a miracle. Several persons had narrow escapes, but not a single one was even injured.

The mighty torrent which swept clean almost everything in its path before spending its force, was caused by a break in the wall at the corner of the basin toward the river. Rapidly the great volume of water shot down the steep incline, taking with it trees, boulders and hundreds of tons of earth and debris which were piled in gigantic heaps about the railroad and jammed in every conceivable shape into and about the buildings in its way.

So large was the opening which was made in the wall of the reservoir where the break occurred that the entire contents was released almost in a solid body. The force was terrific and as the powerful and foaming wave shot downward, the crashing of trees which were torn like splinters from their roots, together with the roar of the deluge, resembled a mighty hurricane and was equally disastrous in the destruction which resulted.

It is almost half a mile from the pumping station to the reservoir, but so soon was the water down the hillside after the break occurred that the people in the flooded section did not realize what had happened until the water was almost upon them.

Only a few minutes previous a freight train passed the scene. It would have met the full force of the torrent and doubtless would have been badly wrecked. The most fortunate circumstance in connection with the accident was that a party of Italians, whose domicile was washed away, had left shortly before, barely in time to save themselves. The men had been employed at the basin and made their home in a shanty located

by the side of the wall which gave way.

When the water burst forth the shanty was the first to go down. It was twisted to pieces and all but a small section dashed with lightning speed against the trees and stones before it. Had the Italians been on the inside all would have met death. A party of children who were playing on the road immediately underneath the dam, started to run to a place of safety and escaped not a second too soon.

Only for the fact that the accident happened on Sunday, lives in great number would have been blotted out, and a holocaust of dire proportions have added a sad chapter to East Liverpool's history. At the Harker pottery, where the greatest damage was done, scores of workmen would have been caught like rats in a trap. Their escape would have been impossible. Saturday evening a large force of men was at work in a trench at the side of the reservoir overlooking the hill, and all would have again been in the ditch this morning. They could not have escaped, as they would have met the full force of the current.

It is estimated that the reservoir contained between 5,000,000 and 8,000,000 gallons, or a little more than half of its capacity. The break occurred at the point where the connecting pipes from the pumping station were turned into the dam, and though the bank gave way in gradual form, the opening made at the start was of such a size that the water fairly fell from its place of confinement. Preceding the deluge a few moments a small stream issued forth, which gave the only warning of what was to follow.

When the ponderous bulwark of rock, clay and earth toppled over the crash was like a deafening peal of thunder that seemed to shake the earth for miles around. A watchman, who was on duty at the time, rushed to the shut-off valve which is located between the old and new basins, and by prompt action prevented the drainage of the smaller one and thus kept almost 5,000,000 more gallons of water from joining the other raging volume, which, in itself, proved to be a veritable ocean.

Although a number of workmen were at the scene of the disaster, nothing could be done to stay the work of devastation. It was even impossible to give warning to the imperiled persons below, and though the dense stream had done its work in an incredibly short period, the spreading water at the foot of the hill continued to work destruction for hours afterward.

he was unable to utter a syllable and several of those who came to his assistance, thinking he had been badly hurt, took him in hand and a physician was called. The doctor met the party at the Diamond and after a hasty examination pronounced Thompson uninjured. He was taken to the city hall where Officers Stafford, Dawson and Aufderhide were found reading in the office. Those in charge of the man state no interest was manifested in the case by the police and he was taken to his hotel and departed for home this morning.

**Marriage Licenses.**  
Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—C. M. Van Meter, Pittsburg; and Lulu Taylor, East Liverpool; Wm. R. Reed and Eva Cleckner, Lisbon; Geo. A. Lippe and Tress Bradbury, Lisbon; Charles W. Dyke and Hattie Goddard, East Liverpool, have been licensed to marry.

**PUMPING STATION NOT DAMAGED**

**Floors Were Flooded and Engines Stopped For a Time But Pumps Were Not Affected.**

It was indeed fortunate that the pumping station had what protection from the flood was offered by the Harker pottery buildings. Though the deluge had spent the greater part of its force by the time it had reached the pump house, the pottery structures tended to ward off the debris, which would otherwise have crashed into it.

The floors were submerged in a mass of mud, stones and other rubbish, and though the engines were stopped for a time no break in any of the machinery occurred. The pumps were not damaged in the least and are

now working as usual. A great wall of mud, stones and timbers were piled against the building, but did no real harm.

One rather severe loss sustained by the water works company in addition to that at the reservoir proper, was the uncovering of the pipes leading therefrom to the pump house. Every particle of earth was removed from about the pipes and the entire line is bare from one end to the other. They will have to be covered again before cold weather or in case of a hard freeze the water within them is liable to become frozen and cut off the city's supply.

**CAUSE OF THE BREAK AT THE DAM**

The exact cause of the break at the dam is as yet a matter of conjecture. Superintendent Phil Morley disagrees with the opinion of the public in general that the wall gave way by reason of a weakness in the tunnel. Though no investigation has yet been made, it is thought by Mr. Morley that the weakness was caused by a leak in the old reservoir which had gradually loosened the earth at the damaged corner, causing it to slide.

Mr. Morley says the break did not occur directly at the tunnel, but to the side next to the old dam. The embankment at this point, though nearest to the hill, was thought to be amply strong to hold the force against it. The rushing water ploughed its way through at a point where the tunnel joined and made an opening almost 20 feet in width and more than 30 feet in depth. The concrete portion of the wall of the reservoir was the last to go down. It fell in sections, but withheld the force of the torrent for several minutes after its release.

The receptacle had been in process of filling for several days, but had never once been taxed to its limit. What water was run into it was the surplus from the old tank. Mr. Morley had been watching the progress of the filling and was there when the trouble occurred. His first intimation of what was to happen was when he heard a hissing sound and the crash of a few falling stones. An instant later the final crash came and the reservoir was drained so quickly that it would have been useless to have attempted

to hold any of the water in check.

Following the first rush of water, a small steady stream continued to go down the hillside for several hours, and the report gained circulation that the old basin was giving away. This was a mistake, though it is thought a leak in the weakened corner allowed some of its contents to escape. As a precautionary method Mr. Morley had the reservoir drained as soon as possible and it has since been empty.

All of the connecting pipes running pipes running into the tunnel were broken off and workmen were started this morning making a connection with the discharge pipe so that the water yet remaining in the new basin can be let out. When this is done a thorough inspection will be made with a view of ascertaining the exact cause of the break.

Concerning the damage to the reservoir, Mr. Morley is unable to make any estimate. Thousands of tons of earth were washed away and if the basin is ever again put in use the great hole cut through the embankment will have to be replaced with a mammoth and substantial wall which will be very costly. Only one corner of the basin is damaged, however, and the remaining walls are intact. Mr. Morley says there is no cause for anxiety as to a possible shortage of water. The engines at the pumping station are at work and connected directly with the mains. This insures just as much force as usual, and as the pumps have all day been forcing more water into the city pipes than has been used, and yet not working to their limit, it is readily apparent that no alarm need be felt.

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The Cleveland & Pittsburg railroad was one of the worst of the flood sufferers.

Fully 500 tons of earth came down upon the track, in the vicinity of the Harker pottery. Dirt and debris lay from six to ten feet deep for a distance of perhaps 100 feet and lesser quantities elsewhere. No track was washed away, but the main tracks and sidings were covered.

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**Sending Out Literature.**  
Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—The Republican county executive committee is today sending out campaign literature to all parts of the county. Secretary John S. McNutt has charge of the distribution.

**More Aid for Strikers.**  
Columbus, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Secretary Savage, of the Mine Workers' organization, will make another trip to the Columbian county strike district this week to give the strikers financial aid.

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**IS ALMOST COMPLETELY WRECKED**

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termingled with mud, stones and debris of every description were strewn about in inextricable masses and covered the floors to a depth of several feet.

A portion of the kiln shed which is of frame work was torn out. The ware and decorating rooms were completely drenched, and the office and other departments fared equally as bad. Only the upper floors of the main buildings were spared. Much material which was on the outside of the plant was carried away or rendered worthless, and in fact the wreck is so complete that the owners are unable to determine with the least accuracy what the loss to them will amount to. A rough estimate places the damage at from \$20,000 to \$30,000.

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**WHITE CLOUD INVADED BY POLICE SATURDAY NIGHT.**

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The proprietor was fined \$25 and costs and the remainder were taxed \$2 and costs each.

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Samuel Morris was arrested by Officer Morris Saturday night on Second street. He was very drunk and the patrol was called to assist in removing him to the city jail. He will be given a hearing this evening.

Officers Morris and Stafford found William Jackson on Market street Saturday night. Bill had overestimated his capacity and was beastly intoxicated. He was assisted to jail and yesterday paid a fine of \$5.60.

Anthony Monahan was captured by Officer Morris Saturday night as he was attempting to navigate along Second street. It was impossible for him to do so, and the officer thought it best to ried him up the hill. The patrol was called and he was locked up.

Mayor Davidson imposed a fine of \$5.60, but Anthony had no money, and is still in jail.

**No Excursion—**The excursion to Canton, which was to have been run by the Lady Macabees today was called off, there not being enough tickets sold.

### MAN HELD UP

**TRAVELING SALESMAN ACCOSTED BY HIGHWAYMEN.**

**His Cries Frightened the Robbers And He Was Not Much Hurt.**

An attempt was made to rob Sidney Thompson, a jewelry salesman, near the corner of Fifth and Market streets about 12:30 last night.

Thompson represents A. E. Siviter & Co., of Pittsburg, and comes to this city at regular intervals. It was impossible to ascertain what Thompson was doing on the streets at that time of night with his sample cases. He states he was attacked by two men who used him very roughly. Thompson called lustily for help, and within a few minutes a large crowd had collected. The victim was so badly frightened



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The mighty torrent which swept clean almost everything in its path before spending its force, was caused by a break in the wall at the corner of the basin toward the river. Rapidly the great volume of water shot down the steep incline, taking with it trees, boulders and hundreds of tons of earth and debris which were piled in gigantic heaps about the railroad and jammed in every conceivable shape into and about the buildings in its way.

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Only a few minutes previous a freight train passed the scene. It would have met the full force of the torrent and doubtless would have been badly wrecked. The most fortunate circumstance in connection with the accident was that a party of Italians, whose domicile was washed away, had left shortly before, barely in time to save themselves. The men had been employed at the basin and made their home in a shanty located

by the side of the wall which gave way.

When the water burst forth the shanty was the first to go down. It was twisted to pieces and all but a small section dashed with lightning speed against the trees and stones before it. Had the Italians been on the inside all would have met death. A party of children who were playing on the road immediately underneath the dam, started to run to a place of safety and escaped not a second too soon.

Only for the fact that the accident happened on Sunday, lives in great number would have been blotted out, and a holocaust of dire proportions had added a sad chapter to East Liverpool's history. At the Harker pottery, where the greatest damage was done, scores of workmen would have been caught like rats in a trap. Their escape would have been impossible. Saturday evening a large force of men was at work in a trench at the side of the reservoir overlooking the hill, and all would have again been in the ditch this morning. They could not have escaped, as they would have met the full force of the current.

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Samuel Morris was arrested by Officer Morris Saturday night on Second street. He was very drunk and the patrol was called to assist in removing him to the city jail. He will be given a hearing this evening.

Officers Morris and Stafford found William Jackson on Market street Saturday night. Bill had overestimated his capacity and was beastly intoxicated. He was assisted to jail and yesterday paid a fine of \$5.60.

Anthony Monahan was captured by Officer Morris Saturday night as he was attempting to navigate along Second street. It was impossible for him to do so, and the officer thought it best to ried him up the hill. The patrol was called and he was locked up.

Mayor Davidson imposed a fine of \$5.60, but Anthony had no money, and is still in jail.

No Excursion—The excursion to Canton, which was to have been run by the Lady Maccabees today was called off there not being enough tickets sold.

**MAN HELD UP**

**TRAVELING SALESMAN ACCOSTED BY HIGHWAYMEN.**

**His Cries Frightened the Robbers And He Was Not Much Hurt.**

An attempt was made to rob Sidney Thompson, a jewelry salesman, near the corner of Fifth and Market streets about 12:30 last night.

Thompson represents A. E. Siviter & Co., of Pittsburg, and comes to this city at regular intervals. It was impossible to ascertain what Thompson was doing on the streets at that time of night with his sample cases. He states he was attacked by two men who used him very roughly. Thompson called lustily for help, and within a few minutes a large crowd had collected.

The victim was so badly frightened

he was unable to utter a syllable and several of those who came to his assistance, thinking he had been badly hurt, took him in hand and a physician was called. The doctor met the party at the Diamond and after a hasty examination pronounced Thompson uninjured. He was taken to the city hall where Officers Stafford, Dawson and Aufdehde were found reading in the office. Those in charge of the man state no interest was manifested in the case by the police and he was taken to his hotel and departed for home this morning.

**Marriage Licenses.**

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—C. M. Van Meter, Pittsburg, and Lulu Taylor, East Liverpool; Wm. R. Reed and Eva Cleckner, Lisbon; Geo. A. Lipe and Tress Bradbury, Lisbon; Charles W. Dyke and Hattie Goddard, East Liverpool, have been licensed to marry.

**Sending Out Literature.**

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—The Republican county executive committee is today sending out campaign literature to all parts of the county. Secretary John S. McNutt has charge of the distribution.

**More Aid for Strikers.**

Columbus, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Secretary Savage, of the Mine Workers' organization, will make another trip to the Columbian county strike district this week to give the strikers financial aid.



## EAST END

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nellus J. Sullivan vs. the Salem Iron Co., demurrer. W. H. Riley vs. M. Wasbutzky, demurrer. Edwin S. Mills vs. George J. Culp, motion. Ethel E. Guttridge vs. Frank J. Findley, et al., motion and demurrer. T. Allen Guttridge vs. Frank J. Findley, motion and demurrer. Peter E. McDewitt vs. C. A. Tucker, demurrer. Karl Kirchner vs. Frank Adams et al., motion. J. M. McBride vs. Joseph French et al., demurrer. John Brennan & Co., vs. A. B. Smith et al., motion and demurrer. Irvin Cook vs. George Charlton et al., motion. Joseph S. Fallow vs. Samuel M. Burson, motion. George Swalle vs. Beacon Light I. O. of R., motion. B. E. Neel vs. Joseph McAllister, motion. Wednesday—John G. Beatty vs. A. S. H. Johnston, et al. Lewis Brothers vs. James Swancy. Joseph Fallow vs. Emor Bettis. Augustine Knam vs. O. T. Burson. Florence Wright Cumberland vs. William C. Wright et al. Thursday—E. E. Black administrator vs. Emmet Allman. E. E. Black administrator vs. Monroe Allman. James Mackall Sr., vs. R. K. Thomas, administrator. Friday—Grace P. Orr et al. vs. Margaret A. Brothers. Louisa Knori vs. John Knori et al.

#### An "Ode" on Odor.

The following "ode" which was composed by Dr. W. E. Mowen after returning home from Thursday evening's meeting of the board of health, is published by request:

Garbage! Oh garbage! just leave me tonight; Go down to Wellsville and get out of sight.

Leave me in peace, free from trouble and care To enjoy a night's sleep and be free from nightmare.

Garbage! Oh garbage! why smelliest so strong? You have played havoc—the health board's gone wrong. The council's disgusted and anxious to quit; Oh what's to be done—kindly help us a bit.

People are growling, they say we're at fault Because we don't bring our loud breath to a halt; But how can we do it? Do give us a tip. Tell us how best to give council the slip.

Garbage! Oh garbage! I'll quit in despair; I'm tired of this worry and tearing of hair.

We can't have a furnace, for council says not Do kindly assist us—we have a hard lot.

I fear that my end is fast nearing a close And garbage, you've caused it, as everyone knows.

But when I am gone and have finished my race Just place on my tombstone—"New Garbage Furnace."

Buy a Trunk or Suit Case with the Yale lock on it. The only place in town to get them is

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

## ARRESTED AT DAMASCUS

Newell Buzzard, Charged With Stealing a Horse, Now in the Lisbon Jail.

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W. S. Emmons appeared for the prosecution and J. E. Scott defended the boy, who waived a hearing and was bound over to common pleas court on \$300 bond. He was unable to furnish that amount and Constable McArthur took him to the Lisbon jail.

The rig which the boy is accused of stealing, was obtained from Mr. Pearce on Sept. 30, as noted at the time, to drive to Salem, but was driven to East Liverpool and said to have been sold for \$8 in money and an old revolver. The rig was recovered on Oct. 1 by Mr. Pearce and Constable McArthur. Two other Sebring youths are said to have been implicated in the matter.

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## TOLD IN EAST LIVERPOOL

It's the Evidence of East Liverpool People Published in East Liverpool Papers That Has Made Such a Reputation for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills.

Standing clear and distinct, marking the difference, the superior merit, the adaptability to present day ailments is the volume of local testimony for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. It's so different to the ordinary remedies referring to cures made at distant points, which is hard to verify. There is a reason for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills commanding home evidence wherever they are known—It is their wonderful influence in bringing up the standard of Nerve Force. Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, O., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. I got them at Larkins' drug store, corner Sixth and East Market streets, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong, and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50 cents a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

The News Review for the news.

## RECIPROCITY TREATIES

Why Those Pending in the Senate Should Be Ratified.

McKINLEY'S LAST PUBLIC SPEECH

Was an Eloquent Plea For the Adoption of the Policy of Reciprocal Trade With Foreign Nations.

There are a number of reciprocity treaties awaiting the action of the senate. They were negotiated by Commissioner Kasson, under the direction of President McKinley. The latter, with his clear and piercing intellect, saw that the time was approaching when the nation's trade policy must take a long step ahead, and he provided for it. His last public utterance—made at Buffalo the day before he was laid upon his death bed by the shot of a cowardly assassin—contained an eloquent plea for reciprocity as the natural result of the prosperity caused by the protective policy.

Under the fostering effect of protection our great industrial plants, our mines and mills and furnaces, our forests, our farms and plantations, all increased their productions. We raised more than ever before; we manufactured more. We supplied all the wants of our own people and had a large surplus of farm products and of manufactured articles. We sold that surplus abroad, and our export trade advanced by leaps and bounds. But the wise president realized that this could not go on uninterruptedly. Something must be done to hold the trade already gained, and to increase it. "We have a vast and intricate business," he said at Buffalo, in his words of warning, "built up through years of toil and struggle, in which every part of the country has its stake, which will not permit of either neglect or of undue selfishness. No narrow, sordid policy will subvert it. The greatest skill and wisdom on the part of the manufacturers and producers will be required to hold and increase it. Our capacity to produce has developed so enormously, and our products have so multiplied, that the problem of more markets requires an urgent and immediate attention."

And what was McKinley's solution of the problem? What was his policy in this respect—which, along with his other policies, President Roosevelt has declared to be his own to carry out? It was and is reciprocity. "By sensible trade arrangements, which will not interrupt our home production," said he, "we shall extend the outlets for an increasing surplus. A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued and healthful growth of an export trade. We must not repose in fancied security that we can forever sell everything, and buy little or nothing. We should take from customers such of their products as we can use without harm to our industries and labor."

Continuing in the same strain of warning and argument he declared that "what we produce beyond our domestic consumption must have vent abroad. The excess must be relieved through a foreign outlet; and we should sell everywhere we can, and buy wherever the buying will enlarge our sales and productions, and thereby make a greater demand for home labor." More than this he set forth plainly the danger of foreign hostility to an expanding trade, invading the nations of Europe, and deprecated a policy which would increase that hostility. "Commercial wars are unprofitable," he declared. "A policy of good will and friendly trade relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not."

Brave, wise words are those of the last public utterance of the murdered president, and they meet the approval of the intelligent majority of the American people. The only voice in dissent yet heard comes from Democratic theorists, wedded to the old, condemned doctrine of free trade. With a fatuity born either of ignorance or demagoguery, they assert that reciprocity is a step toward free trade, and daringly accuse McKinley, the champion of protection, of abandonment of that policy. No more stupid falsehood was ever uttered.

What is a reciprocity treaty? It is a treaty in which the American government says to that of a foreign country: "You need our manufactures of steel, our agricultural machinery, our boots and shoes, our grain, our meats and other foodstuffs for your people. Reduce your duties on these things bought of us, and in return we will reduce our duties on yours which we need. You will increase largely your exports to us, for you will have a lower duty to pay than other nations have. In return, we will increase our sales to you, for the same reason." Each nation gives up something, but gets an equivalent; the trade of both is promoted, to the

benefit of both.

But free trade would give to all nations the benefits of our markets, without any of them being required to make any return. Only under a protective tariff can there be reciprocity; under free trade there would be no advantage we could offer to one nation over another. The folly of the Democratic contention is clear. The duty of Ohio Republicans this fall is to elect the party ticket by a sweeping majority, that a Republican legislature may send the peerless Foraker back to the senate, to use his matchless powers in aid of the ratification of the reciprocity treaties now pending in that body.

## AMERICAN SHIPPING.

New Tonnage Nearly All For the Great Lakes.

Few Vessels For the Foreign Trade Because of Democratic Opposition to Change in the Laws.

In the fiscal year just ended the tonnage of American shipping constructed was the greatest of any year since 1854 and 1855, aggregating 489,616 tons; but this great total was almost all domestic tonnage, principally upon the great lakes; and for our foreign shipping trade the total construction of new shipping in the United States for the entire 12 months was only 17,121 gross tons. This compares very meagerly indeed with 1,432,000 tons of ship construction in Great Britain and 213,984 tons of ship construction in Germany in the same time, nearly all for the foreign trade. But it is well to note that Democratic free trade has had generations of operation in connection with this American shipping, so that these foreigners are building this vast tonnage largely for the movement of American commerce, because the Democratic party has never permitted any change in the laws that open our vast and growing export commerce to the tramp ships of every nation, on terms with which American ships manned by American sailors at American wages with American comforts can never compete. Every steamship that was built in the United States for ocean trade during the past year was encouraged in its construction by the very small mail subsidy that the Republican postal act of 1891 will give them. Says a writer well versed in the matter, if that "law were not in existence there would probably not have been a single steamship constructed in the United States last year for the foreign trade." Hence, he concludes, "It is clear that if the United States is not to be dependent upon foreign nations for shipping with which to carry on our foreign trade, congress must pass a law that will put our shipping on an equality with that of other nations." President McKinley had this in mind and knew it well, when he said in his Buffalo address: "One of the needs of the times is direct commercial lines from our vast fields of production to the fields of consumption that we have but barely touched. Next in advantage to having the thing to sell is to have the conveyance to carry it to the buyer. We must encourage our merchant marine. We must have more ships. They must be under the American flag, built and manned and owned by Americans. These will not only be profitable in a commercial sense; they will be messengers of peace and amity wherever they go."

Better than in the some months in any one of the past five years is the report for April, May and June from the union labor organizations of New York in regard to the conditions of employment in that state this year. These reports made by the organizations of the men themselves show that only 2.3 per cent. of unionists were idle throughout the quarter just ended. How many of these men will knowingly vote to reverse the conditions that have done so much for them?

## FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation. Good Buildings. 9 Room Frame House. New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings. Good shipping facilities by water or rail. Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

Address JAMES FRIEL & CO., 135 7th St., Pittsburg.

## Urreeda

Heating Stove of any kind, Gas, Coal or Oil, Furniture and Stoves, at

John Schleiter's

128 Second Street, Opp. Depot.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL...

### BANK

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

President—David Boyce, Vice President—J. M. Kelly, Cashier—N. G. Macrum, Asst. Cashier—Thos. H. Fisher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

David Boyce, W. L. Thompson; J. M. Kelly, O. C. Vodrey, B. C. Simms, Jas. N. Vodrey, Jas. C. Thompson

CAPITAL - \$100,000 SURPLUS - \$100,000

General Banking Business.

Invites Business and Personal Accounts SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT. 193 Washington Street.

## C.N. MILLER

176 W. Sixth St. Successor to J. D. West.

Livery and Undertaking

Latest Methods of Embalming. Lady Assistant. Both Phones No. 38.

## Don't Wait

Until all our lots are gone and the prices advanced by shrewd investors before you realize what a good investment is now being offered you in our South Side plan of lots in Chester, W. Va. You don't have to wait for public improvements of any kind, they are all there, and between now and January 1, 1902, there will be at least one hundred new houses built, so don't wait and miss the opportunity, which by investing a few dollars may some day make you independent. For prices, plats and further information call on or address,

Geo. H. Owen & Co.,

Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

Office:— First National Bank Building. Both Phones 49. Opposite Rock Springs Park entrance, Chester, W. Va.

IT'S ONLY a ? of

a short time when you will find it necessary to have a Bank Account. Why postpone any longer? We invite new accounts and shall be glad to extend every facility and convenience possible.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Watch This Space.

It Will Save You Money.



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Stebenville, Oct. 14.—J. E. Rainey, the Parthian (Pa.) undertaker who told the blood-curdling cock and bull story about being held up and forced to drink acid at the La Belle avenue station, is being looked for by the police. Some facts about Rainey were reported at the mayor's office Saturday morning when the watchman at the bridge came down to look him up. It seems that on the night of Sept. 30 Rainey didn't start home at the time the average ruralist begins his trip over the road, but delayed leaving until 10 o'clock. Then he went to the Panhandle bridge and walked to the watchman's house, and said Officer Conner had sent him there to cross, adding that he had been in a fight at Stebenville and received a bad cut, but the watchman could see no cut or blood about him, nor was there any indication of fearful injury from fiery acid as so vividly related. The watchman allowed him to cross, and found out this morning that Officer Conner didn't know him, and never had sent any man across the bridge.

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Sebring, Oct. 14.—Mike McGinniss, who pleaded guilty here a few weeks ago to assault upon Miss Alice Wright, changed his plea to not guilty in common pleas court at Youngstown. McGinniss has money and employed an attorney to defend him.

## TOLD IN EAST LIVERPOOL

It's the Evidence of East Liverpool People Published in East Liverpool Papers That Has Made Such a Reputation for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills.

Standing clear and distinct, marking the difference, the superior merit, the adaptability to present day ailments is the volume of local testimony for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. It's so different to the ordinary remedies referring to cures made at distant points, which is hard to verify. There is a reason for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills commanding home evidence wherever they are known—it is their wonderful influence in bringing up the standard of Nerve Force. Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, O., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. I got them at Larkins' drug store, corner Sixth and East Market streets, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong, and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50 cents a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

The News Review for the news.

## RECIPROCITY TREATIES

Why Those Pending in the Senate Should Be Ratified.

## McKINLEY'S LAST PUBLIC SPEECH

Was an Eloquent Plea For the Adoption of the Policy of Reciprocal Trade With Foreign Nations.

There are a number of reciprocity treaties awaiting the action of the senate. They were negotiated by Commissioner Kasson, under the direction of President McKinley. The latter, with his clear and piercing intellect, saw that the time was approaching when the nation's trade policy must take a long step ahead, and he provided for it. His last public utterance—made at Buffalo the day before he was laid upon his death bed by the shot of a cowardly assassin—contained an eloquent plea for reciprocity as the natural result of the prosperity caused by the protective policy.

Under the fostering effect of protection our great industrial plants, our mines and mills and furnaces, our forests, our farms and plantations, all increased their productions. We raised more than ever before; we manufactured more. We supplied all the wants of our own people and had a large surplus of farm products and of manufactured articles. We sold that surplus abroad, and our export trade advanced by leaps and bounds. But the wise president realized that this could not go on uninterruptedly. Something must be done to hold the trade already gained, and to increase it. "We have a vast and intricate business," he said at Buffalo, in his words of warning, "built up through years of toil and struggle, in which every part of the country has its stake, which will not permit of either neglect or of undue selfishness. No narrow, sordid policy will subvert it. The greatest skill and wisdom on the part of the manufacturers and producers will be required to hold and increase it. Our capacity to produce has developed so enormously, and our products have so multiplied, that the problem of more markets requires an urgent and immediate attention."

And what was McKinley's solution of the problem? What was his policy in this respect—which, along with his other policies, President Roosevelt has declared to be his own to carry out? It was and is reciprocity. "By sensible trade arrangements, which will not interrupt our home production," said he, "we shall extend the outlets for an increasing surplus. A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued and healthful growth of an export trade. We must not repose in fancied security that we can forever sell everything, and buy little or nothing. We should take from customers such of their products as we can use without harm to our industries and labor."

Continuing in the same strain of warning and argument he declared that "what we produce beyond our domestic consumption must have vent abroad. The excess must be relieved through a foreign outlet; and we should sell everywhere we can, and buy wherever the buying will enlarge our sales and productions, and thereby make a greater demand for home labor." More than this he set forth plainly the danger of foreign hostility to an expanding trade, invading the nations of Europe, and deprecated a policy which would increase that hostility. "Commercial wars are unprofitable," he declared. "A policy of good will and friendly trade relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not."

Brave, wise words are those of the last public utterance of the murdered president, and they meet the approval of the intelligent majority of the American people. The only voice in dissent yet heard comes from Democratic theorists, wedded to the old, condemned doctrine of free trade. With a faulty born either of ignorance or demagoguery, they assert that reciprocity is a step toward free trade, and daringly accuse McKinley, the champion of protection, of abandonment of that policy. No more stupid falsehood was ever uttered.

What is a reciprocity treaty? It is a treaty in which the American government says to that of a foreign country: "You need our manufactures of steel, our agricultural machinery, our boots and shoes, our grain, our meats and other foodstuffs for your people. Reduce your duties on these things bought of us, and in return we will reduce our duties on this, and this, and this product of yours which we need. You will increase largely your exports to us, for you will have a lower duty to pay than other nations have. In return, we will increase our sales to you, for the same reason." Each nation gives up something, but gets an equivalent; the trade of both is promoted, to the

benefit of both.

But free trade would give to all nations the benefits of our markets, without any of them being required to make any return. Only under a protective tariff can there be reciprocity; under free trade there would be no advantage we could offer to one nation over another. The folly of the Democratic contention is clear. The duty of Ohio Republicans this fall is to elect the party ticket by a sweeping majority, that a Republican legislature may send the peerless Foraker back to the senate, to use his matchless powers in aid of the ratification of the reciprocity treaties now pending in that body.

## AMERICAN SHIPPING.

New Tonnage Nearly All For the Great Lakes.

Few Vessels for the Foreign Trade Because of Democratic Opposition to Change in the Laws.

In the fiscal year just ended the tonnage of American shipping constructed was the greatest of any year since 1854 and 1855, aggregating 489,616 tons; but this great total was almost all domestic tonnage, principally upon the great lakes; and for our foreign shipping trade the total construction of new shipping in the United States for the entire 12 months was only 17,121 gross tons. This compares very meagerly indeed with 1,432,000 tons of ship construction in Great Britain and 213,984 tons of ship construction in Germany in the same time, nearly all for the foreign trade. But it is well to note that Democratic free trade has had generations of operation in connection with this American shipping, so that these foreigners are building this vast tonnage largely for the movement of American commerce, because the Democratic party has never permitted any change in the laws that open our vast and growing export commerce to the tramp ships of every nation, on terms with which American ships manned by American sailors at American wages with American comforts can never compete. Every steamship that was built in the United States for ocean trade during the past year was encouraged in its construction by the very small mail subsidy that the Republican postal act of 1891 will give them. Says a writer well versed in the matter, if that "law were not in existence there would probably not have been a single steamship constructed in the United States last year for the foreign trade." Hence, he concludes, "It is clear that if the United States is not to be dependent upon foreign nations for shipping with which to carry on our foreign trade, congress must pass a law that will put our shipping on an equality with that of other nations." President McKinley had this in mind and knew it well, when he said in his Buffalo address: "One of the needs of the times is direct commercial lines from our vast fields of production to the fields of consumption that we have but barely touched. Next in advantage to having the thing to sell is to have the conveyance to carry it to the buyer. We must encourage our merchant marine. We must have more ships. They must be under the American flag, built and manned and owned by Americans. These will not only be profitable in a commercial sense; they will be messengers of peace and amity wherever they go."

Better than in the some months in any one of the past five years is the report for April, May and June from the union labor organizations of New York in regard to the conditions of employment in that state this year. These reports made by the organizations of the men themselves show that only 2.3 per cent. of unionists were idle throughout the quarter just ended. How many of these men will knowingly vote to reverse the conditions that have done so much for them?

## FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation. Good Buildings. 9 Room Frame House. New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings. Good shipping facilities by water or rail. Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

Address JAMES FRIEL & CO., 135 7th St., Pittsburg.

## Unedda

Heating Stove of any kind, Gas, Coal or Oil, Furniture and Stoves, at

John Schleiter's

128 Second Street, Opp. Depot.

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## BANK

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Latest Methods of Embalming. Lady Assistant. Both Phones No. 38.

## Don't Wait

Until all our lots are gone and the prices advanced by shrewd investors before you realize what a good investment is now being offered you in our South Side plan of lots in Chester, W. Va. You don't have to wait for public improvements of any kind, they are all there, and between now and January 1, 1902, there will be at least one hundred new houses built, so don't wait and miss the opportunity, which by investing a few dollars may some day make you independent. For prices, plats and further information call on or address,

## Geo. H. Owen &amp; Co.,

Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

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a short time when you will find it necessary to have a Bank Account. Why postpone any longer? We invite new accounts and shall be glad to extend every facility and convenience possible.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Watch This Space.

It Will Save You Money.



## THREE WERE KILLED.

Victims of Deadly Black Damp  
In Air Shaft, Near Juniata-  
ville, Pa.

## TWO OTHERS WERE OVERCOME.

They Went In to Rescue the Bodies  
of Those Who Had Perished—Some  
News of Ohio, Pennsylvania and  
West Virginia.

Connellsville, Pa., Oct. 14.—Three  
lives went out in a little air shaft  
only two feet in diameter and 20 feet  
deep, but filled with deadly black  
damp, at the mines of the Juniata  
Coke company, near Juniataville.

### The Dead.

John Gilleland, a miner, 50 years  
old.

James Gilleland, 11 years old.

Winfield Gilleland, 15 years old.

All three bodies were rescued, but  
in the effort John Nicholson, mine  
foreman at Juniataville, and John  
Baker, a mine fire boss, were badly  
overcome by black damp.

The Gilleland family live about a  
mile over the hill from Juniataville.  
Near their home is a deserted air  
shaft. Years ago this shaft was used  
to ventilate a portion of the mine,  
and also as a man-way for miners  
going to and from work. Of recent  
years, however, this portion of the  
mine has been entirely worked out  
and abandoned. Now the hole serves  
to allow the escape of the poisonous  
gas that generates in the mine in order  
that it may not crowd its way to the  
rooms of the big mine.

### A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Fourteen Business Places Gutted at  
Reynoldsville, Pa.

Dubois, Pa., Oct. 14.—Fire last  
night burned over a block and a half  
of the business section of Reynoldsville,  
Jeerson county, gutted 14 business  
places, including the Hotel McCon-  
nell, one of the town's largest hotels,  
and four dwelling houses. The  
loss is estimated at \$60,000, on which  
there is an insurance of \$17,000. Du-  
bois was called on for assistance and  
fire apparatus sent from here did effi-  
cient service in checking the spread  
of the flames. The origin of the fire  
is unknown. It started in a large  
frame building occupied jointly by  
J. J. Thomas, Thomas Tapper and Ezra  
Hartman, blacksmith, and there is a  
belief that it was the work of an in-  
cendiary. The persons burned out  
and their losses are:

F. J. Black, Hotel McConnell, \$15,000;  
Thomas Tapper, livery stable and  
dwelling house, \$8,000; Ezra Hart-  
man, blacksmith and dwelling, \$4,000;  
E. Weiser, building, \$4,000; Swartz  
Bros., grocery, \$2,500; E. T. McGraw,  
building, \$6,000; F. A. McConnell,  
building, \$3,000; L. Evans, grocer, \$2,000;  
Deibel Bros. building, \$2,000; A.  
Geister, tailor, \$1,500; W. E. Storer,  
butcher, \$2,000; Mrs. Louise Bar-  
boarding house, \$2,000; Edward P.  
lips, barber, \$1,500; A. Snyder, tail-  
or, \$1,500.

The losses of several parties range  
from \$600 to \$1,000.

### Local Preachers Take a Rest.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—The second  
day's session of the National Associa-  
tion of Local Preachers was devoted  
altogether to church going. Some of  
those in attendance filed the pulpits  
of the churches in the city. At the  
Chestnut Avenue Methodist Episcopal  
church, where the association is in  
session, preaching was followed by  
holy communion in the morning, con-  
ducted by Rev. Dr. John R. Wright,  
of Washington, D. C. The sessions will  
continue today.

### DEATH WARRANTS REVOKED.

Long Legal Battle Over Biddies, at  
Pittsburg, Likely.

Pittsburg, Oct. 14.—Governor Wil-  
liam A. Stone has revoked the death  
warrants of John and Edward Biddle,  
who were convicted and sentenced to  
be hanged on Dec. 12 for the murder  
of Thomas D. Kahney, a Mt. Wash-  
ington grocer. The notice of the gov-  
ernor's action was received by Sher-  
iff William C. McKinley Saturday and  
the news was at once given to the con-  
demned men.

The action of the governor to defer  
the execution until after the decision  
of the supreme court on the case may  
mean that the Biddies cannot now be  
punished for their crime.

It was claimed that the governor  
had no authority to issue the death  
warrant for the two men until after the  
supreme court had finally dis-  
posed of the case, and the claim now  
set up by the attorneys for the de-  
fense is that the state executive has  
erred. On the other hand it is claimed  
the governor has the right to re-  
voke the death warrants at will, and  
his action will probably cause a long  
legal fight before the Biddies are ex-  
ecuted.

The legal battle over the governor's  
act will probably be fought under the  
legislative act of 1897, which allows  
six months to perfect all appeals to  
higher courts. The case is similar to  
that of Philip Hill, who murdered  
Contractor George A. Lawrence. At  
the last moment Hill's execution was

## TONSILINE

Is a perfect family remedy for throat  
disease—Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and  
Quincy quickly yield to its virtue. It is  
not slow and tedious in its

## CURES

but gives almost instant relief. Tonsiline  
is entirely harmless. It stands alone as  
a remarkable and modern cure for

## SORE THROAT

and all similar troubles.  
50 AND 60 C. AT ALL DRUGGISTS.  
TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

postponed, but he was hanged on an-  
other date.

### Attempt to Rob Bank Failed.

Norwalk, O., Oct. 14.—Burglars  
made an unsuccessful attempt to rob  
the Monroeville National bank. The  
inner safe was blown, but the noise  
aroused the inhabitants, and the  
burglars were forced to flee without  
having secured any booty. Six men  
were in the gang and they escaped in  
rigs stolen from a livery stable.  
The horses were deserted at Chicago  
Junction, where it is supposed the  
fugitives boarded a train.

### Woman's Missionary Meeting.

Beaver Falls, Pa., Oct. 14.—The  
Woman's Home Missionary society of  
the Pittsburg conference of the Meth-  
odist Episcopal church held its an-  
nual meeting Saturday afternoon.  
Mrs. C. W. Smith, of Pittsburg, pre-  
sided, and Mrs. Kuhn, of Pittsburg,  
read from the scripture, and Mrs.  
Boswell, of Philadelphia, led in  
prayer. The address was made by  
Mrs. Emma Fowler.

### George W. Howe Dead.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 14.—George W.  
Howe, a well-known business man and  
army officer and former secretary of  
the Cleveland league baseball club,  
died of kidney disease, aged 69 years.  
He had been decorated with the order  
of Franz Josef by the present emperor  
of Austria-Hungary.

### GREAT-GRANDDAUGHTER

#### OF FRANKLIN DEAD.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—Mrs. E. D.  
Gillespie, a great-granddaughter of  
Benjamin Franklin, and one of the  
city's most prominent women, died at  
her home here, aged 80 years.

### Victim of Football Game.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—Edwin Long-  
enecker, aged 21 years, quarterback  
on the football team of the Brown  
preparatory school, this city, died in  
a hospital as a result of injuries re-  
ceived in a game last Tuesday.

### Died After a Fall.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 14.—Falling 16  
feet from a chestnut tree, Robert Yo-  
cum, captain of the Central high  
school track team, broke his back and  
died at a hospital shortly after admis-  
sion thereto.

### MOVE BY MALVAR EXPECTED.

An Insurgent Official Sentenced to  
Death For Execution of  
103 Spaniards.

Manila, Oct. 14.—The military au-  
thorities have received word that  
General Miguel Malvar, the insurgent  
leader, is believed to have left the  
province of Batangas, Luzon, and to  
be planning an operation in the prov-  
ince of Bulacan, where insurgent con-  
cealment has been progressing re-  
cently. The country there is moun-  
tainous and well adapted to guerilla  
warfare.

Captain Pitcher has practically  
stamped out insurrection in the  
island of Mindoro.

The police force at Batangas, province  
of Batangas, has been disbanded and  
the chief of police and several others  
have been placed under arrest on the  
charge of belonging to an insurgent  
society and using their offices to ob-  
tain information for the insurgents.

Major Braganza, the insurgent offi-  
cer who ordered the execution of 103  
Spanish prisoners and personally su-  
perintended the carrying out of the  
order, has been sentenced to be  
hanged.

There is intense feeling among the  
natives in San Fernando, province of  
Pampanga, over the killing of a na-  
tive by a soldier. Strong patrols are  
out in both San Fernando and Bacolor  
to prevent a hostile demonstration.

There was considerable criticism  
here of the recent statements of Con-  
gressman Edgar Weeks, of Michigan,  
regarding Filipino character and po-  
ssibilities. Members of the commis-  
sion refer to his remarks as "too  
sweeping" and as "based upon too  
short an experience."

The native press unstintingly con-  
demned the conclusions of Mr. Weeks  
as "unjust and viciously false."

### WAGES TO BE RAISED.

Five Thousand Employees of Illinois  
Central Are Favored.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Five thousand  
employees of the Illinois Central rail-  
road, including practically every con-  
ductor, brakeman, switchman and  
yardman, except those in the far  
south, will receive an increase in  
wages within the next month. This  
was decided on in a conference be-  
tween the officers of the road, repre-  
sentatives of the Order of Railway  
Conductors and the Brotherhood of  
Railway Trainmen. It involves an in-  
crease of expenditures on the part of  
the company amounting to between  
\$400,000 and \$500,000 annually, the  
largest single increase in wages  
granted by a western road for 10  
years.

### REFERRED TO A COMMITTEE.

Episcopalians Decide to Settle Mar-  
riage Dispute This Way.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Only morn-  
ing sessions were held Saturday by  
both houses of the triennial conven-  
tion of the Episcopal church of Amer-  
ica. The afternoon was devoted to an  
excursion, which included visits to  
nearly all the points of interest on  
San Francisco bay.

The bishops appointed their portion  
of a proposed joint committee to con-  
sider the prohibited degrees in mar-  
riage, and also three bishops to act  
on the committee for the misman-  
agement of a board. Very little was ac-  
complished by the house of deputies, be-  
yond making a few changes in the  
rules of procedure and the final adop-  
tion of the report of the joint commit-  
tee on marginal readings.

### Editor Warren Dead.

Milwaukee, Oct. 14.—Lansing War-  
ren, editor and publisher of the Mil-  
waukee Sentinel, died from an attack  
of typhoid fever. Mr. Warren was  
taken ill about three weeks ago, hav-  
ing contracted a cold in the east while  
on a business trip. The cold devel-  
oped into typhoid fever.

## PAT CROWE WRITES

To Omaha Police Chief Will-  
ing to Surrender on His  
Own Terms.

## LETTER FROM HIS UNCLE.

Also, In Which Is Demand For With-  
drawal of Reward, With Which Mr.  
Cudahy Will Comply—City to Be  
Requested to Do So.

Omaha, Oct. 14.—Chief of Police  
John J. Donahue received a letter  
from Pat Crowe, naming the terms  
on which he will surrender. The let-  
ter came in the care of an Omaha  
newspaper, in which it is published,  
and covers 15 closely written pages  
of manuscript. The postmark is illeg-  
ible, but the letter was mailed at 8  
o'clock in the morning and reached  
this city at 8 o'clock in the evening  
of the same day, indicating that it  
had not traveled a long distance. In  
the letter Crowe agrees to give him-  
self up at once and stand trial for the  
kidnaping of Eddie Cudahy, provided  
he shall not be locked up until a jury  
shall adjudge him guilty. He says  
he is unable to furnish bond in excess  
of \$500, and demands that bail be  
fixed in that sum. He says he has  
been in South America and South Af-  
rica fighting with the Boers.

The chief also received a letter  
from Crowe's uncle, at Manchester,  
Ia., saying Crowe would surrender and  
stand trial if the reward offered was  
withdrawn by Nov. 1, which lead the  
police to believe that they are deal-  
ing with the right man.

Chief Donahue said last night he  
would request the city and Mr.  
Cudahy to withdraw the rewards  
which have been offered for Crowe's  
arrest and conviction, with the pro-  
vision that Crowe surrender himself.  
He said if Crowe shall give himself  
up he will be given all the advantage  
the law provides and will be accorded  
time and every facility for securing  
such witnesses as his attorneys may  
deem necessary. He said the fight  
which the attorneys of James Calla-  
han, now held in connection with the  
kidnaping, are making for does not  
anticipate the return of Crowe and  
that Callahan knows no more of  
Crowe's whereabouts than anybody  
else.

Edward A. Cudahy was asked what  
action he would take with relation to  
the suggestion of Pat Crowe that the  
bonds for his appearance pending his  
preliminary hearing and trial be fixed  
at a sum not to exceed \$500. He said  
yesterday:

"That is a matter over which I cer-  
tainly have no jurisdiction, therefore  
cannot enter into any agreement to  
have the amount fixed at any limit,  
even to accommodate Mr. Patrick  
Crowe. That is for the courts to de-  
cide."

"Personally, I would favor a strong  
bond, one that would hold him; for in-  
stance, with a bail and chain attach-  
ment."

"Not having consulted with my at-  
torney today, I was unable to have  
prepared the 'personal' to appear in  
the newspapers, as suggested by Pat  
Crowe. It will be prepared Monday  
and inserted."

"I am opposed to entering into any  
special negotiations for the return of  
Crowe. It is only a matter of time  
when he will be apprehended. How-  
ever, I will withdraw the reward of-  
fered for his arrest and conviction."

### STEEL COMPANY NOT AMENABLE

Ohio Attorney General's Decision Re-  
garding State Law.

Columbus, O., Oct. 14.—Attorney  
General Sheets has reached the con-  
clusion that the United States Steel  
corporation is not amenable to the  
Ohio law, which taxes foreign cor-  
porations doing business in the state.  
He has investigated the matter and  
finds that the United States corpora-  
tion owns a majority of the stock of  
several constituent companies, but  
does not own any of the plants in  
Ohio, and therefore is not subject to  
the tax.

The constituent companies of the  
United States Steel corporation are  
liable to the tax, however, and five  
out of the seven companies will com-  
ply with the law, though the sec-  
retary of state up to this time has not  
received any reply to the notices sent  
them.

### LAWSON'S LOSS, \$7,000,000.

Break in Amalgamated Copper Came  
Without Warning.

Boston, Oct. 14.—In an interview  
published Thomas W. Lawson said  
the recent break in Amalgamated Cop-  
per represents to him a loss of about  
\$7,000,000. He says he not only did  
not know the break was coming, but  
had been informed the rumor that ex-  
tra dividends would be passed was  
without foundation.

In his opinion the cut in the divid-  
end was not compelled by any busi-  
ness necessity, and rumors to the con-  
trary notwithstanding, he is not going  
to fail, but is in a financial condition  
to meet any exigencies which may  
arise. He says a very adroit New  
York speculator lost even more than  
he did.

### AS LONG AS GIBBONS LIVES.

Pope Intends Shall Be No Other  
American Cardinal.

Baltimore, Oct. 14.—The Sun Sun-  
day prints the following:  
"The Sun has been for some time in  
possession of information gained  
from an in-law touch with the vati-  
can that no new cardinals will be cre-  
ated at the coming consistory, but if  
any names are presented no prelate  
in the United States will be honored.  
This information is in harmony with  
what is said to be the intention of  
Pope Leo that no other American  
cardinal will be created as long as  
Cardinal Gibbons lives."

Have you noticed the

# WAGON LOADS OF CARPETS

which have been unloaded at The Big Store lately?



## Here's the Story

We bought from an eastern jobber—at a price—all the new fall patterns, in his ware-  
rooms. This included Velvets, Axminsters, Body and Tapestry Brussels and Ingrains.

This week we begin selling them. The prices we bought at will allow us to quote  
such prices as will make this sale a

# Record Breaker.

There's enough to go around but first comers will have the choice. Don't be afraid to  
come looking.

## We Like Lookers.

# HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

### COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Toronto has a boy 14 years old who  
weighs 207 pounds.

Thomas Pollock, aged 57, a promi-  
nent mill man of Youngstown, died  
Saturday.

A movement is on foot to organize  
a choral union in Wellsburg the com-  
ing winter.

James May, a Youngstown railroad  
man, was stabbed in the shoulder by  
Joe Gorman. The trouble was the  
termination of a poker room row. Gor-  
man is under arrest.

Joseph Cox, an old and highly re-  
spected farmer living near Washing-  
tonville, fell out of an apple tree on  
Thursday afternoon and sustained in-  
juries which proved fatal Friday night.  
The negro desperado and diamond  
thief recently arrested at Youngstown,  
and who gave his name as Henry Wil-  
liams, was identified Saturday by a  
Monessen, Pa., man as Tony Williams.  
He formerly lived at Monessen.

Pickpockets, who did their grafting  
on crowded street cars, got away with  
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ARBUTHNOT BROS.,  
Practical Plumbers,  
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

News Review "Wants" bring quick  
results.



## THREE WERE KILLED.

Victims of Deadly Black Damp  
In Air Shaft, Near Juniata-  
ville, Pa.

## TWO OTHERS WERE OVERCOME.

They Went In to Rescue the Bodies  
of Those Who Had Perished—Some  
News of Ohio, Pennsylvania and  
West Virginia.

Connellsville, Pa., Oct. 14.—Three  
lives went out in a little air shaft  
only two feet in diameter and 20 feet  
deep, but filled with deadly black  
damp, at the mines of the Juniata  
Coke company, near Juniataville.

### The Dead.

John Gilleland, a miner, 50 years  
old.  
James Gilleland, 11 years old.  
Winfield Gilleland, 15 years old.

All three bodies were rescued, but  
in the effort John Nicholson, mine  
foreman at Juniataville, and John  
Baker, a mine fire boss, were badly  
overcome by black damp.

The Gilleland family live about a  
mile over the hill from Juniataville.  
Near their home is a deserted air  
shaft. Years ago this shaft was used  
to ventilate a portion of the mine,  
and also as a man-way for miners  
going to and from work. Of recent  
years, however, this portion of the  
mine has been entirely worked out  
and abandoned. Now the hole serves  
to allow the escape of the poisonous  
gas that generates in the mine in or-  
der that it may not crowd its way to  
the rooms of the big mine.

### A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Fourteen Business Places Gutted at  
Reynoldsville, Pa.

Dubois, Pa., Oct. 14.—Fire last  
night burned over a block and a half  
of the business section of Reynolds-  
ville, Jeerson county, gutted 14 busi-  
ness places, including the Hotel Mc-  
Connell, one of the town's largest ho-  
tels, and four dwelling houses. The  
loss is estimated at \$60,000, on which  
there is an insurance of \$17,000. Du-  
bois was called on for assistance and  
fire apparatus sent from here did effi-  
cient service in checking the spread  
of the flames. The origin of the fire  
is unknown. It started in a large  
frame building occupied jointly by  
liveryman Thomas Tapper and Ezra  
Hartman, blacksmith, and there is a  
belief that it was the work of an in-  
cendiary. The persons burned out  
and their losses are:

F. J. Black, Hotel McConnell, \$15,-  
000; Thomas Tapper, livery stable and  
dwelling house, \$8,000; Ezra Hart-  
man, blacksmith and dwelling, \$4,000;  
E. Weiser, building, \$4,000; Swartz  
Bros., grocery, \$3,500; E. T. McGraw,  
building, \$3,000; L. Evans, grocer, \$3,-  
000; Deibel Bros. building, \$2,000; M.  
Geister, tailor, \$1,500; W. E. Stormer,  
butcher, \$1,000; Mrs. Louise Bar-  
boarding house, \$2,000; Edward P.  
lips, barber, \$1,500; A. Snyder, tail-  
or, \$1,500.

The losses of several parties range  
from \$600 to \$1,000.

### Local Preachers Take a Rest.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—The second  
day's session of the National Association  
of Local Preachers was devoted  
altogether to church going. Some of  
those in attendance filled the pulpits  
of the churches in the city. At the  
Chestnut Avenue Methodist Episcopal  
church, where the association is in  
session, preaching was followed by  
holy communion in the morning, con-  
ducted by Rev. Dr. John R. Wright, of  
Washington, D. C. The sessions will  
continue today.

### DEATH WARRANTS REVOKED.

Long Legal Battle Over Biddies, at  
Pittsburg, Likely.

Pittsburg, Oct. 14.—Governor Wil-  
liam A. Stone has revoked the death  
warrants of John and Edward Biddle,  
who were convicted and sentenced to  
be hanged on Dec. 12 for the murder  
of Thomas D. Kahney, a Mt. Wash-  
ington grocer. The notice of the go-  
vernor's action was received by Sher-  
iff William C. McKinley Saturday and  
the news was at once given to the con-  
demned men.

The action of the governor to defer  
the execution until after the decision  
of the supreme court on the case may  
mean that the Biddies cannot now be  
punished for their crime.

It was claimed that the governor  
had no authority to issue the death  
warrant for the two men until after  
the supreme court had finally dis-  
posed of the case, and the claim now  
set up by the attorneys for the de-  
fense is that the state executive has  
erred. On the other hand it is claimed  
the governor has the right to re-  
voke the death warrants at will, and  
his action will probably cause a long  
legal fight before the Biddies are ex-  
ecuted.

The legal battle over the governor's  
act will probably be fought under the  
legislative act of 1897, which allows  
six months to perfect all appeals to  
higher courts. The case is similar to  
that of Philip Hill, who murdered  
Contractor George A. Lawrence. At  
the last moment Hill's execution was

postponed, but he was hanged on an-  
other date.

### Attempt to Rob Bank Failed.

Norwalk, O., Oct. 14.—Burglars  
made an unsuccessful attempt to rob  
the Monroeville National bank. The  
inner safe was blown, but the noise  
aroused the inhabitants, and the  
burglars were forced to flee without  
having secured any booty. Six men  
were in the gang and they escaped in  
rigs stolen from a livery stable.  
The horses were deserted at Chicago  
Junction, where it is supposed the  
fugitives boarded a train.

### Woman's Missionary Meeting.

Beaver Falls, Pa., Oct. 14.—The  
Woman's Home Missionary society of  
the Pittsburgh conference of the Meth-  
odist Episcopal church held its an-  
nual meeting Saturday afternoon.  
Mrs. C. W. Smith, of Pittsburgh, pre-  
sided, and Mrs. Kuhn, of Pittsburgh,  
read from the scripture, and Mrs.  
Boswell, of Philadelphia, led in  
prayer. The address was made by  
Mrs. Emma Fowler.

### George W. Howe Dead.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 14.—George W.  
Howe, a well-known business man and  
army officer and former secretary of  
the Cleveland league baseball club,  
died of kidney disease, aged 69 years.  
He had been decorated with the order  
of Franz Josef by the present emperor  
of Austria-Hungary.

### GREAT-GRANDDAUGHTER

#### OF FRANKLIN DEAD.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—Mrs. E. D.  
Gillespie, a great-granddaughter of  
Benjamin Franklin, and one of the  
city's most prominent women, died at  
her home here, aged 80 years.

### Victim of Football Game.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—Edwin Long-  
enecker, aged 21 years, quarterback  
on the football team of the Brown  
preparatory school, this city, died in  
a hospital as a result of injuries re-  
ceived in a game last Tuesday.

### Died After a Fall.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 14.—Falling 16  
feet from a chestnut tree, Robert Yo-  
cum, captain of the Central high  
school track team, broke his back and  
died at a hospital shortly after admis-  
sion thereto.

### MOVE BY MALVAR EXPECTED.

An Insurgent Official Sentenced to  
Death For Execution of  
103 Spaniards.

Manila, Oct. 14.—The military au-  
thorities have received word that  
General Miguel Malvar, the insurgent  
leader, is believed to have left the  
province of Batangas, Luzon, and to  
be planning an operation in the pro-  
vince of Bulacan, where insurgent con-  
scription has been progressing re-  
cently. The country there is moun-  
tainous and well adapted to guerilla  
warfare.

Captain Pitcher has practically  
stamped out insurrection in the  
island of Mindoro.

The police force at Banan, province  
of Batangas, has been disbanded and  
the chief of police and several others  
have been placed under arrest on the  
charge of belonging to an insurgent  
society and using their offices to ob-  
tain information for the insurgents.

Major Braganza, the insurgent offi-  
cer who ordered the execution of 103  
Spanish prisoners and personally su-  
perintended the carrying out of the  
order, has been sentenced to be  
hanged.

There is intense feeling among the  
natives in San Fernando, province of  
Pampanga, over the killing of a na-  
tive by a soldier. Strong patrols are  
out in both San Fernando and Bacolor  
to prevent a hostile demonstration.

There was considerable criticism  
here of the recent statements of Con-  
gressman Edgar Weeks, of Michigan,  
regarding Filipino character and pos-  
sibilities. Members of the commis-  
sion refer to his remarks as "too  
sweeping" and as "based upon too  
short an experience."

The native press unstintingly con-  
demned the conclusions of Mr. Weeks  
as "unjust and viciously false."

### WAGES TO BE RAISED.

Five Thousand Employees of Illinois  
Central Are Favored.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Five thousand  
employees of the Illinois Central rail-  
road, including practically every con-  
ductor, brakeman, switchman and  
yardman, except those in the far  
south, will receive an increase in  
wages within the next month. This  
was decided on in a conference be-  
tween the officers of the road, repre-  
sentatives of the Order of Railway  
Conductors and the Brotherhood of  
Railway Trainmen. It involves an in-  
crease of expenditures on the part of  
the company amounting to between  
\$400,000 and \$500,000 annually, the  
largest single increase in wages  
granted by a western road for 10  
years.

### REFERRED TO A COMMITTEE.

Episcopalians Decide to Settle Mar-  
riage Dispute This Way.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Only morn-  
ing sessions were held Saturday by  
both houses of the triennial conven-  
tion of the Episcopal church of Amer-  
ica. The afternoon was devoted to an  
excursion, which included visits to  
nearly all the points of interest on  
San Francisco bay.

The bishops appointed their portion  
of a proposed joint committee to con-  
sider the prohibited degrees in mar-  
riage, and also three bishops to act  
on the committee that will nominate  
a board of managers for the miscel-  
laneous board. Very little was accom-  
plished by the house of deputies, be-  
yond making a few changes in the  
rules of procedure and the final adop-  
tion of the report of the joint com-  
mittee on marginal readings.

### Editor Warren Dead.

Milwaukee, Oct. 14.—Lansing War-  
ren, editor and publisher of the Mil-  
waukee Sentinel, died from an attack  
of typhoid fever. Mr. Warren was  
taken ill about three weeks ago, hav-  
ing contracted a cold in the east while  
on a business trip. The cold devel-  
oped into typhoid fever.

## PAT CROWE WRITES

To Omaha Police Chief Will-  
ing to Surrender on His  
Own Terms.

### LETTER FROM HIS UNCLE.

Also, In Which Is Demand For With-  
drawal of Reward, With Which Mr.  
Cudahy Will Comply—City to Be  
Requested to Do So.

Omaha, Oct. 14.—Chief of Police  
John J. Donahue received a letter  
from Pat Crowe, naming the terms  
on which he will surrender. The letter  
came in the care of an Omaha  
newspaper, in which it is published,  
and covers 15 closely written pages  
of manuscript. The postmark is ille-  
gible, but the letter was mailed at 8  
o'clock in the morning and reached  
this city at 8 o'clock in the evening  
of the same day, indicating that it  
had not traveled a long distance. In  
the letter Crowe agrees to give him-  
self up at once and stand trial for the  
kidnaping of Eddie Cudahy, provided  
he shall not be locked up until a jury  
shall adjudge him guilty. He says  
he is unable to furnish bond in excess  
of \$500, and demands that bail be  
fixed at that sum. He says he has  
been in South America and South Af-  
rica fighting with the Boers.

The chief also received a letter  
from Crowe's uncle, at Manchester,  
Ia., saying Crowe would surrender and  
stand trial if the reward offered was  
withdrawn by Nov. 1, which lead the  
police to believe that they are deal-  
ing with the right man.

Chief Donahue said last night he  
would request the city and Mr.  
Cudahy to withdraw the rewards  
which have been offered for Crowe's  
arrest and conviction, with the pro-  
vision that Crowe surrender himself.  
He said if Crowe shall give himself  
up he will be given all the advantage  
the law provides and will be arraigned  
and every facility for securing  
such witnesses as his attorneys may  
deem necessary. He said the fight  
which the attorneys of James Calla-  
han, now held in connection with the  
kidnaping, are making for does not  
anticipate the return of Crowe and  
that Callahan knows no more of  
Crowe's whereabouts than anybody  
else.

Edward A. Cudahy was asked what  
action he would take with relation to  
the suggestion of Pat Crowe that the  
bonds for his appearance pending his  
preliminary hearing and trial be fixed  
at a sum not to exceed \$500. He said  
yesterday:

"That is a matter over which I cer-  
tainly have no jurisdiction, therefore  
cannot enter into any agreement to  
have the amount fixed at any limit,  
even to accommodate Mr. Patrick  
Crowe. That is for the courts to de-  
cide.

"Personally, I would favor a strong  
bond, one that would hold him; for in-  
stance, with a bail and chain attach-  
ment."

"Not having consulted with my at-  
torney today, I was unable to have  
prepared the 'personal' to appear in  
the newspapers, as suggested by Pat  
Crowe. It will be prepared Monday  
and inserted."

"I am opposed to entering into any  
special negotiations for the return of  
Crowe. It is only a matter of time  
when he will be apprehended. How-  
ever, I will withdraw the reward of-  
fered for his arrest and conviction."

### STEEL COMPANY NOT AMENABLE

Ohio Attorney General's Decision Re-  
garding State Law.

Columbus, O., Oct. 14.—Attorney  
General Sheets has reached the con-  
clusion that the United States Steel  
corporation is not amenable to the  
Ohio law, which taxes foreign corpo-  
rations doing business in the states.  
He has investigated the matter and  
finds that the United States corpora-  
tion owns a majority of the stock of  
several constituent companies, but  
does not own any of the plants in  
Ohio, and therefore is not subject to  
the tax.

The constituent companies of the  
United States Steel corporation are  
liable to the tax, however, and five  
out of the seven companies will com-  
ply with the law, though the sec-  
retary of state up to this time has not  
received any reply to the notices sent  
them.

### LAWSON'S LOSS, \$7,000,000.

Break in Amalgamated Copper Came  
Without Warning.

Boston, Oct. 14.—In an interview  
published Thomas W. Lawson said  
the recent break in Amalgamated Cop-  
per represents to him a loss of about  
\$7,000,000. He says he not only did  
not know the break was coming, but  
had been informed the rumor that ex-  
tra dividends would be passed was  
without foundation.

In his opinion the cut in the divid-  
end was not compelled by any busi-  
ness necessity, and, rumors to the con-  
trary notwithstanding, he is not going  
to fail, but is in a financial condition  
to meet any exigencies which may  
arise. He says a very adroit New  
York speculator lost even more than  
he did.

### AS LONG AS GIBBONS LIVES.

Pope Intends Shall Be No Other  
American Cardinal.

Baltimore, Oct. 14.—The Sun Sun-  
day printed the following:  
"The Sun has been for some time in  
possession of information gained  
from on in close touch with the vati-  
can that no new cardinals will be cre-  
ated at the coming consistory, but if  
any names are presented no prelate  
in the United States will be honored.  
This information is in harmony with  
what is said to be the intention of  
Pope Leo that no other American  
cardinal will be created as long as  
Cardinal Gibbons lives."

Have you noticed the

# WAGON LOADS OF CARPETS

which have been unloaded at The Big Store lately?



## Here's the Story

We bought from an eastern jobber—at a price—all the new fall patterns, in his ware-  
rooms. This included Velvets, Axminsters, Body and Tapestry Brussels and Ingrains.

This week we begin selling them. The prices we bought at will allow us to quote  
such prices as will make this sale a

# Record Breaker.

There's enough to go around but first comers will have the choice. Don't be afraid to  
come looking.

## We Like Lookers.

# HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

### COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Toronto has a boy 14 years old who  
weighs 207 pounds.

Thomas Pollock, aged 57, a promi-  
nent mill man of Youngstown, died  
Saturday.

A movement is on foot to organize  
a choral union in Wellsburg the com-  
ing winter.

James May, a Youngstown railroad  
man, was stabbed in the shoulder by  
Joe Gorman. The trouble was the  
termination of a poker room row. Gor-  
man is under arrest.

Joseph Cox, an old and highly re-  
spected farmer living near Washing-  
tonville, fell out of an apple tree on  
Thursday afternoon and sustained in-  
juries which proved fatal Friday night.

The negro desperado and diamond  
thief recently arrested at Youngstown,  
and who gave his name as Henry Wil-  
liams, was identified Saturday by a  
Monessen, Pa., man as Tony Williams.  
He formerly lived at Monessen.

Pickpockets, who did their grafting  
on crowded street cars, got away with  
almost \$100 and a gold watch at Al-  
lance, Saturday, the closing day of  
the fair in that city. One man lost  
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finish her. The animal suddenly kick-  
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right name is J. N. Moore, locked up.

### PLUCKY WOMAN

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Hungarian.

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goods without payment. After being  
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The abuse being continued Miss Ar-  
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the course she pursued. The Hun has  
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By Sharpers Says He Was  
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Kepler says he was under a hypnotic  
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### Cholera in India.

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forms of bowel complaints effected by  
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generally known, however, that this  
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Mrs. Sd. L. Hiscocks writing from  
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overcome any and all dif-  
ficulties and use the best  
material. Don't employ  
a firm that can't do skill-  
fully everything pertain-  
ing to its line. If you  
desire satisfactory work  
employ

ARBUTHNOT BROS.,  
Practical Plumbers,  
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

News Review "Wants" bring quick  
results.

## TONSILINE

Is a perfect family remedy for throat  
diseases—Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and  
Quinsy quickly yield to its virtue. It is  
not slow and tedious in its

## CURES

But gives almost instant relief. Tonsiline  
is entirely harmless. It stands alone as  
a remarkable and modern cure for

## SORE THROAT

and all similar troubles.  
25 and 50 C. at ALL DRUGGISTS.  
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## MOST UNFORTUNATE.

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There is great reason for thankfulness  
that the city escaped a disaster.

Two things are now plain. One is  
that the wall of the reservoir was  
not strong enough to stand the strain;  
the other, that water was  
turned in too soon after the comple-  
tion of the work. It is another case  
of haste making waste. Where the  
fault lies we do not pretend to say,  
believing that all the gentlemen con-  
cerned or interested in the work felt  
convinced that they were doing what  
was best and would not knowingly ex-  
pose any citizens or any property to  
danger. But danger lurked in the re-  
servoir, though no one seemed aware  
of it. It is well that the fact was dis-  
covered early.

When repairs are made they should  
be done thoroughly, and on the ad-  
vice of competent engineers. No  
water should be turned in until ev-  
ery possible safeguard has been taken  
or until there is the strongest assur-  
ance that the walls will contain it un-  
der all circumstances. The accident  
is most unfortunate, but the lesson of  
it is too plain to be disregarded. A  
reservoir must not be a temporary  
structure, but an enduring one. It is  
better to proceed slowly and err on  
the side of caution than to run need-  
less risks. The Johnstown flood as  
well as scores of minor disasters,  
show the folly of relying upon fancied,  
instead of real security, where a large  
volume of water is confined in a re-  
servoir above a populous city.

Every citizen of Columbiana county  
can find reason for satisfaction and  
pride in the statistics, elsewhere  
given, showing the rapid progress of  
building operations in the county dur-  
ing the past year. Evidence is not  
wanting that he who builds in a pro-  
gressive and prosperous county like  
this builds wisely.

The great want of the navy is said  
not to be ships, but men. Yet the in-  
vestigation now in progress is not cal-

culated to encourage youth to start  
on a career where more fighting is  
done in times of peace, with tongue  
and pen, than with sword and gun  
during war. The navy officials should  
set a better example in this respect,  
if they expect the young men of Amer-  
ica to become imbued with an ambi-  
tion to shine as future commodores  
and admirals.

Democratic organs are trying hard  
to convince themselves and others  
that Senator Foraker and Chairman  
Dick are at loggerheads. It is another  
case where the wish is father to the  
thought. This baseless canard shows  
how desperately hard up for campaign  
issues the Democrats are.

Ohio Republicans are in earnest this  
fall and will conduct a vigorous and  
winning campaign. We are satisfied  
that the other side should possess all  
the political apathy that is current,  
and from present appearances they  
have it.

It is plain that a too economical pol-  
icy can be carried out in the construc-  
tion of water works.

## AT THE THEATER

The new musical comedy entitled  
"Papa's Baby" was presented at the  
Grand Saturday night to a good sized  
audience, and gave general satisfac-  
tion. Many high-class singing special-  
ties were introduced, and the acrobatic  
act by Messrs Redcay, Duffin and Red-  
cay was the subject of universal com-  
pliment. Harry Watson is one of the  
best German dialect comedians who  
ever visited the city, while the Nich-  
ols sisters in a catchy black face turn  
won the appreciation of the audience  
from the start. The piece is under  
the direction of Fred E. Wright, to  
whom East Liverpool is indebted for  
so many high class attractions in the  
past.

"Knobs o' Tennessee" was the Car-  
ner Stock company's offering at the  
Fountain Square last evening, and it  
was witnessed by a very large audi-  
ence. The play is one of Hal Reid's  
strongest pieces, and in the hands of  
the Carner company every detail is  
carefully and interestingly brought  
out.

Applause was frequent and a cur-  
tain call after the second act attested  
to the work of the cast. Incidentally,  
it may be added that it was the first  
curtain call a repertoire company has  
received in this city this season.

Tonight the company plays "A  
French Spy," with Miss Cora Wilmont  
in the leading role. The company  
will, if the reserve sale counts for  
anything, enjoy another large audi-  
ence, and turn away a pleased patron-  
age with one of the strongest military  
dramas in any company's repertoire.  
—Springfield Daily Sun, Oct. 10.

## SPECIAL SERVICE HELD.

Later Duke and Duchess Paid Visit to  
Niagara Falls.

Niagara on the Lake, Ont., Oct. 14.  
—The Duke and Duchess of York  
passed a quiet Sunday at the Queen's  
Royal hotel Sunday.

The Duke and Duchess attended a  
special church service held at their  
hotel, over which the Rev. Canon  
Dalton, the chaplain with the royal  
suite, presided.

After the service was concluded the  
Duke and Duchess, accompanied by  
several members of the royal suite,  
were taken up past the whirlpool rap-  
ids to Niagara Falls.  
Luncheon was partaken of at the  
Loretto convent. After luncheon the  
party returned to the Queen's Royal  
hotel, where dinner was served. A  
quiet evening at the hotel concluded  
the day. The royal train was to  
leave Niagara-on-the-Lake at 9 and  
leave Niagara on the Lake at 9  
o'clock today for St. Catharines and  
other points.

## MAY HAVE INTENDED TO

MURDER PRESIDENT SALLES.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Lisbon cor-  
respondent of La Patrie said a telegram  
had been received at the Portuguese  
capital from Rio Janeiro asserting  
that two Italians were arrested Fri-  
day evening last in the corridor of  
the presidential office by an officer of  
the guard. Both were armed with  
revolvers and daggers. In Rio  
Janeiro it is believed that they are  
anarchists and intended to assassi-  
nate President Campos Salles.

## CONSPIRACY TO KILL

PRESIDENT CHARGED.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 14.—An-  
tonio Maggio, the anarchist, who was  
arrested at Silver City because of his  
alleged prediction of the assassina-  
tion of President McKinley, was in-  
dicted by the Federal grand jury for  
conspiracy to kill the president. His  
bail was fixed at \$5,000.

New Hosiery for fall at

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

100-eod-1

## THE TURK.

With the opening of the fall hunting  
the sultan has declared another open  
season for Armenians.—Detroit Free  
Press.

Turkey is beginning to send out re-  
ports about the terrible things that  
Armenians have done. The world has  
learned to consider these reports as  
prima facie evidence that the Turks  
have done terrible things to the Ar-  
menians.—Omaha World-Herald.

## WAGON SMASHED

Stephen Brothers' Huckster Outfit in  
Collision With a  
Car.

Stephen Brothers, who resides near  
town and conducts a huckster business  
in this vicinity, had a narrow escape  
from serious injury this morning at  
the corner of Fourth and Market  
streets.

Mr. Brothers was driving across the  
street railway track immediately in  
front of a Southside car in charge of  
Motorman Cunningham and Conductor  
Dan McBan, when the outfit was  
struck and smashed to pieces. The  
car hit the front end of the wagon,  
detaching the shafts and knocking the  
horse down. The latter, with the por-  
tion of the wagon which had been left  
hanging to the harness, were dragged  
along the street for some distance.

Mr. Brothers was not injured, but  
the wagon and harness were demolish-  
ed and the horse badly bruised.

## POTTERY NEWS

J. W. Patterson left this morning for  
an eastern trip in the interest of the  
Wellsville China company.

The Klondike pottery was idle to-  
day, there being no clay.

New Neckwear, bright and catchy  
styles, always coming in at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

100-eod-1

## Much in the Name.

Once there were some very swag-  
ger people in an ultra fashionable vil-  
lage not far from the metropolis who de-  
cided that no society yet bunched together  
was exclusive enough for them. Even  
the Colonial Dames failed to meet the  
requirements. So they determined to  
start a new aggregation that should be  
the real thing.

After considerable thought they con-  
cluded that if they limited membership  
to direct descendants of Fernando de  
Soto it would be sufficiently exclusive  
for their fastidious tastes. A "Society  
of the Sons and Daughters of De Soto"  
was the outcome. All the best people  
in the village proved that they were  
eligible and were enrolled as charter  
members.

However, there was one man on the  
outer fringe whose proof of descent  
was not accepted; in short, he was  
blackballed. This made him angry,  
and he started to investigate the sub-  
ject.

One day he published his findings in  
the local newspaper. The principal  
fact was this: "F. de Soto died a bach-  
elor."

The Sons and Daughters of De Soto  
are now known as the Elite Eucher  
club.

Moral.—There's a whole lot in a  
name.—Smart Set.

## Insect Pests In Brazil.

I should take a small gang of prac-  
tical coffee planters from Ceylon with  
good digestions to be not afraid of  
ghliggars, ticks and Berne flies, to say  
nothing of the dear little mosquito.  
The writer had extracted during four  
years in Brazil no less than 200 ghlig-  
gars from underneath every toe nail of  
both feet. The Portuguese, Brazilians,  
Italians and Spaniards called it a re-  
creation on Sunday to dig them out of  
each other's feet.

Of all the vile insects on earth, the  
Berne fly is the worst. She lays her  
eggs inside your flesh and hatches  
three very ugly insects an inch long  
with three rings of bristles round the  
body and sharp nippers. They take  
about six weeks to develop under your  
skin, then commence to turn some-  
saults just when you want to go to  
sleep after a hard day's work in the  
sun. The natives of Brazil adopt a  
novel way of extracting the brute  
when full grown. They tie on a piece  
of raw pork, and the Berne comes out  
of your skin and takes a header into  
the piece of pigskin.—Ceylon Observer.

## An Afghan Trick.

During a shooting match in the pres-  
ence of the governor of Kandahar the  
sirdar noticed to his astonishment that  
the heads of sparrows were the fa-  
vorite butt of the marksmen, who but  
seldom missed their aim, whereupon  
he declared that it was far more diffi-  
cult to hit an egg. Sir Peter laughed at  
the supposition, but the sirdar stood  
his ground, and the matter was put to  
the test. An egg was suspended on a  
wall, and the soldiers fired at it; but,  
strange to say, not one of them hit the  
egg.

The governor and his suit kept their  
countenances and excused the nonsuc-  
cess of the firing party on the ground  
of the difficulty of the thing. At last  
a ball happened to hit the thread to  
which the egg was fastened, and it fell  
to the ground without breaking. Now  
the mystery was solved. The cunning  
Afghan had used a blown egg, and the  
featherweight shell had been moved  
aside each time by the current of  
air in front of the ball and thus escap-  
ed being hit.

## New York's First Iron Works.

The first iron works in New York  
were "set up" a short time prior to  
1740 on Ancram creek, in Columbia  
county, about fourteen miles east of  
the Hudson river, by Philip Livingston,  
the owner of the Livingston manor  
and the father of Philip, the signer of  
the Declaration of Independence.

Buy a union made suit, with the  
union label in it, only at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

100-eod-1

## FRIENDS AND VISITORS

R. W. Hanes spent the day at Can-  
ton.

Mrs. Carl Faulk is visiting at Min-  
erva.

Dr. J. E. Foot spent the day at Pitts-  
burg.

Mrs. Mary Baggott is visiting at  
Akron.

Ed Flentke, of Sebring, spent Sun-  
day in the city.

R. Austin, of Cleveland, was a city  
visitor on Sunday.

P. Maley spent Sunday with rela-  
tives at Salineville.

Charles DeBee, of Sebring, spent  
Sunday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. William Manley are  
visiting at Pittsburg.

Clarence Miller, of Sebring, was a  
city visitor over Sunday.

Harry and Ed Hague, of Pittsburg  
spent Sunday in the city.

Hugh Ferguson and Louis Dittmer  
were Pittsburg visitors Sunday.

William Adams, of Pittsburg, spent  
Sunday the guest of his parents.

Mrs. H. T. Laughlin is the guest of  
her father, R. T. Pike, near Lisbon.

Misses Nora Fitzgerald and Anna  
Connelly spent Sunday at Pittsburg.

Mrs. R. L. Herbert and son Sher-  
man left Saturday for a visit at Buf-  
falo.

Miss Louise Bielefeldt has returned  
to her home at Akron after a visit in  
this city.

Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman, of Pittsburg,  
is the guest of her mother, Mrs.  
House, Fifth street.

John H. James left this morning for  
Pittsburg, where he has accepted a  
position in an iron mill.

Wayne Armstrong has returned to  
his home at Laurelville after a visit  
with his brother, Prof. G. N. Arm-  
strong.

Frank Densmore left this morning  
for New Castle, where he will be em-  
ployed for several weeks erecting  
brick kilns.

M. D. Logan spent Sunday in Pitts-  
burg. He was accompanied by his  
wife, who has been visiting at Pitts-  
burg for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Smith have re-  
turned to their home at McComb,  
Hancock county, O., after a visit with  
Mr. and Mrs. George B. Smith, Robin-  
son street.

Mrs. J. F. King came from Columbus  
yesterday to spend a week with rela-  
tives and friends in East Liverpool.  
Her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Wylie King  
of Columbus, and children, Albert and  
Gladys, have been visiting relatives  
in East Liverpool during the past five  
weeks. All will return together. Mrs.  
J. F. King is the widow of J. T. King,  
for many years sanitary policeman of  
East Liverpool.

## NEARLY \$175,000 SUBSCRIBED.

\$60,000 Secured at Meeting in New  
York Sunday.

New York, Oct. 14.—As a result of  
the annual missionary sermon  
preached in the Gospel tabernacle by  
Dr. A. B. Simpson, the missionary  
fund solicitor, the sum of \$60,000 was  
collected during the day. This is an  
increase of \$20,000 over the collec-  
tions of last year on a similar occa-  
sion.

Sunday's meeting was the last of  
the eleven conventions that have been  
held throughout the United States,  
and the whole amount thus contrib-  
uted for missionary purposes is nearly  
\$175,000.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLUMBIANA  
COUNTY:—

I take this opportunity of informing  
you that I am a candidate for the Leg-  
islature, to be voted for at the Novem-  
ber election. If you are in favor of liberal  
laws and honest legislation, with charity  
towards all and animosity to none, I  
sincerely solicit your vote. J. C. WALSH,  
26th  
East Liverpool, O.

## TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List  
of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,  
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets

Pierce & Cartwright's,  
276 Eighth Street.

John H. Peake's,  
304 Eighth Street.

Bagley's,  
153 Second Street.

Bagley's,  
285 East Market Street.

Hotel Lakel,  
Second Street.

John Peake's,  
Market and Second Streets.

Ryan Bros.,  
289 East Market Street.

Wilson's,  
Fifth Street.

Rose's Cigar Store,  
Washington Street.

Gill's Grocery,  
Calcutta Road.

Harrison News Stand,  
143 Mulberry St., East End.

C. T. McCutcheon,  
Drug Store, Southside.

E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,  
West Market Street.

Marshall News Stand,  
First St., Chester, W. Va.

The handsomest and best local  
newspaper in Columbiana county is  
the East Liverpool News Review.

# New Fall and Winter .. FOOTWEAR ..

## Styles

For Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children are  
here in a larger than ever assortment, at  
lower than ever prices. We solicit  
your inspection and com-  
parison.

## Shoes with Extension Soles and Rope Stitching.

The popular fads this season are here in a large  
variety at popular prices.

### For Men

At \$2, \$2.50, \$3.00,  
\$3.50 and \$4.00.

### For Women

At \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50,  
\$3 and \$3.50.

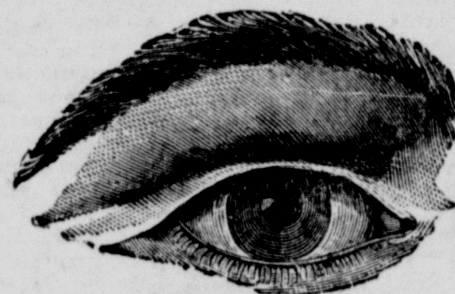
### For Boys and Girls

At \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2,  
and \$2.50.

### For Children

At \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50,  
\$1.75 and \$2.00.

# BENDHEIM'S DIAMOND.



## Eye Doctor's Examination Free!

The Children's Eyes—  
Neglect your own if you will,  
delay and suffer if you please,  
but DON'T neglect the eyes  
of the little ones. Don't open  
the way for a life of eye mis-  
ery. Money no longer a bar—  
you may have the examination, the advice of a graduate physician  
with long experience, and superior skill as an Eye Specialist, and  
not one penny to pay. Come any day.  
Oldest House in the city.

Optician. Quick Repairing. J. M. McKINNEY.

## ICE ICE ICE

Have the best, let  
us serve you with  
Union Manufactured Ice.  
Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

## TRY SOME

The best line of loose  
coffees for the money  
at

Edwin Oppelts,

Both Phones 134.  
No. 160 Fifth Street.

## No More Gray Hair.

Ladies, do you know you can ge-  
the latest transformation Pompa-  
dour which can be used as a cover-  
ing for gray hair or can take the  
place of the old fashioned wig?  
Made of natural curly hair, only  
weighs one ounce and a half. Can  
be made in any style desired to  
suit face. Hair Switches \$1  
up, over 100 to select from.

New York Hair Parlor,  
174 Sixth Street.

## Atlantic Tea Co.

Our new fruits are coming in and  
they are of fine quality. Our prices  
will certainly cause them to move out  
lively. We were fortunate in secur-  
ing shipment from first steamer com-  
ing in of Valencia Raisins, Figs and  
Currants.

## Price List.

New Valencia Raisins, per lb. 10 cts  
New Fancy Figs, per lb. 15 cts  
New Evap. Apricots, per lb. 15 cts  
New Cleaned Currants, 3 pkgs. 25 cts  
Standard Pkg. Coffee, per lb. 10 cts  
Will add to our fruit list as the new  
goods arrive.  
Cran. Sugar, 18 lbs. for \$1.00  
A Sugar, 19 lbs. for \$1.00  
B Sugar, 21 lbs. for \$1.00

## Atlantic Tea Co.

We lead, let those who can, follow.



## HOME MADE LARD.

The ordinary lard sold by the grocer  
is a very poor article when compared  
to this which we offer. This is pro-  
duced from specially selected well fed  
animals and has a most excellent  
flavor. The process of rendering is  
carried on in absolutely clean rooms  
and utensils, thus insuring PERFECT  
PURITY. We guarantee the quality of  
this lard to be high grade. Sold by the  
pound or in 3, 5 and 10 lb. pails.

CHAS. A. TRAINER,

274-2 East Market, 273 Broad way,  
Col. 203. Bell 334-2.



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of it. It is well that the fact was dis-  
covered early.

When repairs are made they should  
be done thoroughly, and on the ad-  
vice of competent engineers. No  
water should be turned in until ev-  
ery possible safeguard has been taken  
or until there is the strongest assur-  
ance that the walls will contain it un-  
der all circumstances. The accident  
is most unfortunate, but the lesson of  
it is too plain to be disregarded. A  
reservoir must not be a temporary  
structure, but an enduring one. It is  
better to proceed slowly and err on  
the side of caution than to run need-  
less risks. The Johnstown flood, as  
well as scores of minor disasters,  
show the folly of relying upon fancied,  
instead of real security, where a large  
volume of water is confined in a re-  
servoir above a populous city.

Every citizen of Columbiana county  
can find reason for satisfaction and  
pride in the statistics, elsewhere  
given, showing the rapid progress of  
building operations in the county dur-  
ing the past year. Evidence is not  
wanting that he who builds in a pro-  
gressive and prosperous county like  
this builds wisely.

The great want of the navy is said  
not to be ships, but men. Yet the in-  
vestigation now in progress is not cal-

culated to encourage youth to start  
on a career where more fighting is  
done in times of peace, with tongue  
and pen, than with sword and gun  
during war. The navy officials should  
set a better example in this respect,  
if they expect the young men of Amer-  
ica to become imbued with an ambi-  
tion to shine as future commodores  
and admirals.

Democratic organs are trying hard  
to convince themselves and others  
that Senator Foraker and Chairman  
Dick are at loggerheads. It is another  
case where the wish is father to the  
thought. This baseless canard shows  
how desperately hard up for campaign  
issues the Democrats are.

Ohio Republicans are in earnest this  
fall and will conduct a vigorous and  
winning campaign. We are satisfied  
that the other side should possess all  
the political apathy that is current,  
and from present appearances they  
have it.

It is plain that a too economical pol-  
icy can be carried out in the construc-  
tion of water works.

## AT THE THEATER

The new musical comedy entitled  
"Papa's Baby" was presented at the  
Grand Saturday night to a good sized  
audience, and gave general satisfac-  
tion. Many high-class singing speci-  
alties were introduced, and the acrobatic  
act by Messrs Redcay, Duffin and Red-  
cay was the subject of universal com-  
pliment. Harry Watson is one of the  
best German dialect comedians who  
ever visited the city, while the Nich-  
ols sisters in a catchy black face turn  
won the appreciation of the audience  
from the start. The piece is under  
the direction of Fred E. Wright, to  
whom East Liverpool is indebted for  
so many high class attractions in the  
past.

"Knobs o' Tennessee" was the Car-  
ner Stock company's offering at the  
Fountain Square last evening, and it  
was witnessed by a very large audi-  
ence. The play is one of Hal Reid's  
strongest pieces, and in the hands of  
the Carner company every detail is  
carefully and interestingly brought  
out.

Applause was frequent and a cur-  
tain call after the second act attested  
to the work of the cast. Incidentally,  
it may be added that it was the first  
curtain call a repertoire company has  
received in this city this season.

Tonight the company plays "A  
French Spy," with Miss Cora Wilmont  
in the leading role. The company  
will, if the reserve sale counts for  
anything, enjoy another large audi-  
ence, and turn away a pleased patron-  
age with one of the strongest military  
dramas in any company's repertoire.  
—Springfield Daily Sun, Oct. 10.

## SPECIAL SERVICE HELD.

Later Duke and Duchess Paid Visit to  
Niagara Falls.

Niagara on the Lake, Ont., Oct. 14.  
—The Duke and Duchess of York  
passed a quiet Sunday at the Queen's  
Royal Hotel Sunday.

The Duke and Duchess attended a  
special church service held at their  
hotel, over which the Rev. Canon  
Dalton, the chaplain with the royal  
suite, presided.

After the service was concluded the  
Duke and Duchess, accompanied by  
several members of the royal suite,  
were taken up past the whirlpool rapids  
to Niagara Falls.

Luncheon was partaken of at the  
Loretto convent. After luncheon the  
party returned to the Queen's Royal  
hotel, where dinner was served. A  
quiet evening at the hotel concluded  
the day. The royal train was to  
leave Niagara-on-the-Lake at 9 and  
leave Niagara on the Lake at 9  
o'clock today for St. Catharines and  
other points.

## MAY HAVE INTENDED TO MURDER PRESIDENT SALLES.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Lisbon corre-  
spondent of La Patrie said a telegram  
had been received at the Portuguese  
capital from Rio Janeiro asserting  
that two Italians were arrested Fri-  
day evening last in the corridor of  
the presidential office by an officer of  
the guard. Both were armed with  
revolvers and daggers. In Rio  
Janeiro it is believed that they are  
anarchists and intended to assassi-  
nate President Campos Salles.

## CONSPIRACY TO KILL PRESIDENT CHARGED.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 14.—An-  
tonio Maggio, the anarchist, who was  
arrested at Silver City because of his  
alleged prediction of the assassina-  
tion of President McKinley, was in-  
dicted by the Federal grand jury for  
conspiracy to kill the president. His  
bail was fixed at \$5,000.

## New Hosiery for fall at THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

100-cod-1

## THE TURK.

With the opening of the fall hunting  
the sultan has declared another open  
season for Armenians.—Detroit Free  
Press.

Turkey is beginning to send out re-  
ports about the terrible things that  
Armenians have done. The world has  
learned to consider these reports as  
prima facie evidence that the Turks  
have done terrible things to the Ar-  
menians.—Omaha World-Herald.

## WAGON SMASHED

Stephen Brothers' Huckster Outfit in  
Collision With a  
Car.

Stephen Brothers, who resides near  
town and conducts a huckster business  
in this vicinity, had a narrow escape  
from serious injury this morning at  
the corner of Fourth and Market  
streets.

Mr. Brothers was driving across the  
street, railway track immediately in  
front of a Southside car in charge of  
Motorman Cunningham and Conductor  
Dan McEane, when the outfit was  
struck and smashed to pieces. The  
car hit the front end of the wagon,  
detaching the shafts and knocking the  
horse down. The latter, with the por-  
tion of the wagon which had been left  
hanging to the harness, were dragged  
along the street for some distance.

Mr. Brothers was not injured, but  
the wagon and harness were demolish-  
ed and the horse badly bruised.

## POTTERY NEWS

J. W. Patterson left this morning for  
an eastern trip in the interest of the  
Wellsville China company.

The Klondike pottery was idle to-  
day, there being no clay.

New Neckwear, bright and catchy  
styles, always coming in at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.  
100-cod-1

## Much in the Name.

Once there were some very swagger  
people in an ultra fashionable village  
not far from the metropolis who de-  
cided that no society yet bunched together  
was exclusive enough for them. Even  
the Colonial Dames failed to meet the  
requirements. So they determined to  
start a new aggregation that should be  
the real thing.

After considerable thought they con-  
cluded that if they limited membership  
to direct descendants of Fernando de  
Soto it would be sufficiently exclusive  
for their fastidious tastes. A "Society  
of the Sons and Daughters of De Soto"  
was the outcome. All the best people  
in the village proved that they were  
eligible and were enrolled as charter  
members.

However, there was one man on the  
outer fringe whose proof of descent  
was not accepted; in short, he was  
blackballed. This made him angry,  
and he started to investigate the sub-  
ject.

One day he published his findings in  
the local newspaper. The principal  
fact was this: "F. de Soto died a bachel-  
or."

The Sons and Daughters of De Soto  
are now known as the Elite Eucher  
club.

Moral—There's a whole lot in a  
name.—Smart Set.

## Insect Pests in Brazil.

I should take a small gang of prac-  
tical coffee planters from Ceylon with  
good digestions to be not afraid of  
ghlgars, ticks and Berne flies, to say  
nothing of the dear little mosquito.  
The writer had extracted during four  
years in Brazil no less than 200 ghlgars  
from underneath every toe nail of  
both feet. The Portuguese, Brazilians,  
Italians and Spaniards called it a re-  
creation on Sunday to dig them out of  
each other's feet.

Of all the vile insects on earth, the  
Berne fly is the worst. She lays her  
eggs inside your flesh and hatches  
three very ugly insects an inch long  
with three rings of bristles round the  
body and sharp nippers. They take  
about six weeks to develop under your  
skin, then commence to turn some-  
saults just when you want to go to  
sleep after a hard day's work in the  
sun. The natives of Brazil adopt a  
novel way of extracting the brute  
when full grown. They tie on a piece  
of raw pork, and the Berne comes out  
of your skin and takes a header into  
the piece of pigskin.—Ceylon Observer.

## An Afghan Trick.

During a shooting match in the pres-  
ence of the governor of Kandahar the  
sirdar noticed to his astonishment that  
the heads of sparrows were the fa-  
vorite butt of the marksmen, who but  
seldom missed their aim, whereupon  
he declared that it was far more dif-  
ficult to hit an egg. Sir Peter laughed at  
the supposition, but the sirdar stood  
his ground, and the matter was put to  
the test. An egg was suspended on a  
wall, and the soldiers fired at it; but,  
strange to say, not one of them hit the  
egg.

The governor and his suit kept their  
countenances and excused the nonsuc-  
cess of the firing party on the ground  
of the difficulty of the thing. At last  
a ball happened to hit the thread to  
which the egg was fastened, and it fell  
to the ground without breaking. Now  
the mystery was solved. The cunning  
Afghan had used a blown egg, and the  
featherweight shell had been moved  
aside each time by the current of  
air in front of the ball and thus escap-  
ed being hit.

New York's First Iron Works.  
The first iron works in New York  
were "set up" a short time prior to  
1740 on Ancram creek, in Columbia  
county, about fourteen miles east of  
the Hudson river, by Philip Livingston,  
the owner of the Livingston manor  
and the father of Philip, the signer of  
the Declaration of Independence.

Buy a union made Suit, with the  
union label in it, only at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.  
100-cod-1

## FRIENDS AND VISITORS

R. W. Hanes spent the day at Can-  
ton.

Mrs. Carl Faulk is visiting at Min-  
erva.

Dr. J. E. Foot spent the day at Pitts-  
burg.

Mrs. Mary Baggott is visiting at  
Akron.

Ed Flentke, of Sebring, spent Sun-  
day in the city.

R. Austin, of Cleveland, was a city  
visitor on Sunday.

P. Maley spent Sunday with rela-  
tives at Sallenville.

Charles DeBee, of Sebring, spent  
Sunday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. William Manley are  
visiting at Pittsburg.

Clarence Miller, of Sebring, was a  
city visitor over Sunday.

Harry and Ed Hague, of Pittsburg  
spent Sunday in the city.

Hugh Ferguson and Louis Dittmer  
were Pittsburg visitors Sunday.

William Adams, of Pittsburg, spent  
Sunday the guest of his parents.

Mrs. H. T. Laughlin is the guest of  
her father, R. T. Pike, near Lisbon.

Misses Nora Fitzgerald and Anna  
Connelly spent Sunday at Pittsburg.

Mrs. R. L. Herbert and son Sher-  
man left Saturday for a visit at Buf-  
falo.

Miss Louise Bielefeldt has returned  
to her home at Akron after a visit in  
this city.

Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman, of Pittsburg,  
is the guest of her mother, Mrs.  
House, Fifth street.

John H. James left this morning for  
Pittsburg, where he has accepted a  
position in an iron mill.

Wayne Armstrong has returned to  
his home at Laurelville after a visit  
with his brother, Prof. G. N. Arm-  
strong.

Frank Densmore left this morning  
for New Castle, where he will be em-  
ployed for several weeks erecting  
brick kilns.

M. D. Logan spent Sunday in Pitts-  
burg. He was accompanied by his  
wife, who has been visiting at Pitts-  
burg for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Smith have re-  
turned to their home at McComb,  
Hancock county, O., after a visit with  
Mr. and Mrs. George B. Smith, Robin-  
son street.

Mrs. J. F. King came from Columbus  
yesterday to spend a week with rela-  
tives and friends in East Liverpool.  
Her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Wylie King,  
of Columbus, and children, Albert and  
Gladys, have been visiting relatives  
in East Liverpool during the past five  
weeks. All will return together. Mrs.  
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## NEARLY \$175,000 SUBSCRIBED.

\$60,000 Secured at Meeting in New  
York Sunday.

New York, Oct. 14.—As a result of  
the annual missionary sermon  
preached in the Gospel tabernacle by  
Dr. A. B. Simpson, the missionary  
fund solicitor, the sum of \$60,000 was  
collected during the day. This is an  
increase of \$20,000 over the collec-  
tions of last year on a similar occa-  
sion.

Sunday's meeting was the last of  
the eleven conventions that have been  
held throughout the United States,  
and the whole amount thus contrib-  
uted for missionary purposes is nearly  
\$175,000.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLUMBIANA  
COUNTY:—

I take this opportunity of informing  
you that I am a candidate for the Leg-  
islature, to be voted for at the Novem-  
ber election. If you are in favor of liberal  
laws and honest legislation, with charity  
towards all and animosity to none, I sin-  
cerely solicit your vote. J. C. WALSH,  
26tf East Liverpool, O.

## TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List  
of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,  
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets

Pierce & Cartwright's,  
276 Eighth Street.

John H. Peake's,  
304 Eighth Street.

Bagley's,  
153 Second Street.

Bagley's,  
285 East Market Street.

Hotel Lakel,  
Second Street.

John Peake's,  
Market and Second Streets.

Ryan Bros.,  
289 East Market Street.

Wilson's,  
Fifth Street.

Roe's Cigar Store,  
Washington Street.

Gill's Grocery,  
Calcutta Road.

Harrison News Stand,  
143 Mulberry St., East End.

C. T. McCutcheon,  
Drug Store, Southside.

E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,  
West Market Street.

Marshall News Stand,  
First St., Chester, W. Va.

The handsomest and best local  
newspaper in Columbiana county is  
the East Liverpool News Review.

# New Fall and Winter ..FOOTWEAR..

## Styles

For Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children are  
here in a larger than ever assortment, at  
lower than ever prices. We solicit  
your inspection and com-  
parison.

## Shoes with Extension Soles and Rope Stitching.

The popular fads this season are here in a large  
variety at popular prices.

### For Men

At \$2, \$2.50, \$3.00,  
\$3.50 and \$4.00.

### For Boys and Girls

At \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2,  
and \$2.50.

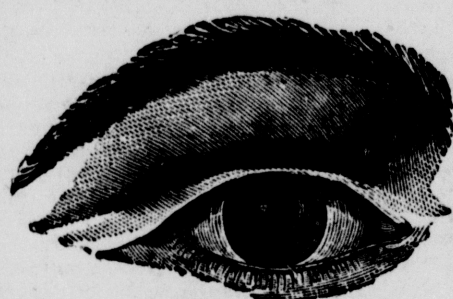
### For Women

At \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50,  
\$3 and \$3.50.

### For Children

At \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50,  
\$1.75 and \$2.00.

# BENDHEIM'S DIAMOND.



## Eye Doctor's Examination Free!

The Children's Eyes—  
Neglect your own if you will,  
delay and suffer if you please,  
but DON'T neglect the eyes  
of the little ones. Don't open  
the way for a life of eye mis-  
ery. Money no longer a bar—

you may have the examination, the advice of a graduate physician  
with long experience, and superior skill as an Eye Specialist, and  
not one penny to pay. Come any day.  
Oldest House in the city.  
Optician. Quick Repairing.

J. M. McKINNEY.

## ICE

## ICE

## ICE

Have the best, let  
us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

## TRY SOME

The best line of loose  
coffees for the money  
at

Edwin Oppelts,

Both Phones 134.  
No. 160 Fifth Street.

## Atlantic Tea Co.

Our new fruits are coming in and  
they are of fine quality. Our prices  
will certainly cause them to move out  
lively. We were fortunate in secur-  
ing shipment from first steamer com-  
ing in of Valencia Raisins, Figs and  
Currants.

## Price List.

New Valencia Raisins, per lb. 10 cts

New Fancy Figs, per lb. 15 cts

New Evap. Apricots, per lb. 15 cts

New Cleaned Currants, 3 pkgs. 25 cts



## ANOTHER DEFEAT AT FOOTBALL

Pittsburg College Team Proved  
Too Much For the Home  
Taelnt.

### SOME VERY GOOD PLAYING

The Score at the Wind-up Stood 24 to 5 in Favor of the Visitors—Umpires Changed During the Game. A Goon Contest.

In a game of football, in which the home team gave an exhibition of fumbling never before witnessed here, Pittsburg college added another victory to its list by defeating the home team 23 to 5.

Individually, East Liverpool had the best team, but her back field had a bad case of "rattles" in the beginning of the game from which they did not recover until the finish, after it was too late.

The home team presented almost a new line-up from the game a week ago, and several more changes will be made before the game with the strong McKeever academy team next Saturday.

Had it not been for the disastrous fumbles which characterized the playing of the home team, they would have won the game, for they were stronger man for man than the visitors. Almost every time East Liverpool attempted to put the ball in play it was fumbled, and invariably some of the visiting players would fall on it, and would, of course, regain possession of it for the time being at least.

Pittsburg had a few fumbles, but they were not costly, as they never lost the ball. In the first half Referee Laux officiated and gave the visitors the benefit of every close decision. The home team thus lost considerable ground which they would not have done had they been given a square deal. In the second half the officials were changed, Umpire McClure changing places with Laux. From that time on there was not a kick of any kind, as McClure's decisions gave satisfaction to everybody.

College kicked off to Little and the ball was advanced 10 yards. National gained a yard and the ball was fumbled and McLane fell on it.

Scandion went around the end for 30 yards and a clever tackle by Little stopped a similar run on the other end.

The ball was then about 10 yards from National's goal and on a fumble it was carried over. There was considerable of a dispute as to whether Dawson or a College player had the ball, but the visiting official awarded it to the College boys and a touchdown was scored. Collins kicked goal. Score 6 to 0.

Armour kicked off to the College 20 yard line. A number of end runs were made and then the ball went to the Nationals on downs. Booth circled the left end for 30 yards, but he was brought back 20 by the referee, who claimed he had stepped out of bounds in the run. A punt was then blocked and the ball went to the visitors. They lost it again on the first lineup on a fumble and National did the same thing a moment later.

Stoffel was substituted for Holt in left tackle for the Nationals. Armour kicked off and a fumble of the ball ensued and it was a question as to whose ball it was, but the College boys received the favors of their official again.

Armour kicked off for the Nationals in the second half and Moore tackled the man with the ball on the visitors' 15 yard line. A punt was tried and Moore got the ball on the 12 yard line. Moore made 5 yards through the center and the ball went to the visitors on their own 5 yard line, owing to a fumble. College attempted to punt, but the ball was blocked and Brown got it over the touchdown line. Armour failed at goal. Score 12 to 5.

The ball was brought to the 25 yard line and kicked by Armour. A. Stevenson got the ball. Huckestein got away from the bunch and carried the ball over for a touchdown. Collins kicked goal. Score 18 to 5.

The final score was 23 to 5.

The line-up:  
Pittsburg College — Graynor, left end; Flannagan, left tackle; Russell left guard; Young, center; Corcoran, right end; O'Sullivan, Geisler, right tackle; Greulich, right end; Huckestein, quarter; Scandion, left half; Roberts, right half; Collins, fullback.  
National—McLane, left end; Holt, left tackle; J. Stevenson, left guard; Burchard, center; A. Stevenson, right guard; Brown, right tackle; Little, right end; Dawson, quarter; Moore, left half; Booth, right half; Armour, fullback.

Referee, Laux; umpire, McClure; timekeepers, Ryan and McCurran; linemen, Geisler and Woods.

News Review "Wants" bring quick results.

## QUEER KIDNAPING

Youngstown Man Charged With Spiriting His Mother-in-Law Away.

Youngstown, Oct. 14.—Thomas H. Burke is charged with the offense of kidnaping his mother-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Haley, and because his two sisters-in-law, Mrs. Elmer Howard, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Thomas McAndrews, of this city, interfered, he had them arrested on the charge of disturbance.

Some time ago Mrs. Haley quarreled with her two daughters and made a will in favor of her son-in-law. When she was taken sick she sent for her two daughters and they came to take care of her. The son-in-law spirited the mother-in-law to his own house yesterday noon, the daughters say, because he was afraid that Mrs. Haley would change her mind and execute a new will.

## HUMAN SKELETON

Found in a Woods Near Bucyrus—Identified as Remains of a Farmer Who Suicided.

Bucyrus, Oct. 14.—Emanuel Keller, while passing through a dense woods near his home Saturday evening, came upon the skeleton of a man. The clothes remained, but there was not a vestige of flesh on the bone. The remains were identified by the clothing as those of Frederick Kleinhart, who had worked during the summer for John Burger, a farmer nearby.

Kleinhart disappeared suddenly on the night of June 30 and diligent search failed to locate him. Evidence showed that he had gone into the woods and hanged himself to a sapling. Later on the weather weakened the rope and the body fell to the ground. Kleinhart was 50 years old and unmarried.

## MACENONIAN ARRESTED

In Connection With Kidnaping of Miss Stone—Arrests of Instigators Asked.

London, Oct. 14.—The Reuter Telegram company has received the following dispatch from Constantinople, dated Oct. 13:

"There have been no further developments in the case of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary. It is reported that Spencer Eddy (secretary of the United States legation in Constantinople) received today a dispatch from Washington advising him that a sum of money which should suffice for the ransom would be forthcoming."

The text of Reuter's advice is ambiguous. The Daily Telegraph has the following dispatch from Sofia, dated Sunday:

"United States Consul General Dickinson has received no instructions to pay the ransom. He is afraid a dangerous precedent would be created by payment. As he is not fully convinced that the brigands were merely instruments, acting under the instigation of late members of the Macedonian committee, he has made strong representations to the Bulgarian government asking the arrest of these instigators. Should this be done he says Miss Stone would doubtless be released on payment of a moderate indemnity and assurance of freedom for her captors. Some Macedonians have already been arrested here."

## TO STUDY OUR RAILWAYS.

Party of English Railway Men Arrived in United States.

New York, Oct. 14.—On the White Star liner Celtic, which arrived, was a party of English railroad men, who come here to spend a month studying American railroad methods and inspecting systems. They are George S. Gibb, general manager of the North-eastern railroad; Norman D. MacDonald, T. M. Newell and Wilson Worsdell, directors of the line.

Speaking of their plans, Mr. Gibb said: "We intend to inspect American railways and will go as far west as Chicago. We will study the handling of freight and the system of signals. Of course until we have been about and seen things I cannot state whether we will adopt any of the features of the American system."

## BOTH FIRED SHOTS.

Which Man Committed Murder Was Not Determined.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—Two men, John T. Doyle and Martin Clark, both white, are in jail here, charged with killing a negro named Henry Campbell. Each surrendered, believing that he fired the fatal shot. After being ejected from a saloon, in which both white men were clerking, Campbell went home, secured the rifle which he carried in the Civil War, and, returning, opened fire from the doorway.

Clark secured a pistol and Doyle a Winchester and each shot once. The negro fell dead, a bullet having passed through his body. The bullet could not be found and the coroner's jury has not placed the responsibility.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Fair today and tomorrow, warmer tomorrow in western portion; light to fresh southwesterly winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler today. Tomorrow fair, with warmer in western portion; fresh westerly winds, diminishing.

West Virginia—Fair and cooler today. Tomorrow fair, with warmer in western portion; westerly winds.

## WELLSVILLE

### WORK ON LOCK 5

Good Progress Made on an Ohio River Improvement.

George McCloud, of Lock 5, on the Ohio river, was in the city yesterday. He says that the work on the lock is progressing rapidly and that the stone coping is now being laid. When this is finished considerable iron work will have to be done, after which the building of the dam will follow.

The contract has not yet been let for the dam. The lock and dam will be completed about the middle of next year.

## POSITIONS IN PITTSBURG

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The men who are back of this movement profess to see that the Democrats who were "once slightly lukewarm on the tariff question," are now with them in the agreement to make the most of this perennial plank of their platform. It has never been abandoned, or set aside, or for one minute dropped by that party, but they simply held it in reserve while talking about other questions. It was always evident that free trade was to be on top in any case of Democratic success, no matter what issue might be used for capturing the country. Now, the Democrats declare that "There has never been a time when the Democratic party could make an aggressive fight in favor of its historic position on the tariff question with better prospect of success."

That one sentence more clearly defines the Democratic position and contention, and the danger of that party's supremacy, than all their protestations to the contrary that they can say to conceal their real purpose in this important particular. Free trade is just what they intend, and it is for free trade that they are fighting. Every man in Ohio who ever suffered from even a mild dose of Democratic tariff reform, may as well understand that they intend trouble for him, and that more thoroughly than ever. He can govern his vote accordingly.

## EXPULSION OF WELLINGTON.

Maryland Senator Bitterly Denounced in the South For His Attitude.

The Atlanta Journal prints an editorial demanding the expulsion of Senator Wellington from the United States senate. It also prints telegrams from 23 leading Southern papers, indorsing the proposition to expel Wellington. The editorial says:

"On the evening when President McKinley was shot down and while it was supposed that his death was near at hand, Wellington said to a newspaper reporter: 'McKinley and I are enemies. I have nothing good to say about him, and under the circumstances do not care to say anything bad. I am indifferent to the whole matter.'"

"George L. Wellington has placed himself in the category and company of the ruffians who stood about the bulletin boards in several cities last Friday evening and rejoiced over a deed that shocked the moral sense of civilized mankind. He is less excusable than these comparatively insignificant blackguards, every one of whom was knocked down or kicked by those who heard his fiendish chuckle. He has branded himself as the apologist of an anarchist and assassination."

"Is the man who could utter that, which Wellington does not deny, a fit person to sit in the highest council of the nation? Is he worthy to be trusted with the affairs that involve the honor and welfare of the country? We think not. What does the United States senate think about it?"

"The senate should purge itself of Wellington. We hope to see a resolution for his expulsion offered on the first day of the next session, ordinary or extraordinary, and we trust that it will receive the vote of every senator who is qualified to pass upon it."

## THE SOLDIER APPEAL.

Why Kilbourne Can Not Expect the Veterans' Support.

Governor Nash Has an Equally Good Record and His Party Has Always Stood by the Veterans.

Admit all the good things that are said about Colonel Kilbourne personally, and no one is disposed to call them in question in the present campaign—yet, as a candidate, he cannot escape the responsibility for things done in his behalf by his party's campaign committee. That organization has made a special appeal to the soldiers of the state, on the score that Mr. Kilbourne was a soldier.

The manner of that appeal is in a sense a form of contention that the candidate is better than his party. This we are not ready to deny at all, but his election will be a party election and a party triumph, and he will be bound by his party, if he should be elected. Has Colonel Kilbourne ever supported other soldiers who were not Democrats, or has he ever at any time shown any particular independence of his party that should appeal to voters irrespective of party in his behalf?

In fact, does not Kilbourne's candidacy simply mean the approval of the policies of the Democratic party? Since he appeals to soldiers, what has that party to show that it has done for soldiers? Why is it that the records of Congress, for one great pension bill after another, show that the adverse votes were all by Democrats, and that not one vote against these measures was by a Republican? An aggregate of more than 600 Democrats are on record as having voted in Senate and House against various general pension laws, with not one Republican in opposition to one of those measures.

Mr. Kilbourne's committee has taken pains to send out a circular, stating that he is and always has been a Democrat. If he was more of a soldier than he was a Democrat, he would resent that party's position upon these measures, and refuse to support a party with such a record. But since his own committee insist upon it that he is a Democrat above all things, first, last and all the time, and there is not an iota of evidence presented that he ever voted for any soldier who was not on the Democratic ticket, it becomes most difficult to see why any Republican soldier should go back upon a Republican soldier like Governor George K. Nash, and vote to brand him with the disgrace of defeat and of censure upon his administration, in order to boost James Kilbourne, who never did anything for Republicans as Republicans, or for soldiers as soldiers, only as they bore the label of his particular party.

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## ANOTHER DEFEAT AT FOOTBALL

Pittsburg College Team Proved  
Too Much For the Home  
Taelnt.

### SOME VERY GOOD PLAYING

The Score at the Wind up Stood 24 to 5 in Favor of the Visitors—Umpires Changed During the Game. A Goon Contest.

In a game of football, in which the home team gave an exhibition of fumbling never before witnessed here, Pittsburg college added another victory to its list by defeating the home team 23 to 5.

Individually, East Liverpool had the best team, but her back field had a bad case of "rattles" in the beginning of the game from which they did not recover until the finish, after it was too late.

The home team presented almost a new line-up from the game a week ago, and several more changes will be made before the game with the strong McKeever academy team next Saturday.

Had it not been for the disastrous fumbles which characterized the playing of the home team, they would have won the game, for they were stronger man for man than the visitors. Almost every time East Liverpool attempted to put the ball in play it was fumbled, and invariably some of the visiting players would fall on it, and would, of course, regain possession of it for the time being at least.

Pittsburg had a few fumbles, but they were not costly, as they never lost the ball. In the first half Referee Laux officiated and gave the visitors the benefit of every close decision. The home team thus lost considerable ground which they would not have done had they been given a square deal. In the second half the officials were changed, Umpire McClure changing places with Laux. From that time on there was not a kick of any kind, as McClure's decisions gave satisfaction to everybody.

College kicked off to Little and the ball was advanced 10 yards. National gained a yard and the ball was fumbled and McLane fell on it.

Scandon went around the end for 10 yards and a clever tackle by Little stopped a similar run on the other end.

The ball was then about 10 yards from National's goal and on a fumble it was carried over. There was considerable of a dispute as to whether Dawson or a College player had the ball, but the visiting official awarded it to the College boys and a touchdown was scored. Collins kicked goal. Score 6 to 0.

Armour kicked off to the College 20 yard line. A number of end runs were made and then the ball went to the Nationals on downs. Booth circled the left end for 30 yards, but he was brought back 20 by the referee, who claimed he had stepped out of bounds in the run. A punt was then blocked and the ball went to the visitors. They lost it again on the first lineup on a fumble and National did the same thing a moment later.

Stoffel was substituted for Holt in left tackle for the Nationals. Armour kicked off and a fumble of the ball ensued and it was a question as to whose ball it was, but the College boys received the favors of their official again.

Armour kicked off for the Nationals in the second half and Moore tackled the man with the ball on the visitors' 15 yard line. A punt was tried and Moore got the ball on the 12 yard line. Moore made 5 yards through the center and the ball went to the visitors on their own 5 yard line, owing to a fumble. College attempted to punt, but the ball was blocked and Brown got it over the touchdown line. Armour failed at goal. Score 12 to 5.

The ball was brought to the 25 yard line and kicked by Armour. A Stevenson got the ball. Huckestein got away from the bunch and carried the ball over for a touchdown. Collins kicked goal. Score 18 to 5.

The final score was 23 to 5.

The line up:  
Pittsburg College—Graynor, left end; Flannagan, left tackle; Russell left guard; Young, center; Corcoran, right end; O'Sullivan, Geisler, right tackle; Greulich, right end; Huckestein, quarter; Scandon, left half; Roberts, right half; Collins, fullback.

National—McLane, left end; Holt, left tackle; J. Stevenson, left guard; Burchard, center; A. Stevenson, right guard; Brown, right tackle; Little, right end; Dawson, quarter; Moore, left half; Booth, right half; Armour, fullback.

Referee, Laux; umpire, McClure; timekeepers, Ryan and McCurran; linemen, Geisler and Woods.

News Review "Wants" bring quick results.

## QUEER KIDNAPING

Youngstown Man Charged With Spiriting His Mother-in-Law Away.

Youngstown, Oct. 14.—Thomas H. Burke is charged with the offense of kidnaping his mother-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Haley, and because his two sisters-in-law, Mrs. Elmer Howard, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Thomas McAndrews, of this city, interfered, he had them arrested on the charge of disturbance.

Some time ago Mrs. Haley quarreled with her two daughters and made a will in favor of her son-in-law. When she was taken sick she sent for her two daughters and they came to take care of her. The son-in-law spirited the mother-in-law to his own house yesterday noon, the daughters say, because he was afraid that Mrs. Haley would change her mind and execute a new will.

## HUMAN SKELETON

Found in a Woods Near Bucyrus—Identified as Remains of a Farmer Who Suicided.

Bucyrus, Oct. 14.—Emanuel Keller, while passing through a dense woods near his home Saturday evening, came upon the skeleton of a man. The clothes remained, but there was not a vestige of flesh on the bone. The remains were identified by the clothing as those of Frederick Kleinhart, who had worked during the summer for John Burger, a farmer nearby.

Kleinhart disappeared suddenly on the night of June 30 and diligent search failed to locate him. Evidence showed that he had gone into the woods and hanged himself to a sapling. Later on the weather weakened the rope and the body fell to the ground. Kleinhart was 50 years old and unmarried.

## MACENONIAN ARRESTED

In Connection With Kidnaping of Miss Stone—Arrests of Investigators Asked.

London, Oct. 14.—The Reuter Telegram company has received the following dispatch from Constantinople, dated Oct. 13:

"There have been no further developments in the case of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary."

"It is reported that Spencer Eddy (secretary of the United States legation in Constantinople) received today a dispatch from Washington advising him that a sum of money which should suffice for the ransom would be forthcoming."

The text of Reuter's advice is ambiguous. The Daily Telegraph has the following dispatch from Sofia, dated Sunday:

"United States Consul General Dickinson has received no instructions to pay the ransom. He is afraid a dangerous precedent would be created by payment. As he is not fully convinced that the brigands were merely instruments, acting under the instigation of late members of the Macedonian committee, he has made strong representations to the Bulgarian government asking the arrest of these instigators." Should this be done he says Miss Stone would doubtless be released on payment of a moderate indemnity and assurance of freedom for her captors. Some Macedonians have already been arrested here."

## TO STUDY OUR RAILWAYS.

Party of English Railway Men Arrived in United States.

New York, Oct. 14.—On the White Star liner Celtic, which arrived, was a party of English railroad men, who come here to spend a month studying American railroad methods and inspecting systems. They are George S. Gibb, general manager of the North-eastern railroad; Norman D. Macdonald, T. M. Newell and Wilson Wordsell, directors of the line.

Speaking of their plans, Mr. Gibb said: "We intend to inspect American railways and will go as far west as Chicago. We will study the handling of freight and the system of signals. Of course things I cannot state whether we will adopt any of the features of the American system."

## BOTH FIRED SHOTS.

Which Man Committed Murder Was Not Determined.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—Two men, John T. Doyle and Martin Clark, both white, are in jail here, charged with killing a negro named Henry Campbell. Each surrendered, believing that he fired the fatal shot. After being ejected from a saloon, in which both white men were clerking, Campbell went home, secured the rifle which he carried in the Civil War, and, returning, opened fire from the doorway.

Clark secured a pistol and Doyle a Winchester and each shot once. The negro fell dead, a bullet having passed through his body. The bullet could not be found and the coroner's jury has not placed the responsibility.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Fair today and tomorrow; warmer tomorrow in western portion; light to fresh southwesterly winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler today. Tomorrow fair, with warmer in western portion; fresh westerly winds, diminishing.

West Virginia—Fair and cooler today. Tomorrow fair, with warmer in western portion; westerly winds.

## WELLSVILLE

### WORK ON LOCK 5

Good Progress Made on an Ohio River Improvement.

George McCloud, of Lock 5, on the Ohio river, was in the city yesterday. He says that the work on the lock is progressing rapidly and that the stone coping is now being laid. When this is finished considerable iron work will have to be done, after which the building of the dam will follow.

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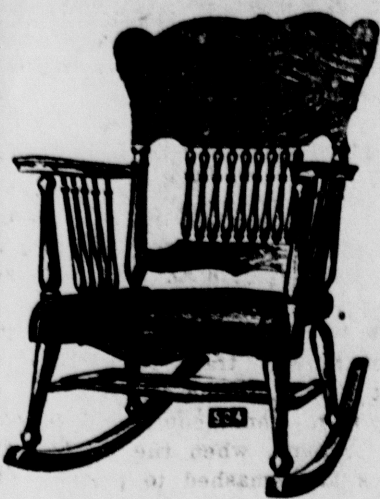
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# MASTER and SLAVE

By...  
T. H. THORPE

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## CHAPTER I. AMITY.

**H**ORACE OAKFELL, representative from the parish of Avoyelles, was the youngest member of the Louisiana legislature of 1897. Of medium height, broad of shoulder, deep chested and brown haired and brown eyed, with a countenance brave and frank, he was regarded as the Adonis of the house. His dress of milk white cassimere, ruffled shirt and deep Byronic collar gave warrant to the poetic appraisal of the women. But his colleagues set a different estimate upon him. To them he was known as a well trained lawyer, a close student, a young man much given to philosophic research and meditation, one of learning and gravity unusual at his age, true, courageous, but of a seriousness bordering upon melancholy. He was a forceful debater, though his years were but 24, and his utterances were always heard with sincere respect.

Though himself a slaveowner, he had from motives of humanity eloquently but unsuccessfully opposed the bill which enacted:

"That from and after the passage of this act no slave shall be emancipated in this state."

His speech had been published in full by the leading journals, and its peroration was long remembered.

"Can it be," he exclaimed, "that in this part of Christendom, in a time of profound peace and tranquillity, an American legislative body will from the black cloud of slavery tear the narrow fringe of hope and in its stead inscribe by statute the frightful legend seen by Dante over the portals of hell? Can it be that enlightened citizens will forbid the reward of liberty to the slave who serves the state? Will the law-making power deny to the master the exercise of the noblest virtue of his nature by prohibiting him from conferring the boon of freedom upon the slave who has stood between his life and the knife of the assassin or safely borne his fainting wife through the flames of the burning mansion or plunged into the down sucking Mississippi to bring back the fair haired child to the frantic mother? Can it be that the flower of civilization will make unlawful that kindness to a faithful human slave which it approves to a dog or a horse? I cannot believe it. But if I mistake the sense of the house then let me say that the logical consequence of this measure will be the stifling of moral growth in the master, the removal of incentives to loyalty in the slave; the one must become more narrow and cruel, the other desperate and ferocious; the sense of justice of other communities will be shocked and their righteous anger will be provoked; a decade cannot fail to bring some frightful catastrophe on our state as the fruit of this unholy measure. I protest against it. I appeal to my colleagues to be true to their better nature and prove by their negative votes that the white race in Louisiana can defend itself and yet be not ungenerous."

His appeal was ineffective. The bill was passed by a pronounced majority, was approved by the governor and became law.

After the adjournment of the legislature Oakfell returned to the parish of Avoyelles, taking passage on the steamboat Red Queen. The vessel was one of those popularly called "floating palaces," of which a score plied the lower Mississippi and its tributaries during the decade preceding the civil war, when no railroads had been laid in that part of Louisiana lying west of the great river. She was a side wheeler, with high pressure engines, capable of great speed and with accommodation for over 150 passengers. There were a profusion of white paint upon her exterior and a plenteous of gilding and low hanging chandeliers within the cabin.

The boat carried some 60 passengers, many of whom were planters returning from their annual spring visits to New Orleans factories to settle accounts of the past planting year and arrange credits for the new. Some were accompanied by their wives and daughters, and a sociability prevailed among the company which is wholly wanting in the commercial travel of the present day.

Three were planters in Avoyelles, one of whom, Dr. De Roux, added the business of a physician to that of cotton raising. His plantation was near the Marais des Cygnes, in the Avoyelles prairie. The second was Constant Quillebert, a low browed, long nosed Gascon Frenchman who had lived on Bayou des Glaives for 20 years, but had never married or become an American citizen. The third was Leonidas Latiolais of Bayou Rouge, a man of 60, whose hair was white and whose blue eyes and short chin bespoke a kindly but weak character. Of the three Latiolais alone threw any warmth into the salutation of Oakfell. The others referred to the legislative incident in a politely manner, as if tenderness for him required that it be quickly passed over. Latiolais, however, spoke regretfully of the result, but rather out of sympathy for the young legislator than for the cause he had championed. Oakfell received their different ex-

pressions with apparent unconcern and evinced a preference to avoid any discussion of the supposed merits or demerits of the bill.

After the evening meal had been partaken of in the long saloon, with the usual clatter of china service and scurrying of the numerous yellow and black waiters, the extension tables were closed and run together, and while music, dancing and conversation engaged the women and young folks in the ladies' cabin the tables in the forward end and some of the younger, gambling being an unfailing feature of the steamboat travel in the fifties. These card tables were in close neighborhood to the bar, and this was the beginning of the barkeeper's business day.

Oakfell passed the greater part of the evening reading in the captain's stateroom on the hurricane deck. Returning to the cabin at 11 o'clock, he found his constituents from Avoyelles at the table nearest the bar. They were not playing, but cards, ivory chips and half drained glasses of liquor were on the table. None of the chips was on the side where Latiolais sat. Some few were in front of Dr. De Roux, and the remainder, in many stacks, were before Quillebert.

The young man sat at a distance from the three, but not so far that their conversation was not audible to him.

Quillebert in a half jocular and half bantering tone said:

"Leonidas, if I were not a man of extraordinary good nature you and I would now be at outs instead of sitting here over a friendly game of poker and clinking our social glasses, because it wasn't neighborly in you to sue me for \$2,000 for that old negro of yours when you know that you couldn't have sold him for \$700 even on credit."

"No, I don't know that," replied Latiolais. "I could have sold him for \$750. But that isn't it. I never tried to sell him, I didn't want to sell him, and, although he was 50 years old when you shot him, I wouldn't have sold him for \$2,000 cash. I was attached to Baptiste. He was the best judge of horses among my negroes. He was faithful and nursed me and my son through the yellow fever, and, although my son died, I have always believed that had it not been for Baptiste's care and watchfulness I should never have recovered. Therefore I never thought that \$2,000 could have at all repaid me for his loss. Moreover, it would have been the act of a good neighbor in you to have complained to me of any offense Baptiste had given you and allowed me to correct him. Instead of that you shot him dead."

"I admit that," said Quillebert, "but when he struck my pointer dog with that ox whip and I saw the blood red den the white skin of the poor brute I was so enraged that I couldn't help shooting the infernal negro down in his tracks, and you would have done the same."

"But had not the dog bitten the negro before he struck it with the whip?" Latiolais inquired.

"I have heard something of that sort," said Quillebert curiously.

"It was a fact," insisted Latiolais, "and the wounds inflicted by the dog's teeth, were found upon the dead man's body. But, as we never quarreled about that," Latiolais continued, "let's not quarrel now. Of course, when you destroyed my property you owed me something, and, since we couldn't agree upon the amount, there was nothing to do but leave it to a jury, so I brought the suit. I was willing to



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able by the award of the jury, although it was only \$1,200; but you have seen fit to carry the matter on appeal to the supreme court and prolong this only cause of difference between us."

"I think," Dr. De Roux remarked, "that you both made a mistake by letting the matter go into the courts. Litigation always begets bitterness. The longer it is drawn out the more inveterate becomes the ill feeling. I think yet you ought to take it out of court and settle it as friends and gentlemen."

"I am afraid it is too late," said Latiolais, "as Constant perfected his appeal yesterday and employed a city

lawyer to argue his cause for him in the supreme court."

"No, it is not too late," Quillebert exclaimed. "It is never too late to do good. Let us have another toddy, and when we drink that to friendship I will make a proposition to you."

Their glasses were filled and drained with expressions of good feeling.

"Now," said Quillebert, with a knowing leer in his eyes, "you say, Latiolais—at least I have heard you say many times—that you are the best old sledge player in the parish of Avoyelles. I know you play that game better than you do poker." And he significantly glanced at the bare space on the table in front of Latiolais, then at the piles of red and blue chips on his own side, and continued: "I will offer to play you 11 games of old sledge. If you win six out of the 11, I will pay you \$2,000 as soon as we reach home. If I win six out of the 11, you will give me a receipt in full for the judgment and costs in your suit against me for killing Baptiste. If you agree, I will now write to my attorney in the city instructing him to withdraw the appeal and deliver the letter to the captain to be mailed when the boat stops at Bayou Sara."

"That certainly is a liberal proposition," said Dr. De Roux. "You would do well to accept it, Leonidas."

Latiolais looked down, and his face assumed an expression of doubt and trouble. Oakfell watched the workings of his countenance intently.

"Let's have one more toddy before I decide."

"Agreeable."

With this aid Latiolais accepted the proposal. Calling for writing material and a new deck of cards, Quillebert wrote the message to the lawyer in New Orleans, passing it to Latiolais to be read, addressed, sealed, and handed to the captain of the boat, with the request that he mail it at Bayou Sara. The cards were shuffled and the game was begun, Dr. De Roux keeping score.

The play was silent. Victory went alternately from the one player to the other through ten games. The eleventh was close, but by turning a knave as trump and scoring a six spot as low Quillebert won by a point. Latiolais took pen and paper, wrote and signed a receipt in full of the judgment, principal, interest and costs which he had obtained for the killing of his negro man Baptiste and gave it to Quillebert; also an I O U for the sum of \$300, representing his loss in the game of poker they had previously played. Forcing a smile, he ordered three more glasses of whisky, and when these had been tossed off bade his companions good night and retired. Quillebert and Dr. De Roux strolled to the hurricane deck to soothe their nerves with cigars before seeking sleep. Oakfell repaired to his stateroom soul sickened by what he had witnessed.

## CHAPTER II.

THE FERRY AT BAYOU DU LAC.

**F**ROM FORT DE ROUSSY, on the Red river, to Pointe Mide, on the Bayou Claire, near which "L'Esperance," the Oakfell plantation, lay, was a distance of some 20 miles. The dignifying name of fort was given to a small earthwork which had been thrown up by direction of the United States government under the supervision of Colonel De Roussy at the first rise of Avoyelles prairie abutting on the low alluvial river bottom. Four miles inland from the fort the highroad ran through the little town of Marksville, the parish site or seat of justice. The courthouse and two magazines for cotton were the only brick structures of which it could boast. All the other edifices, including the church, were of wood, painted white or yellow, ranged on either side of a long main street and two lateral and four cross streets intersecting at right angles. The situation of the village was a gentle dip in the prairie, the two sides of which, when the thick foliage of umbrella china, pecan, fig and oak trees was at its full and softened by the sprinkling of rosy flowered myrtles, gave the resemblance to the trough between waves of a great green sea. The population of 600 or 700 souls was almost entirely Gascon French and French creole, of whom but few spoke English. The exceptions were the families of four American lawyers, who had acquired the French language and used it more frequently than their mother tongue.

Nine miles southward from the village the smooth surface of the prairie broke suddenly and the land declined sharply to a broad belt of stiff soil, incalculably fertile, bearing a thick growth of cypress, gum and oak and terminating at Bayou du Lac, wide and deep, on the farther side of which lay the Magnolia hills. These latter were a series of gentle undulations, rising somewhat above the general level of the alluvion and extending quite eight miles to the fine, sandy soil of that perfect agricultural country formed by the network of bayous Rouge, Houff, power, Bouff and Claire. Here the stately magnolia tree dominated, its evergreen leaves of olive hue and varnished freshness preserving to the landscape throughout the year the warm sylvan tints of summer and its big blossoms of creamy white loading the air with the fragrance of combined jasmine and lemon and imbuing with sensuousness the luxuriant spring. Robed in gown of woven vines, which trailed to the ground and flowered in yellow, red, blue and white, the magnolia was truly queen of the forest.

The day had been sultry, overcast by low hanging clouds, from which fell a steady, soaking rain from noon until midnight. An intense darkness succeeded the day, and the rain became fitful, while the lightning was frequent and blinding in its lurid brilliancy. The public road leading from the rope ferry of Bayou du Lac to the Magnolia hills and which constant use had worn to a

deep gully in the soft ground was reduced by the rain almost to a state of ooze, rendering travel arduous and slow. The dwelling of Valsin Moullot, the ferryman, stood in an enclosure near the road and 50 yards from the bayou. Valsin was short and muscular, of middle age and scant education, but blessed with a cheerful mind. He was a widower, with three little girls dependent upon him, and his resources were the public ferry and the yield of 30 acres of cleared land, which he operated with the aid of three slaves—an old man and woman and a boy. This last drew the ferryboat along the wide stretch of rope more frequently than did the ferryman and on such nights as this occupied the lookout shed on the bank to respond to the calls of travelers.

Notwithstanding the warmth of the night and the open doors of the house, a bright fire of cypress bark burned on the hearth of the largest room to resist the moisture with which this low region reeked. In front of the fire sat a stout, broad faced, dark skinned man of advanced years, whose garb of black and turned down band of white about his neck discovered the



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Catholic priest. His hair was thick and as yet untouched by the gray of age, eyes large and strong, and his countenance, though confessing to good living, advertised a spirit of benevolence and charity. This was Father Francois Grhe, cure of Mansura, whose ecclesiastical dominion extended southward to the Bayou Beuf. He had heard a call to the ferry, and later, when the sound of rushing hoofs and wheels in the road fell upon his ear, he had peered out into the darkness, but, notwithstanding the illumination of a lightning flash, had discovered nothing. Valsin entered the room swishing the rain from his broad felt hat and, stamping his wet and muddy boots upon the floor, said:

"I don't like a night like this, father—hot and dripping and heavy. It always makes me feel that something bad is going to happen."

"Keep your soul clean, Valsin," said the priest, "and whatever happens on a night like this cannot be bad for you."

"Oh, it is not for myself—no—that I am uneasy, but I think that persons traveling abroad are sure to meet with accident, and if a man is hurt in the Magnolia hills on such a night he may lie there until morning and no one know of his suffering."

"I have just heard some one drive up from the ferry," observed the priest, "and pass on toward the hills. Who was it, Valsin?"

"I do not know," replied Valsin. "I did not go to the ferry. The boy Pierre is there tonight. But come, father; your supper of chicken, eggs and coffee is ready. You must be very hungry after driving so far and waiting so long."

"Thank you, Valsin. I have an appetite, you may be sure, although I am not impatient, for, you know, I am practiced in fasting."

As the priest rose to follow his host to the supper table a voice came from without, calling:

"Hello, Valsin! Hello! Hello!"

The dogs of the yard set up a furious barking.

Both men stopped, and Valsin, stepping out on the veranda of his house, responded:

"Hello yourself! Who is it? Come in!"

"I can't until you call your dogs off." "Wait; I will be there in a minute. Here, you rascal, Jacques; get away! And you, Rosa; go off! Do you want me to kick you? Now, sir, they won't bite. They know I am here. Who is it I see?"

"Oakfell, Valsin. I have to claim shelter of you."

"Why, bless my heart, Mr. Horace! How do you do? I am glad to see you, sir. Come right in." And he grasped Oakfell's hand and shook it warmly. "What's happened? Where's your buggy?"

"Never mind the buggy, Valsin. Let us get out of this rain and mud," said Oakfell, "and then I will tell you what has happened."

"To be sure, to be sure," said Valsin. "How foolish of me to keep you here at the gate to tell me about it when you can just as well come inside and get dry and comfortable and then tell me and take your own time." And he led his unexpected guest into the house.

Father Grhe gave Oakfell an affectionate greeting, but, observing that his face was scratched and his clothing torn and smeared with mud, manifested anxiety and asked with an air of concern:

"Why, my son, you have met with an accident. Are you hurt?"

"No, I believe I have sustained nothing beyond a rude shaking up. I arrived on the Red Queen at Fort De Roussy this afternoon and, stopping for

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a short time at my office in Marksville, concluded to drive to my plantation this evening. The big black which was recently sent me from Cincinnati had been stabled in town since I left for Baton Rouge in the early part of the season. I had him put to the buggy today. Just as I was getting out of the gully beyond Valsin's field the horse took fright at the upright shafts of an ox cart tilted on end in front of old Grineau's house, which I in the dark did not see. Before I was aware he bounded to the left, leaped up the bank and started on a dead run into the Magnolia hills. I braced myself to hold him in, but he was beyond control, and, positively, I expected to be killed. Had he got as far as the woods he surely would have dashed my brains out against a tree; but, fortunately, at the edge of the field the left wheel of the buggy struck a thorn stump, and everything went to pieces. The buggy, I suppose, has been broken into a thousand fragments. I was thrown violently to the ground, the reins left my grasp, and the horse has gone dashing through the hills like some mad creature. So here I am, all that is left of the cortege that started out so bravely from Marksville, and I may thank my stars that there is this much left sound and unbroken."

"The kind God be thanked, it is the best part which has been saved," said the priest fervently.

"Yes, yes," Valsin added, "we could not afford to lose such a one as Mr. Horace, and we must take the best of care of what God has been good enough to preserve to us."

He hurried Oakfell into another room, calling to his aid the old negro Alonzo, and the two, after delving into various cypress chests and armoirs and bustling about like busy housewives, shortly returned him to the fireside dry and comfortably clad in a suit of Valsin's homemade and clean Attakapas cottonade, his feet incased in a pair of soft moccasins of deerskin. The garments were indeed a scanty fit, but they bestowed the desired comfort, and, no women being present, slight importance was attached to mere appearance.

[CONTINUED.]

### The Red Anarchist Must Go.

From the mansion where the columns rise in lofty grandeur, where Splendid gardens, broadly stretching, lend their fragrance to the air; Where the luxury of riches And the pride of birth appear, There's a loud, clear cry ascending That the listening world may hear— That is growing louder, louder, and is echoed high and low, "The red anarchist must go!"

From the shops where whirling pinions Add their music to the cling Of the hammers on the anvils And the songs the pulleys sing, Where the hissing sparks are flying And the jangling beams are whirled, There's a loud, clear cry ascending That goes echoing through the world— That is carried from the blazing hearths on all the winds that blow, "The red anarchist must go!"

From the orchards where the apples blush upon the leaning trees, Where the drooping corn leaves rattle Little protests to the breeze, Where the stretches of brown stubbles Tell the world of duties done, There's a loud, clear cry ascending That the knaves may hear who run, 'Tis the cry of loyal millions raised against the bestial foe, "The red anarchist must go!"

From the crowded streets where eager People hurry through the day, From the car that swiftly passes, And the slowly moving dray, From the hills and from the valleys Stretching out from sea to sea There's a loud, clear cry of protest From a nation that is free— The cry of outraged reason raised against her filthy foe, "The red anarchist must go!"

—S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

### The Shape of Eggs.

The shape of eggs has nothing to do with the life germ unless the egg is deformed. The shape of the egg conforms to the shape of the ovary and duct; hence we have long eggs, short eggs and round eggs.

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302	9:51 a. m.	302	7:05 a. m.
303	11:21 a. m.	303	9:06 a. m.
304	2:06 p. m.	304	2:50 p. m.
305	5:40 p. m.	305	6:33 p. m.
306	7:20 p. m.	306	9:06 a. m.
307	8:25 p. m.	307	6:48 p. m.

From Chester, Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 308	5:52 a. m.	No. 308	6:07 a. m.
309	8:40 a. m.	309	11:35 a. m.
310	2:27 p. m.	310	2:45 p. m.

\*Runs Daily. +Daily, except Sunday

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 310 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 326 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 360 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 325 and 330 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent, East Liverpool, Ohio.



# MASTER and SLAVE

By... T. H. THORPE

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Three were planters in Avoyelles, one of whom, Dr. De Roux, added the business of a physician to that of cotton raising. His plantation was near the Marais des Cygnes, in the Avoyelles prairie. The second was Constant Quillebert, a low browed, long nosed Gascon Frenchman who had lived on Bayou des Glaives for 20 years, but had never married or become an American citizen. The third was Leonidas Latiolais of Bayou Rouge, a man of 60, whose hair was white and whose blue eyes and short chin bespoke a kindly but weak character. Of the three Latiolais alone threw any warmth into the salutation of Oakfell. The others referred to the legislative incident in a purely polite manner, as if tenderness for him required that it be quickly passed over. Latiolais, however, spoke regretfully of the result, but rather out of sympathy for the young legislator than for the cause he had championed. Oakfell received their different ex-

pressions with apparent unconcern and evinced a preference to avoid any discussion of the supposed merits or demerits of the bill.

After the evening meal had been partaken of in the long saloon, with the usual clatter of china service and scurrying of the numerous yellow and black waiters, the extension tables were closed and run together, and while music, dancing and conversation engaged the women and young folks in the ladies' cabin the tables in the forward end were arranged for cards and were speedily occupied by the older men and some of the younger, gambling being an unfailing feature of the steamboat travel in the fifties. These card tables were in close neighborhood to the bar, and this was the beginning of the barkeeper's business day.

Oakfell passed the greater part of the evening reading in the captain's stateroom on the hurricane deck. Returning to the cabin at 11 o'clock, he found his constituents from Avoyelles at the table nearest the bar. They were not playing, but cards, ivory chips and half drained glasses of liquor were on the table. None of the chips was on the side where Latiolais sat. Some few were in front of Dr. De Roux, and the remainder, in many stacks, were before Quillebert.

The young man sat at a distance from the three, but not so far that their conversation was not audible to him.

Quillebert in a half jocular and half bantering tone said:

"Leonidas, if I were not a man of extraordinary good nature you and I would now be at outs instead of sitting here over a friendly game of poker and clinking our social glasses, because it wasn't neighborly in you to sue me for \$2,000 for that old negro of yours when you know that you couldn't have sold him for \$700 even on credit."

"No, I don't know that," replied Latiolais. "I could have sold him for \$750. But that isn't it. I never tried to sell him, I didn't want to sell him, and, although he was 50 years old when you shot him, I wouldn't have sold him for \$2,000 cash. I was attached to Baptiste. He was the best judge of horses among my negroes. He was faithful and nursed me and my son through the yellow fever, and, although my son died, I have always believed that had it not been for Baptiste's care and watchfulness I should never have recovered. Therefore I never thought that \$2,000 could have at all repaid me for his loss. Moreover, it would have been the act of a good neighbor in you to have complained to me of any offense Baptiste had given you and allowed me to correct him. Instead of that you shot him dead."

"I admit that," said Quillebert, "but when he struck my pointer dog with that ox whip and I saw the blood red den the white skin of the poor brute I was so enraged that I couldn't help shooting the infernal negro down in his tracks, and you would have done the same."

"But had not the dog bitten the negro before he struck it with the whip?" Latiolais inquired.

"I have heard something of that sort," said Quillebert curtly.

"It was a fact," insisted Latiolais, "and the wounds inflicted by the dog's teeth were found upon the dead man's body. But, as we never quarreled about that," Latiolais continued, "let's not quarrel now. Of course, when you destroyed my property you owed me something, and, since we couldn't agree upon the amount, there was nothing to do but leave it to a jury, so I brought the suit. I was willing to



The young man sat at a distance from the three.

abide by the award of the jury, although it was only \$1,200; but you have seen fit to carry the matter on appeal to the supreme court and prolong this only cause of difference between us."

"I think," Dr. De Roux remarked, "that you both made a mistake by letting the matter go into the courts. Litigation always begets bitterness. The longer it is drawn out the more inveterate becomes the ill feeling. I think yet you ought to take it out of court and settle it as friends and gentlemen."

"I am afraid it is too late," said Latiolais. "As Constant perfected his appeal yesterday and employed a city

lawyer to argue his cause for him in the supreme court."

"No, it is not too late," Quillebert exclaimed; "it is never too late to do good. Let us have another toddy, and when we drink that to friendship I will make a proposition to you."

Their glasses were filled and drained with expressions of good feeling.

"Now," said Quillebert, with a knowing leer in his eyes, "you say, Latiolais—at least I have heard you say many times—that you are the best old sledge player in the parish of Avoyelles. I know you play that game better than you do poker." And he significantly glanced at the bare space on the table in front of Latiolais, then at the piles of red and blue chips on his own side, and continued: "I will offer to play you 11 games of old sledge. If you win six out of the 11, I will pay you \$2,000 as soon as we reach home. If I win six out of the 11, you will give me a receipt in full for the judgment and costs in your suit against me for killing Baptiste. If you agree, I will now write to my attorney in the city instructing him to withdraw the appeal and deliver the letter to the captain to be mailed when the boat stops at Bayou Sara."

"That certainly is a liberal proposition," said Dr. De Roux. "You would do well to accept it, Leonidas."

Latiolais looked down, and his face assumed an expression of doubt and trouble. Oakfell watched the workings of his countenance intently.

"Let's have one more toddy before I decide."

"Agreeable."

With this aid Latiolais accepted the proposal. Calling for writing material and a new deck of cards, Quillebert wrote the message to the lawyer in New Orleans, passing it to Latiolais to be read, addressed, sealed, and handed it to the captain of the boat, with the request that he mail it at Bayou Sara. The cards were shuffled and the game was begun, Dr. De Roux keeping score.

The play was silent. Victory went alternately from the one player to the other through ten games. The eleventh was close, but by turning a knave as trump and scoring a six spot as low Quillebert won by a point. Latiolais took pen and paper, wrote and signed a receipt in full of the judgment, principal, interest and costs which he had obtained for the killing of his negro man Baptiste and gave it to Quillebert; also an I O U for the sum of \$300, representing his loss in the game of poker they had previously played. Forcing a smile, he ordered three more glasses of whisky, and when these had been tossed off bade his companions good night and retired. Quillebert and Dr. De Roux strolled to the hurricane deck to soothe their nerves with cigars before seeking sleep. Oakfell repaired to his stateroom sickened by what he had witnessed.

## CHAPTER II.

THE FERRY AT BAYOU DU LAC.

**F**ROM Fort De Roussy, on the Red river, to Pointe Mide, on the Bayou Claire, near which the "L'Esperance," the Oakfell plantation, lay, was a distance of some 20 miles. The dignifying name of fort was given to a small earthwork which had been thrown up by direction of the United States government under the supervision of Colonel De Roussy at the first rise of Avoyelles prairie abutting on the low alluvial river bottom. Four miles inland from the fort the highroad ran through the little town of Marksville, the parish site or seat of justice. The courthouse and two magazines for cotton were the only brick structures of which it could boast. All the other edifices, including the church, were of wood, painted white or yellow, ranged on either side of a long main street and two lateral and four cross streets intersecting at right angles. The situation of the village was a gentle dip in the prairie, the two sides of which, when the thick foliage of umbrella china, pecan, fig and oak trees was at its full and softened by the sprinkling of rosy flowered myrtles, gave the resemblance to the trough between waves of a great green sea. The population of 600 or 700 souls was almost entirely Gascon French and French creole, of whom but few spoke English. The exceptions were the families of four American lawyers, who had acquired the French language and used it more frequently than their mother tongue.

Nine miles southward from the village the smooth surface of the prairie broke suddenly and the land declined sharply to a broad belt of stiff soil, incalculably fertile, bearing a thick growth of cypress, gum and oak and terminating at Bayou du Lac, wide and deep, on the farther side of which lay the Magnolia hills. These latter were a series of gentle undulations, rising somewhat above the general level of the alluvion and extending quite eight miles to the fine, sandy soil of that perfect agricultural country formed by the network of bayous Rouge, Houffou, Bouff and Claire. Here the stately magnolia tree dominated, its evergreen leaves of olive hue and varnished freshness preserving to the landscape throughout the year the warm sylvan tints of summer and its big blossoms of creamy white loading the air with the fragrance of combined jasmine and lemon and imbuing with sensuousness the luxuriant spring. Robed in gown of woven vines, which trailed to the ground and flowered in yellow, red, blue and white, the magnolia was truly queen of the forest.

The day had been sultry, overcast by low hanging clouds, from which fell a steady, soaking rain from noon until midnight. An intense darkness succeeded the day, and the rain became fitful, while the lightning was frequent and blinding in its lurid brilliancy. The public road leading from the rope ferry of Bayou du Lac to the Magnolia hills and which constant use had worn to a

deep gully in the soft ground was reduced by the rain almost to a state of ooze, rendering travel arduous and slow. The dwelling of Valsin Mouillot, the ferryman, stood in an inclosure near the road and 50 yards from the bayou. Valsin was short and muscular, of middle age and scant education, but blessed with a cheerful mind. He was a widower, with three little girls dependent upon him, and his resources were the public ferry and the yield of 30 acres of cleared land, which he operated with the aid of three slaves—an old man and woman and a boy. This last drew the ferryboat along the wide stretch of rope more frequently than did the ferryman and on such nights as this occupied the lookout shed on the bank to respond to the calls of travelers.

Notwithstanding the warmth of the night and the open doors of the house, a bright fire of cypress bark burned on the hearth of the largest room to resist the moisture with which this low region reeked. In front of the fire sat a stout, broad faced, dark skinned man of advanced years, whose garb of black and turned down band of white about his neck discovered the



In front of the fire sat a stout, broad faced, dark skinned man.

Catholic priest. His hair was thick and as yet untouched by the gray of age, eyes large and strong, and his countenance, though confessing to good living, advertised a spirit of benevolence and charity. This was Father Francois Grhe, cure of Mansura, whose ecclesiastical dominion extended southward to the Bayou Bouff. He had heard a call to the ferry, and later, when the sound of rushing hoofs and wheels in the road fell upon his ear, he had peered out into the darkness, but, notwithstanding the illumination of a lightning flash, had discovered nothing. Valsin entered the room swishing the rain from his broad felt hat and, stamping his wet and muddy boots upon the floor, said:

"I don't like a night like this, father—hot and dripping and heavy. It always makes me feel that something bad is going to happen."

"Keep your soul clean, Valsin," said the priest, "and whatever happens on a night like this cannot be bad for you."

"Oh, it is not for myself—no—that I am uneasy, but I think that persons traveling abroad are sure to meet with accident, and if a man is hurt in the Magnolia hills on such a night he may lie there until morning and no one know of his suffering."

"I have just heard some one drive up from the ferry," observed the priest, "and pass on toward the hills. Who was it, Valsin?"

"I do not know," replied Valsin. "I did not go to the ferry. The boy Pierre is there tonight. But come, father; your supper of chicken, eggs and coffee is ready. You must be very hungry after driving so far and waiting so long."

"Thank you, Valsin. I have an appetite, you may be sure, although I am not impatient, for, you know, I am practiced in fasting."

As the priest rose to follow his host to the supper table a voice came from without, calling:

"Hello, Valsin! Hello! Hello!"

The dogs of the yard set up a furious barking.

Both men stopped, and Valsin, stepping out on the veranda of his house, responded:

"Hello yourself! Who is it? Come in!"

"I can't until you call your dogs off." "Wait; I will be there in a minute. Here, you rascal, Jacques; get away! And you, Rosa; go off! Do you want me to kick you? Now, sir, they won't bite. They know I am here. Who is it I see?"

"Oakfell, Valsin. I have to claim shelter of you."

"Why, bless my heart, Mr. Horace! How do you do? I am glad to see you, sir. Come right in." And he grasped Oakfell's hand and shook it warmly. "What's happened? Where's your buggy?"

"Never mind the buggy, Valsin. Let us get out of this rain and mud," said Oakfell, "and then I will tell you what has happened."

"To be sure, to be sure," said Valsin. "How foolish of me to keep you here at the gate to tell me about it when you can just as well come inside and get dry and comfortable and then tell me and take your own time." And he led his unexpected guest into the house.

Father Grhe gave Oakfell an affectionate greeting, but, observing that his face was scratched and his clothing torn and smeared with mud, manifested anxiety and asked with an air of concern:

"Why, my son, you have met with an accident. Are you hurt?"

"No, I believe I have sustained nothing beyond a rude shaking up. I arrived on the Red Queen at Fort De Roussy this afternoon and, stopping for

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**Excursions to PITTSBURGH**  
Via Penna Lines for the New Exposition.

Dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburgh will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year account the Exposition are: Thursday, September 12th, 19th, 26th and October 3d, 10th and 17th from Dennison, Ohio; Cadiz, Ohio; Chester, W. Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Washington, Pa.; and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest System; and from Massillon, Ohio; Ashland, Ohio; Erie, Pa.; Steubenville, Ohio; Philadelphia, Ohio; Piquette, Ohio; and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest System. The return limit on all tickets will be three days including date of sale.

The Pittsburgh Exposition of 1901 will be entirely new in all departments and excel ones of former years. New attractions will include \$5,000 Toboggan Slide, Children's Eden, Museum and Wonderland, A Day in the Alps, the latest Moving Pictures and Magnificent Electric Display. Everything absolutely new.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. Sousa and his band will appear at the Exposition afternoon and evening until September 17th; Danzrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra, September 18th to October 1st; The Famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, October 2d to 12th; Emil Paul and the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, October 13th to 15th. Full information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents in territory mentioned.

ADAM HILL, Ticket Agent,  
East Liverpool, Ohio.

**AN EASTERN TRIP**  
On Excursion Tickets over Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania Lines—or going via Pennsylvania Lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes via Buffalo with privilege of stopping over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Washington, D. C., with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished upon inquiry addressed to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

18-m-w-f-td

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Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25c for a card, write it and mail it, and

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**Pennsylvania Lines.**

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Tie  
In Effect May 26, 1901.

From East Liverpool.  
Cleveland and Pittsburgh Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 302	3:55 a. m.	No. 301	12:35 a. m.
304	6:51 a. m.	305	7:05 a. m.
306	11:21 a. m.	307	9:05 a. m.
308	3:06 p. m.	309	2:50 p. m.
310	5:40 p. m.	311	6:38 p. m.
312	7:30 p. m.	313	9:06 p. m.
314	5:25 p. m.	315	6:45 p. m.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 320	5:52 a. m.	No. 321	6:07 a. m.
322	8:40 a. m.	323	11:35 a. m.
324	2:27 p. m.	325	2:45 p. m.

Runs Daily. \*Daily, except Sunday and Sunday only.

**Pullman Sleeping Cars** are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 303 and 316 between Pittsburgh, Cleveland and via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 326 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashland and tabula and intermediate stations. No. 329 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 325 and 328 connect at Bayard to New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

**The Shape of Eggs.**  
The shape of eggs has nothing to do with the life germ unless the egg is deformed. The shape of the egg conforms to the shape of the ovary and duct; hence we have long eggs, short eggs and round eggs.

**Paper Teeth.**  
False teeth made from paper are said to last a lifetime.

**A Danish Crown.**  
A Danish crown is worth 26.8 cents in this country.



## GOWNS Don't Make The Actress

By  
**ELSIE DEWOLFE**  
"Best Dressed Woman on The American Stage"



One admires a neat gown more than I, but at the same time, what constitutes proper dress? The tendency in America, both among the women of the stage and of society, is toward overdress. The shop-girl, with her white waist and neat cotton skirt, seated in a modest lunchroom at the noon hour, is a better dressed woman than many whom I have seen at the Waldorf-Astoria at the same hour clad in rich velvet and ablaze with jewels.

PROPER DRESS CONSISTS, FIRST, OF A DISPLAY OF GOOD TASTE, WHICH IS USUALLY SHOWN IN MODESTY OF RAIMENT RATHER THAN THE OTHER-EXTREME.

In order to dress well women should study themselves and so discover what is most appropriate to their peculiar charm. They should possess individuality in the selection of their costumes, but should know their own strength before attempting anything that could be considered "daring" in their raiment.

By carefully watching this point almost any woman can dress well—that is, becomingly, no matter how small her income. And every woman desires to be well gowned, for nothing so adds to her appearance and her ability to please. It is a feminine trait, this desire to please, and a woman without it would to my mind be a most unfeminine creature.

BUT I DO NOT THINK THAT A LACK OF PROPER DRESS COULD FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME SUPPRESS REAL TALENT IN AN ACTRESS, NOR COULD A CHANGE OF GOWNS SEVERAL TIMES DAILY MAKE AN ARTIST OF ONE WHOSE ABILITY WAS LIMITED TO THE SELECTION OF SILKS AND LACES ALONE.

It is ability that carries one to the top of the ladder of histrionic fame. Clothes may secure for one an opportunity for an engagement, but it is talent that wins the place.

## American Schoolhouses No Better Than Barns

By **ELIZABETH PHILLIPPS HUGHES**, Special Educational Agent of the British Government

OUR schoolhouses in this country are for the most part dreadful and are a matter of the greatest surprise to me. I have seen some which are little more than barns and which seem positively unsafe and unhealthy. Such a state of affairs is not right in this land, where there is a justifiable boast of the public school system, the best of all agencies in the advancement of humanity. But I know the trouble with your schools—you have too much politics mixed with your education. I have ascertained approximately the amount of money expended by the people for schoolhouses, and the results are not at all commensurate. There should be a better showing for the generosity of the people, but there has been a dreadful leakage, and the people will have to be generous again to remedy the conditions.



## CRIME AND CRIMINALS

By **CESARE LOMBROSO**, Italian Criminologist

GREAT many persons do not comprehend that there may be some other method of defending ourselves against crime than by inflicting punishments which are often but new crimes and in nearly every case the source of other crimes. For the security of the normal part of humanity and for the sake of those unfortunate criminals themselves it is necessary to sequester them in such a way that they cannot commit any further crimes and that all occasion for crime is removed from them. But sequestration, as it is now employed in the case of the insane, must not be a torture for the latter, nor must it be the source of enormous cost to the community.

THE CELL SYSTEM IS HORRIBLE AND SHOULD BE ABOLISHED FOR THE SAKE OF HUMANITY.

Instead of driving these degenerates to insanity, suicide or a slow and painful death we should seek to direct the impulses and energy of the criminals into useful and beneficial channels. Finding an outlet for his energy and natural satisfaction in the exercise of his organs in a direction toward which he naturally inclines, the criminal will work with pleasure and to the advantage of himself and others.

I have known born criminals in high positions who satisfied evil inclinations by the exercise of their profession and became useful members of human society.

I HAVE KNOWN A FAMOUS SURGEON WHO IN THE FORMATION OF HIS SKULL AS WELL AS IN HIS FACE PRESENTED EVERY CHARACTERISTIC OF A BORN CRIMINAL AND WHO SATISFIED HIS CRUEL AND CRIMINAL TENDENCIES AND ENERGIES BY SURGERY, SOME-TIMES RATHER RISKY, BUT ALWAYS INGENIOUS.

Genius, like moral insanity, has its basis in epilepsy, and it is therefore not unusual to see moral insanity go hand in hand with genius and thus become not only inoffensive, but even useful to society. Many of the great conquerors and leaders of revolutions whose deeds are recorded in history belonged to that class.

To properly direct the dangerous inclinations and tendencies of the born criminals and morally insane and divert them into useful and beneficial channels seems to me the only correct and logical treatment.



IN ADDITION TO THE INDIAN IN THE CANOE, THERE ARE A PAPOOSE, A TRAPPER AND ANOTHER INDIAN. CAN YOU FIND THEM?

## CHURCH AND LABOR.

A Protestant Episcopal Arbitration Board Provided For, In

RESOLUTION TO BE OFFERED.

At Triennial Convention at San Francisco—Intended to Settle Disputes Between Labor and Capital, in Spirit of Prince of Peace.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—An important resolution to be presented to the general convention of the Episcopal church will be one drawn up by the committee on the state of the church, relative to the disagreements between employers and employees. After a brief preamble, stating that it is the Divine mission of the church to be a mediator, the resolution continues:

"Resolved, that a joint commission of both houses, to consist of three bishops, three presbyters and three laymen, be appointed, the bishops in such manner as the house of bishops shall determine, and the other members by the president of this house, as a standing commission upon the relations of capital and labor, whose duty it shall be:

"First, to study carefully the aims and purposes of the labor organizations of our country; second, in particular to investigate the cause of industrial disturbances as may arise; and third, to hold themselves in readiness to act as arbitrators should their services be desired between the men and their employers, with a view of bringing about mutual conciliation and harmony in the spirit of the Prince of Peace.

"Resolved, that the said commission shall make report of its proceedings to the general convention.

"Resolved, That it is desirable that the above named commission should be named by reappointment every three years."

As on last Sunday, the pulpits of all the Episcopal churches in this city and adjacent places were filled Sunday by eminent divines who are here as delegates to the triennial convention of the church.

## A PAPAL CONSISTORY.

May Be Held In February, Opinion Expressed by Churchmen in Washington.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In well-informed Catholic circles here it is believed that the next consistory of the Catholic church at Rome will be held in February, when Pope Leo XIII. attains the twenty-fifth year of his pontificate. While there have been no definite advices to this effect it is thought likely that this assembly will open the jubilee to signalize the closing of the quarter century of Pope Leo's regime and that he will take advantage of it to deliver an allocution, taking a strong position on the question of assassination among other things.

Cardinal Martinelli will remain in office here until about time for the consistory. No authoritative word has yet reached here regarding the succession. In view of his past experience it is quite likely that Cardinal Martinelli will be assigned in Rome to the congregations of the holy office, known as "the inquisition," which watches the morals and discipline of the church, and the propaganda, which deals with the propaganda of the faith.

Cardinal Martinelli and two or three of the newly-created cardinals, as well as possibly several cardinals and bishops that may meantime be created, will receive the red hat at the public session of the coming consistory.

## LUTHERAN CHURCH COUNCIL.

Divine Worship at Different Churches at Lima, O.

Lima, O., Oct. 14.—There was a suspension of business Sunday by the grand council of the Lutheran church of North America, assembled here in

biennial session, and the day was voted to Divine worship at the different churches of all denominations, whose pulpits were extended to and occupied by the visitors. At St. Paul's Lutheran church there were extra services morning and evening. At the morning service Rev. Joseph A. Seiss, former president of the general council of Philadelphia, delivered the sermon. There was a meeting of the Luther league at 6 o'clock last evening. Addresses were delivered by Revs. Charles L. Frey, of Philadelphia, George H. Schour, Jr., assistant literary secretary of the Luther league, and W. K. Frick, of Milwaukee.

The evening church services consisted of an elaborate musical program and the following addresses: "Our Sunday School Literature," by Rev. Theodore E. Schmuck, of Lebanon, Pa.; "Lutheran Young People's Societies," by Rev. Alfred Ramsey, of Minneapolis; "Our Ungathered Multitude," by Prof. George G. Geberling, of Chicago; "Lutheran Church Music and Organists," by Rev. Adolph Speath, of Philadelphia, and "Lutheran Loyalty to God's Work," by the Rev. David H. Geissinger, of Pittsburgh.

The work will be taken up today with the report of the committee on foreign missions, where it left off at adjournment Saturday.

## PRIZES FOR RAILROADERS.

The Pennsylvania General Managers Make Awards For Keeping Tracks In Good Condition.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—The general managers' annual inspection of the Pennsylvania railroad was finished when the special inspection trains reached Jersey City. The prize winners were announced from General J. B. Hutchinson's office.

Gamble LaRoche, supervisor division 2, Maryland division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, with Assistant C. S. Heritage, had throughout year best lined and surfaced track on main line.

Prizes for best lined track and surface during year on superintendents' divisions on main line were awarded as follows: New York division, G. H. Rhodes, Tacony, supervisor division G; G. R. Sannickson, assistant supervisor Philadelphia division; A. B. Cuthbert, Middletown, supervisor division 4; M. I. Ward, assistant supervisor.

Middle division—J. H. Gumbes, Mifflin, Pa., supervisor division 6; J. H. Monaghan, assistant supervisor. Pittsburgh division—C. S. Krick, supervisor; W. H. Johnson, assistant supervisor.

For best main line and surface at time of annual inspection, winners were (first prize) Supervisor G. H. Rhodes and assistant, G. R. Sannickson, of supervisors' division G, New York division; second prize, Supervisor Gamble LaRoche and assistant, C. S. Heritage, division 2, Maryland division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore.

Prize for best main line yard at date of annual inspection awarded to Supervisor George P. Miller, Jersey City yard, New York division, and prize for best lined and surfaced main line foreman's division at date of annual inspection won by Harry Stull, foreman sub-division E, supervisors' division 4, Philadelphia division.

Prizes amounted in all to \$5,000.

## A MURDER OCCURRED.

Two Negroes Quarreled Over Girl; One Shoots the Other.

Mount Pleasant, Pa., Oct. 14.—George Megs was fatally shot here by Robert Lewis. Both are negroes. The trouble arose at a festival the negroes of this place were holding, and Megs and Lewis got into an argument concerning a girl. One word led on to another until Lewis pulled out his revolver and shot Megs four times. Megs died instantly.

Lewis went home and was in bed when Chief of Police Nugent arrested him. The victim, who was 19 years old, was recently a porter at the Hotel Cooper, of this place, and had always been of a quiet disposition.

Identified as James A. Taylor.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—The body discovered at the Horseshoe curve on the Allegheny mountains, near here, late Friday afternoon, has proved to be from papers and other evidence found that of James A. Taylor, who lived at Huntingdon during 1900.

## LACK OF ISSUES.

Ohio Democrats Have Nothing On Which to Appeal

To the Honest, Intelligent Voters of the State—The Tom Johnson Taxation Had a Fizzle.

A purely legal problem, entirely technical at every point, and beyond the decision of any one except the courts as a last resort, is all that the Ohio Democrats have of their alleged campaign on state issues. They have ransacked the records from end to end and from top to bottom, and have been utterly unable to locate a single point against the administration of Governor Nash that amounts to anything to talk about, even in their reckless way of telling things. The Tom Johnson hullabaloo over railroad taxation is absolutely the only attempt at an issue that they have left, and that simmers down to a controversy that the courts alone can settle.

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WITH ITS NEW BUILDINGS AND NEW MUSIC HALL  
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**SOUSA BAND**  
Sept. 4 to Sept. 17th.

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WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.  
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**THE FAMOUS BANDA ROSSA**,  
Italy's Greatest Musical Organization.  
Oct. 2d to Oct. 12th.

**EMIL PAUR AND THE NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA**  
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**NEW ATTRACTIONS.**  
\$15,000 Toboggan Slide.  
Children's Eden Music & Wonderland  
A Day in the Alps.  
The Latest Moving Pictures.  
Magnificent Electric Display.  
EVERYTHING ABSOLUTELY NEW.  
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.  
One Fare for the Round Trip on all Railroads.

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Special coach excursion tickets good leaving Buffalo up to midnight of Thursday following date of sale will be sold Tuesdays at \$4.65.

Tourist tickets at special fares may also be obtained for trips via Buffalo to resorts in Canada. Such tickets will be good for stop over at Buffalo to see the Pan-American Exposition, by payment of \$1 extra at Buffalo.

For time tables and further information apply to ADAM HILL, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, East Liverpool, O.

**DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS**  
Made This Change.

DO YOU suffer from Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotence, Nightly Emission, Shrunken or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Treat by mail on receipt of price. **DR. MOTT'S MEDICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.**

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and F. Larkin

## Headache?

You need a gentle heart stimulant which leaves no bad after effects.

**Clinic Headache Wafers**  
are sure and speedy, easily taken, do not depress—absolutely harmless.

**The True Heart Tonic.**  
**CLINIC PHARMACAL CO.,**  
TORONTO, OHIO.  
ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To-Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

## WANTED.

**WANTED**—Position by young man as assistant bookkeeper, clerk in office or store, or any light employment; best of references. Address Box 353, East Liverpool, O. 101-J\*

**WANTED**—A good girl to take off for a dipper; steady work. Apply immediately at the C. C. Thompson Pottery. 100-r

**WANTED**—Ladies to visit our Cloak and Suit Department, second floor. The Leader, Washington street. 100-r

**WANTED**—Men to visit our new popular priced Furnishing Department, and see those new 50 cent shirts. The Leader, Washington street. 100-r

**WANTED**—Men to buy our complete line of Winter Underwear and save 30 per cent. The Leader, Washington street. 100-r

**WANTED**—Two girl boarders. Inquire 312 Fifth street, city. 100-r

**WANTED**—A good girl for general housework; call at once. 331 Fourth street. 98-127

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**FOR SALE**—Cord wood by the cord. Apply to Ed E. Anderson, 447 Lisbon street. 101-r

**FOR SALE**—Fine limestone land farm, 180 acres in Belmont county, one-half mile from county seat, all underlaid with high grade coal. One vein under 125 estimated about 500,000 tons, another vein under entire 180 acres estimated over 1,000,000 tons. A total of about 1,500,000 tons. Railroad within one-half mile. Can be had at farm price, settling estate. This is an investment which will bring positive and profitable return. For further information address "W," care Evening News Review. 100-47-17

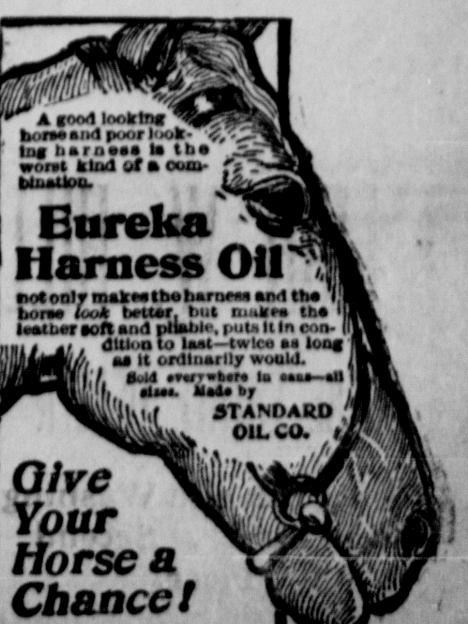
**McKINLEY MEMORIAL**—Contains 400 beautiful half-tone engravings, with short description of each, and printed on heavy embossed paper; views taken during funeral of our late President; every family should have one; sent postage prepaid to any address for 50 cents; agents wanted. S. M. Liggett, room 1, No. 117 South Cleveland avenue, Canton, O. 92-2wks

## FOR RENT.

**FOR RENT**—Three rooms on Washington street, suitable for man and wife. Inquire of J. H. McKinnon, 111 Washington street. 101-r\*

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**HOME WORK**—The year round; no canvassing; \$5 to \$6 weekly, working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclose stamp; work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg Co., Toledo, O. 101-r\*





## GOWNS Don't Make The Actress

By  
**ELSIE DE WOLFE**  
"Best Dressed Woman on The American Stage"



One admires a neat gown more than I, but at the same time, what constitutes proper dress? The tendency in America, both among the women of the stage and of society, is toward overdress. The shop-girl, with her white waist and neat cotton skirt, seated in a modest lunchroom at the noon hour, is a better dressed woman than many whom I have seen at the Waldorf-Astoria at the same hour clad in rich velvet and ablaze with jewels.

PROPER DRESS CONSISTS, FIRST, OF A DISPLAY OF GOOD TASTE, WHICH IS USUALLY SHOWN IN MODESTY OF RAIMENT RATHER THAN THE OTHER-EXTREME.

In order to dress well women should study themselves and so discover what is most appropriate to their peculiar charm. They should possess individuality in the selection of their costumes, but should know their own strength before attempting anything that could be considered "daring" in their raiment.

By carefully watching this point almost any woman can dress well—that is, becomingly, no matter how small her income. And every woman desires to be well gowned, for nothing so adds to her appearance and her ability to please. It is a feminine trait, this desire to please, and a woman without it would to my mind be a most unfeminine creature.

BUT I DO NOT THINK THAT A LACK OF PROPER DRESS COULD FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME SUPPRESS REAL TALENT IN AN ACTRESS, NOR COULD A CHANGE OF GOWNS SEVERAL TIMES DAILY MAKE AN ARTIST OF ONE WHOSE ABILITY WAS LIMITED TO THE SELECTION OF SILKS AND LACES ALONE.

It is ability that carries one to the top of the ladder of histrionic fame. Clothes may secure for one an opportunity for an engagement, but it is talent that wins the place.

## American Schoolhouses No Better Than Barns

By **ELIZABETH PHILLIPPS HUGHES**, Special Educational Agent of the British Government

OUR schoolhouses in this country are for the most part dreadful and are a matter of the greatest surprise to me. I have seen some which are little more than barns and which seem positively unsafe and unhealthful. Such a state of affairs is not right in this land, where there is a justifiable boast of the public school system, the best of all agencies in the advancement of humanity. But I know the trouble with your schools—you have too much politics mixed with your education. I have ascertained approximately the amount of money expended by the people for schoolhouses, and the results are not at all commensurate. There should be a better showing for the generosity of the people, but there has been a dreadful leakage, and the people will have to be generous again to remedy the conditions.



## CRIME AND CRIMINALS

By **CESARE LOMBROSO**, Italian Criminologist

GREAT many persons do not comprehend that there may be some other method of defending ourselves against crime than by inflicting punishments which are often but new crimes and in nearly every case the source of other crimes. For the security of the normal part of humanity and for the sake of those unfortunate criminals themselves it is necessary to sequester them in such a way that they cannot commit any further crimes and that all occasion for crime is removed from them. But sequestration, as it is now employed in the case of the insane, must not be a torture for the latter, nor must it be the source of enormous cost to the community.

THE CELL SYSTEM IS HORRIBLE AND SHOULD BE ABOLISHED FOR THE SAKE OF HUMANITY.

Instead of driving these degenerates to insanity, suicide or a slow and painful death we should seek to direct the impulses and energy of the criminals into useful and beneficial channels. Finding an outlet for his energy and natural satisfaction in the exercise of his organs in a direction toward which he naturally inclines, the criminal will work with pleasure and to the advantage of himself and others.

I have known born criminals in high positions who satisfied evil inclinations by the exercise of their profession and became useful members of human society.

I HAVE KNOWN A FAMOUS SURGEON WHO IN THE FORMATION OF HIS SKULL AS WELL AS IN HIS FACE PRESENTED EVERY CHARACTERISTIC OF A BORN CRIMINAL AND WHO SATISFIED HIS CRUEL AND CRIMINAL TENDENCIES AND ENERGIES BY SURGERY, SOME TIMES RATHER RISKY, BUT ALWAYS INGENIOUS.

Genius, like moral insanity, has its basis in epilepsy, and it is therefore not unusual to see moral insanity go hand in hand with genius and thus become not only inoffensive, but even useful to society. Many of the great conquerors and leaders of revolutions whose deeds are recorded in history belonged to that class.

To properly direct the dangerous inclinations and tendencies of the born criminals and morally insane and divert them into useful and beneficial channels seems to me the only correct and logical treatment.



IN ADDITION TO THE INDIAN IN THE CANOE, THERE ARE A PAPOOSE, A TRAPPER AND ANOTHER INDIAN. CAN YOU FIND THEM?

## CHURCH AND LABOR.

A Protestant Episcopal Arbitration Board Provided For, In

RESOLUTION TO BE OFFERED.

At Triennial Convention at San Francisco—Intended to Settle Disputes Between Labor and Capital, in Spirit of Prince of Peace.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—An important resolution to be presented to the general convention of the Episcopal church will be one drawn up by the committee on the state of the church, relative to the disagreements between employers and employees. After a brief preamble, stating that it is the Divine mission of the church to be a mediator, the resolution continues:

"Resolved, the house of bishops concurring, that a joint commission of both houses, to consist of three bishops, three presbyters and three laymen, be appointed, the bishops in such manner as the house of bishops shall determine, and the other members by the president of this house, as a standing commission upon the relations of capital and labor, whose duty it shall be:

"First, to study carefully the aims and purposes of the labor organizations of our country; second, in particular to investigate the cause of industrial disturbances as may arise; and third, to hold themselves in readiness to act as arbitrators should their services be desired between the men and their employers, with a view of bringing about mutual conciliation and harmony in the spirit of the Prince of Peace.

"Resolved, That the said commission shall make report of its proceedings to the general convention.

"Resolved, That it is desirable that the above named commission should be named by reappointment every three years."

As on last Sunday, the pulpits of all the Episcopal churches in this city and adjacent places were filled Sunday by eminent divines who are here as delegates to the triennial convention of the church.

## A PAPAL CONSISTORY.

May Be Held In February, Opinion Expressed by Churchmen In Washington.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In well-informed Catholic circles here it is believed that the next consistory of the Catholic church at Rome will be held in February, when Pope Leo XIII. attains the twenty-fifth year of his pontificate. While there have been no definite advices to this effect it is thought likely that this assembly will open the jubilee to signalize the closing of the quarter century of Pope Leo's regime and that he will take advantage of it to deliver an allocution, taking a strong position on the question of assassination among other things.

Cardinal Martinelli will remain in office here until about time for the consistory. No authoritative word has yet reached here regarding the successorship. In view of his past experience it is quite likely that Cardinal Martinelli will be assigned in Rome to the congregations of the holy office, known as "the inquisition," which watches the morals and discipline of the church, and the propaganda, which deals with the propaganda of the faith.

Cardinal Martinelli and two or three of the newly-created cardinals, as well as possibly several cardinals and bishops that may meantime be created, will receive the red hat at the public session of the coming consistory.

## LUTHERAN CHURCH COUNCIL.

Divine Worship at Different Churches at Lima, O.

Lima, O., Oct. 14.—There was a suspension of business Sunday by the grand council of the Lutheran church of North America, assembled here in

biennial session, and the day was voted to Divine worship at the different churches of all denominations, whose pulpits were extended to and occupied by the visitors. At St. Paul's Lutheran church there were extra services morning and evening. At the morning service Rev. Joseph A. Seiss, former president of the general council of Philadelphia, delivered the sermon. There was a meeting of the Luther league at 6 o'clock last evening. Addresses were delivered by Revs. Charles L. Frey, of Philadelphia, George H. Schour, Jr., assistant literary secretary of the Luther league, and W. K. Frick, of Milwaukee.

The evening church services consisted of an elaborate musical program and the following addresses: "Our Sunday School Literature," by Rev. Theodore E. Schmuck, of Lebanon, Pa.; "Lutheran Young People's Societies," by Rev. Alfred Ramsey, of Minneapolis; "Our Ungathered Multitude," by Prof. George G. Geberling, of Chicago; "Lutheran Church Music and Organists," by Rev. Adolph Speath, of Philadelphia, and "Lutheran Loyalty to God's Work," by the Rev. David H. Geissinger, of Pittsburgh.

The work will be taken up tomorrow with the report of the committee on foreign missions, where it left off at adjournment Saturday.

## PRIZES FOR RAILROADERS.

The Pennsylvania General Managers Make Awards For Keeping Tracks In Good Condition.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—The general managers' annual inspection of the Pennsylvania railroad was finished when the special inspection trains reached Jersey City. The prize winners were announced from General J. B. Hutchinson's office.

Gamble Labrobe, supervisor division 2, Maryland division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, with Assistant C. S. Heritage, had throughout year best lined and surfaced track on main line.

Prizes for best lined track and surface during year on superintendents' divisions on main line were awarded as follows: New York division, G. H. Rhodes, Tacony, supervisor division G; G. R. Sannickson, assistant supervisor Philadelphia division; A. B. Cuthbert, Middletown, supervisor division 4; M. I. Ward, assistant supervisor.

Middle division—J. H. Gumbes, Mifflin, Pa., supervisor division 6; J. H. Monaghan, assistant supervisor.

Pittsburgh division—C. S. Krick, supervisor; W. H. Johnson, assistant supervisor.

For best main line and surface at time of annual inspection, winners were (first prize) Supervisor G. H. Rhodes and assistant, G. R. Sannickson, of supervisors' division G, New York division; second prize, Supervisor Gamble Labrobe and assistant, C. S. Heritage, division 2, Maryland division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore.

Prize for best main line yard at date of annual inspection awarded to Supervisor George P. Miller, Jersey City yard, New York division, and prize for best lined and surfaced main line foreman's division at date of annual inspection won by Harry Stull, foreman sub-division E, supervisors' division 4, Philadelphia division.

Prizes amounted in all to \$8,000.

## A MURDER OCCURRED.

Two Negroes Quarreled Over Girl; One Shoots the Other.

Mount Pleasant, Pa., Oct. 14.—George Megs was fatally shot here by Robert Lewis. Both are negroes. The trouble arose at a festival the negroes of this place were holding, and Megs and Lewis got into an argument concerning a girl. One word led on to another until Lewis pulled out his revolver and shot Megs four times. Megs died instantly.

Lewis went home and was in bed when Chief of Police Nugent arrested him. The victim, who was 19 years old, was recently a porter at the Hotel Cooper, of this place, and had always been of a quiet disposition.

Identified as James A. Taylor.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—The body discovered at the Horseshoe curve on the Allegheny mountains, near here, late Friday afternoon, has proved to be from papers and other evidence found that of James A. Taylor, who lived at Huntingdon during 1900.

## LACK OF ISSUES.

Ohio Democrats Have Nothing On Which to Appeal

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A good looking horse and poor looking harness is the worst kind of a combination.

**Bureka Harness Oil**

not only makes the harness and the horse look better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts it in condition to last—twice as long as it ordinarily would.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by **STANDARD OIL CO.**

**Give Your Horse a Chance!**



Our Ever Increasing Business Demands a Greater Selection of Properties to Sell; So Place Your Real Estate With Us if You Want it Sold.

Our Charge is Small.

No "For Sale" Cards On Your Property Unless You So Order.

**ELIJAH W. HILL,**  
REAL ESTATE DEALER  
Corner 6th and Washington Street. Second Floor.

## HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Large Y. M. C. A. Meeting—David Donald, of Pittsburg, addressed a large meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon after a ten-minute initiatory talk in the Diamond. Mr. Donald is a very earnest speaker, and produced a good impression. Prof. Phillips, with his choir rendered selections both in the Diamond and at the hall.

## FOUR PRISONERS

TAKEN FROM LISBON TO PLACES OF CONFINEMENT.

Jury in an East Liverpool Damage Case—Minor Matters in Court.

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Four prisoners recently sentenced in common pleas court were taken to the Canton workhouse today by Deputy Sheriff Chris Bick. They were: Fred Bradley, East Liverpool, term four months; John Skelly, Wellsville, 30 days; Charles Button, Salem, six months; John Elliott, Irondale, 30 days.

John Bratt, of East Liverpool, was taken to the asylum at Massillon.

A special jury has been drawn to view and assess the value of certain property in East Liverpool, belonging to M. E. Golding and others which was condemned by the city council for the purpose of widening Robinson street. The jurors are: I. B. Clark, Wellsville; E. C. Luton, Center township; W. G. Bentley, Perry township; H. L. Snyder and David Stouffer, Salem township, and Pressley Hart, Washington township. They are to appear in probate court October 18.

Letters of administration have been granted by the probate court to A. G. Smith, on the estate of the late Hugh Pugh, of Wellsville township; bond \$200.

J. F. Rauch, of East Liverpool, has appealed to common pleas court the case in which he was defendant and H. H. Householder plaintiff. It was tried in Justice McCarron's court. Householder got judgment for \$20.13.

## A SMALL FIRE.

Blaze on the Roof of a Washington Street Dwelling.

A small fire occurred at 11:45 this morning at a dwelling house occupied by the Hymes family on Washington street.

The blaze started from a defective flue and ignited the shingles on the roof about the chimney. The department was called and a ladder run up. The fire was extinguished with the aid of a Babcock. The building is owned by W. L. Thompson and the danger was slight.

## STARVING HIMSELF

Mast Estate Attorney Refuses Food While in Jail at Springfield.

Columbus, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Geo. A. Thatcher, in jail at Springfield, charged with forgery against the Mast estate, is trying to starve himself to death. He refuses all food. Force will be used to make him eat.

Buy your boy a nice, nobby Suit, with a double-breasted Vest, at 100-eod-1

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Dr. Beardsley.

Dr. Beardsley closed his course of lectures at the East End Saturday night. The doctor will remain in this city, at the home of Mrs. Diedrich, corner Broadway and Robinson, until tomorrow (Tuesday) evening.

**WATER CONSUMERS, NOTICE.**  
ALL WATER RENTS ARE DUE. PRIVATE CONSUMERS SAVE 10 PER CENT BY PROMPT PAYMENT. OFFICE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M. AND FROM 7 P. M. TO 9 P. M. SATURDAY EVENINGS DURING OCTOBER.  
J. W. GIPNER, Secretary.

We will have on sale this week the latest Soft Hat made by Young Bros., of New York City, price \$3.00. Come and see it at 100-eod-1

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—A first-class furnished room, centrally located, with privilege of bath. Address "M," care of News Review office. 101-r

FOR SALE—A new six-room residence, near the center of city; price \$2,550. Inquire 133 Jefferson street. 102-j\*

FOUND—A small grip containing a pair of trousers, a number of linen collars and a shirt. Owner can have same by calling at News Review office and paying for this advertisement. 102-r

## GREAT MEETING OF THE TURNERS

Executive Committee Session Held Here Yesterday An Important One.

## THE COMING TURNFEST

Discussed By the Members And Columbian Park Considered a Satisfactory Place for Holding It—A Fine Dinner Served.

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Representatives were present from 20 of the 24 societies composing the district, and a number of matters of importance to the societies were discussed.

Considerable time was devoted to the consideration of a place for holding the next turnfest. One of the principal reasons for holding the meeting in this city was the fact that East Liverpool has been pushing her claim for the meeting, and the board could not see its way clear to consent until the ground was gone over and a thorough investigation made as to the disposition of the citizens generally. Chairman Herman Schuster, of Pittsburg, presided at the meeting and after some discussion it was determined to visit the grounds which the local board has selected in case the meet is brought here.

The society in this city was impressed with the magnitude of the undertaking and the importance of making it a success provided East Liverpool is chosen. The district is made up of societies of western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and a section of West Virginia, and it is assured that at least 300 gymnasts will be present to take part in the events.

This latter element is made up of only the active Turners. In addition to these there will be upwards of 10,000 visitors from the different towns in the district. All these matters were impressed upon the local society in order that the members have a thorough knowledge of the proposition they would be called upon to face.

Another question which always receives attention at these meetings was the movement started by the Turner society in this country several years ago for the introduction of their system of physical culture into the public schools. Reports were received from different cities in the district, all going to show that rapid strides are being made toward the desired end.

It was learned that almost one-half of the schools of Pittsburg had adopted the system, and were presided over in this department by a competent turn teacher. Like reports were received from other cities, and in a number of instances it was shown that while the system had not yet been made a part of the studies, the educational boards took kindly to the plan and would undoubtedly adopt it very soon.

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Mr. Roth announced that on next Saturday, Oct. 19, a meeting of all the turn teachers in the Pittsburg district would be held at Central Turner hall, Pittsburg. The object of this meeting is to adopt rules and regulations and arrange plans to govern the field meet which may come to this city in 1902. The meeting will be an important one, as upon the regulations adopted by the various masters will depend the success or failure of the competing societies.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock and the members repaired to the dining room, where the ladies of the turners had provided a sumptuous dinner.

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Supper was served by the ladies at 5:30, and the delegates from Pittsburg and other eastern points returned home on the evening train.

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Presence of Mind of Himself And Another Probably Saved His Life.

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The floor of the elevator hit Welling on top of the head and he would undoubtedly have been killed had it not been for his presence of mind in giving the alarm. When the man on the elevator heard Welling's cries he immediately stopped its descent and started it up.

Welling's head and chin were badly injured and he was otherwise bruised about the body. He was taken to his home and is doing well today.

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Went Driver And Vehicle, And One of the Horses Drowned.

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100-eod-1

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102-h

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Total Cost \$246,930 — Sheep-Killing Dogs' Costly Work—Other Statistics.

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Amount added to tax duplicates for 1900 by inquisitors, \$786,940; amount of taxes on property so added, \$19,598; amount paid to tax inquisitors, \$2,059.

During the year 594 sheep, valued at \$2,174, were killed by dogs in the county; sheep injured by dogs, 273; estimated damage, \$653; amount of per capita tax on dogs collected, \$2,688.70; amount dog tax on hand at the beginning of the year, \$1,755.47; amount paid for sheep killed, \$1,695.50; for sheep injured, \$515.08; amount paid for witness fees, \$11.20; balance of dog tax remaining in treasury August 1, 1901, \$2,122.39.

## AN AUTOMOBILE BANK.

Novel and Advanced Means For Saving Adopted by French Peasantry.

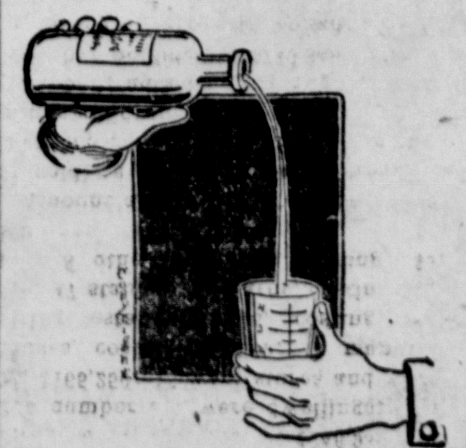
People in the United States have heard of automobiles, gun carriages and wagons for parcel delivery, but probably few are aware that there exists an automobile bank, says the New York Sun. Such, however, is the case, and the new institution is the property of the town of Mezieres, in the Ardennes, France.

For some time past the fact has been recognized by the leading citizens of Mezieres that there existed a strong desire on the part of the peasantry of that place to lay aside part of their earnings for "a rainy day," but in order to reach a savings bank they have been compelled to leave their work and come into town, which meant to many a journey of several miles. In the summer months, when the country folk were busy, such a trip occupied more time than could well be afforded, and in consequence the banks' deposits decreased noticeably during three or four months of the year. Now, instead of having to go to the bank to deposit their savings, residents on the outskirts of Mezieres will have the bank brought to them.

In construction the new vehicle is unique. It is propelled by electricity and has four seats, one in front for the driver and three in the rear for the staff of the institution. These three seats surround a revolving table, located in the center of the carriage; on which the business of the bank may be transacted. Writing desks capable of being folded up when not in use are arranged over each of the seats in such a way that when open they extend out from the sides of the carriage, in a manner suitable for the use of persons standing outside who desire to open an account with the bank. On the table are to be found shelves for books, adequate stationery for the use of the clerks and a small metallic strong box.

On certain prearranged days the car will make a tour of the country districts, stopping here and there as long as it may be necessary to dispose of the business in hand. On all sides the scheme so far has met with approval, the bank clerks especially having welcomed the innovation heartily inasmuch as it will afford them an opportunity to breathe the fresh country air during the hot weather. If its original purpose is carried out, the automobile bank seems likely to prove very popular and successful.

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Drink in the preparations put to Your up and sold by us. Own Health Something on our shelves for every ill that flesh is heir to. And it is what has proved the best of many remedies.

**Drugs and Medicines** of the greatest purity and absolute freshness are sold here and used in compounding

**Prescriptions.** These give the best results. Cost no more than inferior drugs.

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COLUMBIAN PARK... WEEK OF OCTOBER 14.

DANCING

Tuesday evening.....Private

Wednesday evening.....Public

Friday evening.....Private

Saturday evening.....Public

SHEKLE'S ORCHESTRA.

Joseph Cassidy, Mgr.

MASQUERADE BALL... At Columbian Park. OCTOBER 30, 1901.

Admission, Gents, 50c; Ladies, 25c. No person will be allowed to dance unless masked in full costume.

Sampson Delayed Sending Message.

Washington, Oct. 14.—A feature of the Schley inquiry Saturday was the fact which Mr. Rayner developed, that, although Admiral Sampson had been advised by Colonel Allen on the morning of May 20 that Cervera was in Santiago, he did not send a dispatch by the Hawk to Schley informing him of this fact until the evening of May 21. This was also 24 hours after Sampson had received a confirmation of the information. Even then it was developed that he had told Schley to go to Santiago if, in his judgment, the Spaniards were not at Cienfuegos.

Knights Hold Memorial Services.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—Local lodges of Knights of Pythias held memorial services in the opera house here in honor of the late President McKinley, at which addresses were made by Past Supreme Chancellor Thomas G. Sample, of Pittsburg; Rev. H. L. Jacobs and Mr. W. H. Schwartz, of this city.

Another Riot at Scranton, Pa.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14.—Another riot occurred in connection with the street car strike, but again fortunately there were no very serious results.

Syringes, Trusses,

Supporters, Water

Bottles, Ice Packs.

A good Fountain Syringe for 75c.

Hodson's Drug Store

Cor. 5th and Broadway.

Money! Money! Money!

Do you want to Invest? Take it to

The Pottery Building and Savings Company

Corner 5th and Washington Sts.

Which in 12½ years has paid Earnings of \$316,973.60.

Dividends have never been less than 6 per cent. per annum, paid semi-annually.

Do you want to Borrow? We will loan you at 6 75-100 per cent. and allow you to share in the earnings. No delay. We have the money.

New Era Restaurant,

Billiard Hall and Cafe.

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up to date. Table d'hote meals 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished billiard and pool room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St.,

East Liverpool, Ohio.

J. C. WALSH, Prop.

Oysters

The season is now open.

The best, properly cooked and served, at

The Stag,

125 and 127 Second St.

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.



Our Ever Increasing Business Demands a Greater Selection of Properties to Sell; So Place Your Real Estate With Us if You Want it Sold.

Our Charge is Small.

No "For Sale" Cards On Your Property Unless You So Order.

**ELIJAH W. HILL,**  
REAL ESTATE DEALER  
Corner 6th and Washington Street. Second Floor.

## HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

**Large Y. M. C. A. Meeting.**—David Donald, of Pittsburg, addressed a large meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon after a ten-minute initiatory talk in the Diamond. Mr. Donald is a very earnest speaker, and produced a good impression. Prof. Phillips, with his choir rendered selections both in the Diamond and at the hall.

## FOUR PRISONERS

TAKEN FROM LISBON TO PLACES OF CONFINEMENT.

Jury in an East Liverpool Damage Case—Minor Matters in Court.

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Four prisoners recently sentenced in common pleas court were taken to the Canton workhouse today by Deputy Sheriff Chris Bick. They were: Fred Bradley, East Liverpool, term four months; John Skelly, Wellsville, 30 days; Charles Button, Salem, six months; John Elliott, Irondale, 30 days.

John Bratt, of East Liverpool, was taken to the asylum at Massillon.

A special jury has been drawn to view and assess the value of certain property in East Liverpool, belonging to M. E. Golding and others which was condemned by the city council for the purpose of widening Robinson street. The jurors are: I. B. Clark, Wellsville; E. C. Lutton, Center township; W. G. Bentley, Perry township; H. L. Snyder and David Stouffer, Salem township; and Pressley Hart, Washington township. They are to appear in probate court October 18.

Letters of administration have been granted by the probate court to A. G. Smith, on the estate of the late Hugh Pugh, of Wellsville township; bond \$200.

J. F. Rauch, of East Liverpool, has appealed to common pleas court the case in which he was defendant and H. H. Householder plaintiff. It was tried in Justice McCarron's court. Householder got judgment for \$20.13.

## A SMALL FIRE.

Blaze on the Roof of a Washington Street Dwelling.

A small fire occurred at 11:45 this morning at a dwelling house occupied by the Hymes family on Washington street.

The blaze started from a defective flue and ignited the shingles on the roof about the chimney. The department was called and a ladder run up. The fire was extinguished with the aid of a Haddock. The building is owned by W. L. Thompson and the danger was slight.

## STARVING HIMSELF

Mass Estate Attorney Refuses Food While in Jail at Springfield.

Columbus, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Geo. A. Thatcher, in jail at Springfield, charged with forgery against the Mass estate, is trying to starve himself to death. He refuses all food. Force will be used to make him eat.

Buy your boy a nice, nobby Suit, with a double-breasted Vest, at 100-cod-1

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Dr. Beardsley.

Dr. Beardsley closed his course of lectures at the East End Saturday night. The doctor will remain in this city, at the home of Mrs. Diedrich, corner Broadway and Robinson, until tomorrow (Tuesday) evening.

## WATER CONSUMERS, NOTICE.

ALL WATER RENTS ARE DUE. PRIVATE CONSUMERS SAVE 10 PER CENT BY PROMPT PAYMENT. OFFICE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M. AND FROM 7 P. M. TO 9 P. M. SATURDAY EVENINGS DURING OCTOBER. 91-1mo

J. W. GIPNER, Secretary.

We will have on sale this week the latest Soft Hat made by Young Bros., of New York City, price \$3.00. Come and see it at 100-cod-1

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—A first-class furnished room, centrally located, with privilege of bath. Address "M," care of News Review office. 101-r

FOR SALE—A new six-room residence, near the center of city; price \$2,550. Inquire 133 Jefferson street. 102-j\*

FOUND—A small grip containing a pair of trousers, a number of linen collars and a shirt. Owner can have same by calling at News Review office and paying for this advertisement. 102-r

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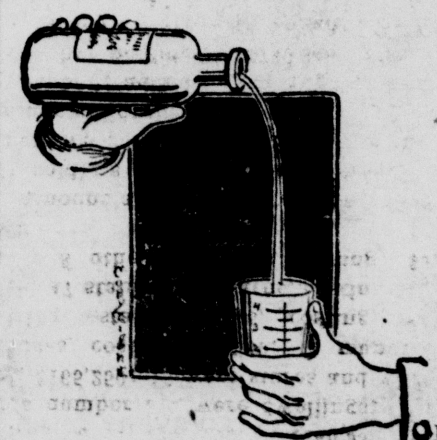
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OCTOBER 30, 1901.

Admission, Gents, 50c; Ladies, 25c. No person will be allowed to dance unless masked in full costume.

Sampson Delayed Sending Message.

Washington, Oct. 14.—A feature of the Schley inquiry Saturday was the fact which Mr. Rayner developed, that, although Admiral Sampson had been advised by Colonel Allen on the morning of May 20 that Cervera was in Santiago, he did not send a dispatch by the Hawk to Schley informing him of this fact until the evening of May 21. This was also 24 hours after Sampson had received a confirmation of the information. Even then it was developed that he had told Schley to go to Santiago if, in his judgment, the Spaniards were not at Cienfuegos.

Knights Hold Memorial Services.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—Local lodges of Knights of Pythias held memorial services in the opera house here, in honor of the late President McKinley, at which addresses were made by Past Supreme Chancellor Thomas G. Sample, of Pittsburg; Rev. H. L. Jacobs and Mr. W. H. Schwartz, of this city.

Another Riot at Scranton, Pa.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14.—Another riot occurred in connection with the street car strike, but again fortunately there were no very serious results.

Syringes, Trusses,

Supporters, Water

Bottles, Ice Packs.

A good Fountain Syringe for 75c.

**Hodson's Drug Store**

Cor. 5th and Broadway.

**Money! Money! Money!**

Do you want to Invest? Take it to

The Pottery Building and Savings Company

Corner 5th and Washington Sts.

Which in 12½ years has paid Earnings of \$316,973.60.

Dividends have never been less than 6 per cent. per annum, paid semi-annually.

Do you want to Borrow? We will loan you at 6 76-100 per cent. and allow you to share in the earnings. No delay. We have the money.

**New Era Restaurant,**

**Billiard Hall and Cafe.**

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up to date. Table d'hote meals 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished billiard and pool room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St.,

East Liverpool, Ohio.

**J. C. WALSH, Prop.**

**Oysters**

The season is now open. The best, properly cooked and served, at

**The Stag,**

125 and 127 Second St.

**D. A. DEVINE, Prop.**



## BIG RESERVOIR LET GO

**East Liverpool Visited By a Disaster of Terrible Proportion.**

**IMMENSE DAMAGE; NO LIVES LOST**

**With But a Moment's Warning Eight Million Gallons of Water Shot Down Steep Hillside.**

**THE LOSS TO PROPERTY NOT YET ESTIMATED**

With a roar that was heard for the distance of a mile, and which struck terror to thousands of startled people who heard it, an immense wall of water which was released from the new city reservoir shot down the hillside toward the Ohio river at about 5 o'clock last evening and caused one of the most disastrous catastrophes that has ever occurred in East Liverpool.

Not alone was the reservoir, only just completed, rendered worthless, but thousands of dollars' worth of damage otherwise resulted. Fortunately, however, there were no casualties, but that lives were not sacrificed by the terrible accident is little short of a miracle. Several persons had narrow escapes, but not a single one was even injured.

The mighty torrent which swept clean almost everything in its path before spending its force, was caused by a break in the wall at the corner of the basin toward the river. Rapidly the great volume of water shot down the steep incline, taking with it trees, boulders and hundreds of tons of earth and debris which were piled in gigantic heaps about the railroad and jammed in every conceivable shape into and about the buildings in its way.

So large was the opening which was made in the wall of the reservoir where the break occurred that the entire contents was released almost in a solid body. The force was terrific and as the powerful and foaming wave shot downward, the crashing of trees which were torn like splinters from their roots, together with the roar of the deluge, resembled a mighty hurricane and was equally disastrous in the destruction which resulted.

It is almost half a mile from the pumping station to the reservoir, but so soon was the water down the hillside after the break occurred that the people in the flooded section did not realize what had happened until the water was almost upon them.

Only a few minutes previous a freight train passed the scene. It would have met the full force of the torrent and doubtless would have been badly wrecked. The most fortunate circumstance in connection with the accident was that a party of Italians, whose domicile was washed away, had left shortly before, barely in time to save themselves. The men had been employed at the basin and made their home in a shanty located

by the side of the wall which gave way.

When the water burst forth the shanty was the first to go down. It was twisted to pieces and all but a small section dashed with lightning speed against the trees and stones before it. Had the Italians been on the inside all would have met death. A party of children who were playing on the road immediately underneath the dam, started to run to a place of safety and escaped not a second too soon.

Only for the fact that the accident happened on Sunday, lives in great number would have been blotted out, and a holocaust of dire proportions have added a sad chapter to East Liverpool's history. At the Harker pottery, where the greatest damage was done, scores of workmen would have been caught like rats in a trap. Their escape would have been impossible. Saturday evening a large force of men was at work in a trench at the side of the reservoir overlooking the hill, and all would have again been in the ditch this morning. They could not have escaped, as they would have met the full force of the current.

It is estimated that the reservoir contained between 5,000,000 and 8,000,000 gallons, or a little more than half of its capacity. The break occurred at the point where the connecting pipes from the pumping station were turned into the dam, and though the bank gave way in gradual form, the opening made at the start was of such a size that the water fairly fell from its place of confinement. Preceding the deluge a few moments a small stream issued forth, which gave the only warning of what was to follow.

When the ponderous bulwark of rock, clay and earth toppled over the crash was like a deafening peal of thunder that seemed to shake the earth for miles around. A watchman, who was on duty at the time, rushed to the shut-off valve which is located between the old and new basins, and by prompt action prevented the drainage of the smaller one and thus kept almost 5,000,000 more gallons of water from joining the other raging volume, which, in itself, proved to be a veritable ocean.

Although a number of workmen were at the scene of the disaster, nothing could be done to stay the work of devastation. It was even impossible to give warning to the imperiled persons below, and though the dense stream had done its work in an incredibly short period, the spreading water at the foot of the hill continued to work destruction for hours afterward.

**PUMPING STATION NOT DAMAGED**

**Floors Were Flooded and Engines Stopped For a Time But Pumps Were Not Affected.**

It was indeed fortunate that the pumping station had what protection from the flood was offered by the Harker pottery buildings. Though the deluge had spent the greater part of its force by the time it had reached the pump house, the pottery structures tended to ward off the debris, which would otherwise have crashed into it.

The floors were submerged in a mass of mud, stones and other rubbish, and though the engines were stopped for a time no break in any of the machinery occurred. The pumps were not damaged in the least and are

now working as usual. A great wall of mud, stones and timbers were piled against the building, but did no real harm.

One rather severe loss sustained by the water works company in addition to that at the reservoir proper, was the uncovering of the pipes leading therefrom to the pump house. Every particle of earth was removed from about the pipes and the entire line is bare from one end to the other. They will have to be covered again before cold weather or in case of a hard freeze the water within them is liable to become frozen and cut off the city's supply.

**CAUSE OF THE BREAK AT THE DAM**

The exact cause of the break at the dam is as yet a matter of conjecture. Superintendent Phil Morley disagrees with the opinion of the public in general that the wall gave way by reason of a weakness in the tunnel. Though no investigation has yet been made, it is thought by Mr. Morley that the weakness was caused by a leak in the old reservoir which had gradually loosened the earth at the damaged corner, causing it to slide.

Mr. Morley says the break did not occur directly at the tunnel, but to the side next to the old dam. The embankment at this point, though nearest to the hill, was thought to be amply strong to hold the force against it. The rushing water ploughed its way through at a point where the tunnel joined and made an opening almost 20 feet in width and more than 30 feet in depth. The concrete portion of the wall of the reservoir was the last to go down. It fell in sections, but withheld the force of the torrent for several minutes after its release.

The receptacle had been in process of filling for several days, but had never once been taxed to its limit. What water was run into it was the surplus from the old tank. Mr. Morley had been watching the progress of the filling and was there when the trouble occurred. His first intimation of what was to happen was when he heard a hissing sound and the crash of a few falling stones. An instant later the final crash came and the reservoir was drained so quickly that it would have been useless to have attempted

to hold any of the water in check.

Following the first rush of water, a small steady stream continued to go down the hillside for several hours, and the report gained circulation that the old basin was giving away. This was a mistake, though it is thought a leak in the weakened corner allowed some of its contents to escape. As a precautionary method Mr. Morley had the reservoir drained as soon as possible and it has since been empty.

All of the connecting pipes running pipes running into the tunnel were broken off and workmen were started this morning making a connection with the discharge pipe so that the water yet remaining in the new basin can be let out. When this is done a thorough inspection will be made with a view of ascertaining the exact cause of the break.

Concerning the damage to the reservoir, Mr. Morley is unable to make any estimate. Thousands of tons of earth were washed away and if the basin is ever again put in use the great hole cut through the embankment will have to be replaced with a mammoth and substantial wall which will be very costly. Only one corner of the basin is damaged, however, and the remaining walls are intact. Mr. Morley says there is no cause for anxiety as to a possible shortage of water. The engines at the pumping station are at work and connected directly with the mains. This insures just as much force as usual, and as the pumps have all day been forcing more water into the city pipes than has been used, and yet not working to their limit, it is readily apparent that no alarm need be felt.

**THE TRACKS WERE DEEPLY COVERED**

The Cleveland & Pittsburg railroad was one of the worst of the flood sufferers.

Fully 500 tons of earth came down upon the track, in the vicinity of the Harker pottery. Dirt and debris lay from six to ten feet deep for a distance of perhaps 100 feet and lesser quantities elsewhere. No track was washed away, but the main tracks and sidings were covered.

As soon as possible after the accident men hurried here from every available point. A gang of laborers were laying track at Vanport and they were hustled down here with all possible speed. A steam shovel and a gang were hurried here from Bellaire, and it was not long until a large force was mustered and set at work.

By daylight the main track was so cleared that trains could pass, and this afternoon something like schedule time was restored. Fully 100 men are still at work clearing the sidings, a task which it will require some time to complete.

Passengers had a weary time of it last night. On the train from Pittsburg, due here at 7:48, passengers learned of the accident before reaching the East End, and were told that they would have to transfer. Some

took street cars there, not knowing how far they could proceed. Others remained on the train until it stopped at the pumping station unable to proceed farther. Then they walked down the muddy tracks and muddy road for almost a half mile to get to the street cars. There was water at every step, and lanterns carried by trainmen were all that prevented the travelers from plunging into currents that were knee deep.

The east bound train, due here at 6:25, waited for the down train and then backed to Steubenville, where passengers were sent forward on the Panhandle. The train returned to Bellaire.

The midnight train came down as far as the East End and was met there by street cars and a street railway freight car, which took passengers and baggage on to Wellsville.

The 4:56 train east was half an hour late, but managed to get through.

The East Liverpool street railway fared some better than the steam road, although a long stretch of its track was covered with dirt, which lay four or five feet deep for 15 or 20 feet. Passengers who transferred had to walk perhaps a hundred yards to get from one car to another. The line was opened by 10 p. m.

**Plant of the Harker Pottery Company Suffered Great Damage.**

**IS ALMOST COMPLETELY WRECKED**

**Kiln Shed and Slip House Received the Full Force of Deluge and Nearly Carried Away.**

**LOSS PLACED AT FROM \$20,000 TO \$30,000**

At the Harker Pottery company's plant was where the flood did its worst execution. It was directly in the course taken by the deluge, and was so badly damaged that it will be several weeks before work can be resumed.

The slip house, which is located in the basement of the old main building and facing the railroad, was almost totally wiped out. Mud and debris to a depth of four feet was jammed into the basement and the floors above of the two main structures were likewise, but less disastrously, inundated. The kilns and sheds were almost as badly wrecked as the slip house. Three of the kilns, which were filled with ware, received the full force of the torrent and were perhaps irreparably damaged. Their contents is thought to be a total loss. The kilnsheds this morning presented a scene defying description. Hundreds of saggers, in-

termingled with mud, stones and debris of every description were strewn about in inextricable masses and covered the floors to a depth of several feet.

A portion of the kiln shed which is of frame work was torn out. The ware and decorating rooms were completely drenched, and the office and other departments fared equally as bad. Only the upper floors of the main buildings were spared. Much material which was on the outside of the plant was carried away or rendered worthless, and in fact the wreck is so complete that the owners are unable to determine with the least accuracy what the loss to them will amount to. A rough estimate places the damage at from \$20,000 to \$30,000.

A force of men was put to work early this morning cleaning up the wreckage, but it will be at least a month before the plant will be in shape to operate. About 150 employees are idle as a result of the disaster.

**SAVED THE CAR**

**MOTORMAN'S THOUGHTFULNESS AVERTED DISASTER.**

**A Carload of Passengers Came Near Running Into the Avalanche.**

Motorman Hendershot and Conductor Ferguson were in charge of car No. 16 which was speeding down the river bank in the direction of the avalanche when the first break occurred.

Motorman Hendershot was the first to notice the break. He stopped and with rare presence of mind quietly told the conductor to change the trolley. The lady passengers by this time had noticed the danger and all made a rush for the door. It required the united efforts of both motorman and conductor to keep them from jumping off.

Hendershot quickly changed his handles and ran the car out of danger. He was not a moment too soon, as they had barely left the spot ere the mud and water swept down the hill, covering the track to the depth of several feet.

**CONFERRED DEGREES**

**A. O. H. Holds a Largely Attended and Interesting Meeting Sunday.**

The local division of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, assisted by the degree teams of Steubenville, Toronto and Wheeling, conferred the several degrees of the order on a large class of candidates at the N. B. O. P. hall yesterday. The work consumed the entire afternoon and was witnessed by members of the order from Youngstown, Wheeling, Steubenville, Toronto, Pittsburg and Bellaire.

The local division is rapidly increasing in membership. The visitors returned home last evening after being pleasantly entertained by the members of the local order.

**CASE CONTINUED.**

**Trial of Dr. W. L. Thompson Will Come Up Next Week.**

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Judge Hole has ordered that the case of Dr. W. L. Thompson be passed from the court calendar of Oct. 21. The case is continued because Thompson's attorney, Hon. R. W. Taylor, is unable to try it that week.

**SALOON RAIDED**

**WHITE CLOUD INVADDED BY POLICE SATURDAY NIGHT.**

**Nine Men And Women, With the Proprietor, Arrested—Other Offenders.**

The police raided the "White Cloud" saloon at 9:30 Saturday night, and arrested the proprietor, William Cross, and nine others.

Chief Thompson has had his eye on the place for some time, and had everything arranged for the "pull" Friday night, but the attendance was not as good as he had anticipated and it was postponed.

Saturday night, in company with Officers Stafford, Dawson and Davidson, Chief Thompson entered the place and captured James Braden, Lizzie Kiser Johnson, Lottie Skiles, Fannie Bryan, James Rice, Arnold Benton, James Bettis, Nat James and George Oscar, together with the proprietor. A part of the names are doubtless fictitious.

A charge of keeping a disorderly house was placed against Cross, while that against the inmates was loitering in a house of that character.

The proprietor was fined \$25 and costs, and the remainder were taxed \$2 and costs each.

All appeared and settled today, excepting Lottie Skiles and the Bryan girl. They failed to show up and forfeited \$15.20 each for their obstinacy. Samuel Morris was arrested by Officer Morris Saturday night on Second street. He was very drunk and the patrol was called to assist in removing him to the city jail. He will be given a hearing this evening.

Officers Morris and Stafford found William Jackson on Market street Saturday night. Bill had overestimated his capacity and was beastly intoxicated. He was assisted to jail and yesterday paid a fine of \$5.60.

Anthony Monahan was captured by Officer Morris Saturday night as he was attempting to navigate along Second street. It was impossible for him to do so, and the officer thought it best to ride him up the hill. The patrol was called and he was locked up.

Mayor Davidson imposed a fine of \$5.60, but Anthony had no money, and is still in jail.

No Excursion—The excursion to Canton, which was to have been run by the Lady Macabees today was called off there not being enough tickets sold.

**MAN HELD UP**

**TRAVELING SALESMAN ACCOSTED BY HIGHWAYMEN.**

**His Cries Frightened the Robbers And He Was Not Much Hurt.**

An attempt was made to rob Sidney Thompson, a jewelry salesman, near the corner of Fifth and Market streets about 12:30 last night.

Thompson represents A. E. Siviter & Co., of Pittsburg, and comes to this city at regular intervals. It was impossible to ascertain what Thompson was doing on the streets at that time of night with his sample cases. He states he was attacked by two men who used him very roughly. Thompson called lustily for help, and within a few minutes a large crowd had collected.

The victim was so badly frightened

he was unable to utter a syllable and several of those who came to his assistance, thinking he had been badly hurt, took him in hand and a physician was called. The doctor met the party at the Diamond and after a hasty examination pronounced Thompson uninjured. He was taken to the city hall where Officers Stafford, Dawson and Aufderhide were found reading in the office. Those in charge of the man state no interest was manifested in the case by the police and he was taken to his hotel and departed for home this morning.

**Marriage Licenses.**

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—C. M. Van Meter, Pittsburg, and Lulu Taylor, East Liverpool; Wm. R. Reed and Eva Cleckner, Lisbon; Geo. A. Lippe and Tress Bradbury, Lisbon; Charles W. Dyke and Hattie Goddard, East Liverpool, have been licensed to marry.

**Sending Out Literature.**

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—The Republican county executive committee is today sending out campaign literature to all parts of the county. Secretary John S. McNutt has charge of the distribution.

**More Aid for Strikers.**

Columbus, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Secretary Savage, of the Mine Workers' organization, will make another trip to the Columbian county strike district this week to give the strikers financial aid.



## EAST END

## BUILDING OPERATIONS

New Houses Which Are Being Erected By East End Residents.

J. W. Poland on Saturday had the ground laid out for a new residence at Klondike.

The foundation for the new residence being erected on Pennsylvania avenue by Ed Griffith was completed today.

Carpenters this morning commenced work on the new houses of T. F. Anderson on Boyce street.

## Goes to a New Field.

W. H. Dickinson, who has been employed as motorman on the East Liverpool railway, resigned his position Friday and left this morning with his family for Binghamton, N. Y., where he has accepted a similar position on the Binghamton and Union street car line.

## Died After an Operation.

Mrs. Reed, who a few days ago underwent an operation at the Rochester hospital, died yesterday. She was 44 years old. Mrs. Archie Putnam left this morning to attend the funeral, arrangements for which have not yet been made.

## Shipped to Kentucky.

The remains of Robert Chambers, who died Friday from an attack of typhoid fever, were this morning shipped to his home at Fallsburg, Ky.

## EAST END AFFAIRS.

Walter Thomas was a Lisbon visitor yesterday.

M. J. Kerr spent Sunday with his sister at Georgetown.

Mrs. Archie Searight is ill at her home on Pennsylvania avenue.

'Squire Carman will this week move into his new office on Mulberry street. R. H. Curnutte, Miss Grace and Charles Chaffin left this morning for Fallsburg, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Thomas and daughter Myrtle have returned from a visit at Ossan, Ind.

Harvey Wallace today moved into the McClain property on Virginia avenue, which he recently purchased.

Ground was broken this morning for two new houses on the property of N. G. Macrum and Henry Chambers on Erie street.

## ASSIGNMENT LIST

LARGE NUMBER OF CASES BEFORE COURT THIS WEEK.

Many Motions and Demurrers For a Hearing—Other Cases.

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—The assignment of cases in common pleas court for this week is as follows:

Tuesday—William Mathews versus Thomas Beatty, motion. C. E. Eglen vs. James Walters, et al., error. Harry Kirkbride vs. the city of Wellsville, motion. Patrick O'Connor vs. the city of Wellsville, motion. Harry Hughes vs. Charles W. Powell, et al., demurrer. Hannah Natrass vs. C. W. Atkinson, motion. C. W. Atkinson vs. Hannah Natrass, motion. Jennie Chamberlain vs. W. B. Chamberlain as executor, demurrer. Emmet E. Farr vs. W. B. Chamberlain, as executor, motion. W. A. Farr vs. W. B. Chamberlain as executor, motion. George Harnden vs. the Keystone Fire Clay Co., motion. Liverpool and L. & L. Ins. Co. vs. the Pennsylvania company, demurrer. Mary Stroud vs. East Liverpool Street Railway Co., motion. Cor-

## Special Sale of Girls and Boys Shoes

We will give some special Bargains in girls and boys shoes "for school" "or dress". Also children's Shoes, we have thousands of pairs to select from at prices

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

and for ten days we are going to give FREE with each pair a Handsome Picture Book with reading. Come quick for Bargains.

W. H. GASS.

220 Diamond

W. H. GASS.

## REAL TROUBLES

MAY COME TO AN IMPOSTOR WHO SOUGHT NOTORIETY.

J. E. Rainey, Who Claimed to Have Been Held Up at Calineville, Told a Fake Story.

Steubenville, Oct. 14.—J. E. Rainey, the Parthian (Pa.) undertaker who told the blood-curdling cock and bull story about being held up and forced to drink acid at the La Belle avenue station, is being looked for by the police. Some facts about Rainey were reported at the mayor's office Saturday morning when the watchman at the bridge came down to look him up.

It seems that on the night of Sept. 30 Rainey didn't start home at the time the average ruralist begins his trip over the road, but delayed leaving until 10 o'clock. Then he went to the Panhandle bridge and walked to the watchman's house, and said Officer Conner had sent him there to cross, adding that he had been in a fight at Steubenville and received a bad cut, but the watchman could see no cut or blood about him, nor was there any indication of fearful injury from fiery acid as so vividly related. The watchman allowed him to cross, and found out this morning that Officer Conner didn't know him, and never had sent any man across the bridge.

Now, it is probable that when the police get Rainey he will have some real troubles to tell.

## ARRESTED AT DAMASCUS

Newell Buzzard, Charged With Stealing a Horse, Now in the Lisbon Jail.

Salem, Oct. 14.—Newell Buzzard, aged 18 years, was arrested Saturday by Constable J. R. McArtor, of Garfield, charged with stealing a horse and buggy from J. B. Pearce, of Damascus. He was captured at his home in Sebring and brought to this city for hearing in Justice Astor's court.

W. S. Emmons appeared for the prosecution and J. E. Scott defended the boy, who waived a hearing and was bound over to common pleas court on \$300 bond. He was unable to furnish that amount and Constable McArtor took him to the Lisbon jail.

The rig which the boy is accused of stealing, was obtained from Mr. Pearce on Sept. 30, as noted at the time, to drive to Salem, but was driven to East Liverpool and said to have been sold for \$8 in money and an old revolver. The rig was recovered on Oct. 1 by Mr. Pearce and Constable McArtor. Two other Sebring youths are said to have been implicated in the matter.

## Says He Is Not Guilty.

Sebring, Oct. 14.—Mike McGinniss, who pleaded guilty here a few weeks ago to assault upon Miss Alice Wright, changed his plea to not guilty in common pleas court at Youngstown. McGinniss has money and employed an attorney to defend him.

## TOLD IN EAST LIVERPOOL

It's the Evidence of East Liverpool People Published in East Liverpool Papers That Has Made Such a Reputation for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills.

Standing clear and distinct, marking the difference, the superior merit, the adaptability to present day ailments is the volume of local testimony for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. It's so different to the ordinary remedies referring to cures made at distant points, which is hard to verify. There is a reason for Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills commanding home evidence wherever they are known—it is their wonderful influence in bringing up the standard of Nerve Force. Mrs. C. L. Yager, of No. 152 Broadway, East Liverpool, O., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are all good. I got them at Larkins' drug store, corner Sixth and East Market streets, as I was nervous, run down, felt miserable and the heart action was weak and irregular. The medicine made me strong and my nerves steady. The heart action regular and strong, and altogether a different person, as I feel well and hearty again."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50 cents a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine company, Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

The News Review for the news.

## RECIPROCITY TREATIES

Why Those Pending in the Senate Should Be Ratified.

MCKINLEY'S LAST PUBLIC SPEECH

Was an Eloquent Plea For the Adoption of the Policy of Reciprocal Trade With Foreign Nations.

There are a number of reciprocity treaties awaiting the action of the senate. They were negotiated by Commissioner Kasson, under the direction of President McKinley. The latter, with his clear and piercing intellect, saw that the time was approaching when the nation's trade policy must take a long step ahead, and he provided for it. His last public utterance—made at Buffalo the day before he was laid upon his death bed by the shot of a cowardly assassin—contained an eloquent plea for reciprocity as the natural result of the prosperity caused by the protective policy.

Under the fostering effect of protection our great industrial plants, our mines and mills and furnaces, our forests, our farms and plantations, all increased their productions. We raised more than ever before; we manufactured more. We supplied all the wants of our own people and had a large surplus of farm products and of manufactured articles. We sold that surplus abroad, and our export trade advanced by leaps and bounds. But the wise president realized that this could not go on uninterruptedly. Something must be done to hold the trade already gained, and to increase it. "We have a vast and intricate business," he said at Buffalo, in his words of warning, "built up through years of toil and struggle, in which every part of the country has its stake, which will not permit of either neglect or of undue selfishness. No narrow, sordid policy will subvert it. The greatest skill and wisdom on the part of the manufacturers and producers will be required to hold and increase it. Our capacity to produce has developed so enormously, and our products have so multiplied, that the problem of more markets requires an urgent and immediate attention."

And what was McKinley's solution of the problem? What was his policy in this respect—which, along with his other policies, President Roosevelt has declared to be his own to carry out? It was and is reciprocity. "By sensible trade arrangements, which will not interrupt our home production," said he, "we shall extend the outlets for an increasing surplus. A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued and healthful growth of an export trade. We must not repose in fancied security that we can forever sell everything, and buy little or nothing. We should take from customers such of their products as we can use without harm to our industries and labor."

Continuing in the same strain of warning and argument he declared that "what we produce beyond our domestic consumption must have vent abroad. The excess must be relieved through a foreign outlet; and we should sell everywhere we can, and buy wherever the buying will enlarge our sales and productions, and thereby make a greater demand for home labor." More than this he set forth plainly the danger of foreign hostility to an expanding trade, invading the nations of Europe, and deprecated a policy which would increase that hostility. "Commercial wars are unprofitable," he declared. "A policy of good will and friendly trade relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not."

Brave words are those of the last public utterance of the murdered president, and they meet the approval of the intelligent majority of the American people. The only voice in dissent yet heard comes from Democratic theorists, wedded to the old, condemned doctrine of free trade. With a fatuity born either of ignorance or demagoguery, they assert that reciprocity is a step toward free trade, and daringly accuse McKinley, the champion of protection, of abandonment of that policy. No more stupid falsehood was ever uttered.

What is a reciprocity treaty? It is a treaty in which the American government says to that of a foreign country: "You need our manufactures of steel, our agricultural machinery, our boots and shoes, our grain, our meats and other foodstuffs for your people. Reduce your duties on these things bought of us, and in return we will reduce our duties on this, and this, and this product of yours which we need. You will increase largely your exports to us, for you will have a lower duty to pay than other nations have. In return, we will increase our sales to you, for the same reason." Each nation gives up something, but gets an equivalent; the trade of both is promoted, to the

benefit of both.

But free trade would give to all nations the benefits of our markets, without any of them being required to make any return. Only under a protective tariff can there be reciprocity; under free trade there would be no advantage we could offer to one nation over another. The folly of the Democratic contention this fall is to elect the party ticket by a sweeping majority, that a Republican legislature may send the peerless Foraker back to the senate, to use his matchless powers in aid of the ratification of the reciprocity treaties now pending in that body.

## AMERICAN SHIPPING.

New Tonnage Nearly All For the Great Lakes.

Few Vessels For the Foreign Trade Because of Democratic Opposition to Change in the Laws.

In the fiscal year just ended the tonnage of American shipping constructed was the greatest of any year since 1854 and 1855, aggregating 489,616 tons; but this great total was almost all domestic tonnage, principally upon the great lakes; and for our foreign shipping trade the total construction of new shipping in the United States for the entire 12 months was only 17,121 gross tons. This compares very meagerly indeed with 1,432,000 tons of ship construction in Great Britain and 213,984 tons of ship construction in Germany in the same time, nearly all for the foreign trade. But it is well to note that Democratic free trade has had generations of operation in connection with this American shipping, so that these foreigners are building this vast tonnage largely for the movement of American commerce, because the Democratic party has never permitted any change in the laws that open our vast and growing export commerce to the tramp ships of every nation, on terms with which American ships manned by American sailors at American wages with American comforts can never compete. Every steamship that was built in the United States for ocean trade during the past year was encouraged in its construction by the very small mail subsidy that the Republican postal act of 1891 will give them. Says a writer well versed in the matter, if that "law were not in existence there would probably not have been a single steamship constructed in the United States last year for the foreign trade." Hence, he concludes, "It is clear that if the United States is not to be dependent upon foreign nations for shipping with which to carry on our foreign trade, congress must pass a law that will put our shipping on an equality with that of other nations." President McKinley had this in mind and knew it well, when he said in his Buffalo address: "One of the needs of the times is direct commercial lines from our vast fields of production to the fields of consumption that we have but barely touched. Next in advantage to having the thing to sell is to have the conveyance to carry it to the buyer. We must encourage our merchant marine. We must have more ships. They must be under the American flag, built and manned and owned by Americans. These will not only be profitable in a commercial sense; they will be messengers of peace and amity wherever they go."

Better than in the some months in any one of the past five years is the report for April, May and June from the union labor organizations of New York in regard to the conditions of employment in that state this year. These reports made by the organizations of the men themselves show that only 2.3 per cent. of unionists were idle throughout the quarter just ended. How many of these men will knowingly vote to reverse the conditions that have done so much for them?

## FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation. Good Buildings. 9 Room Frame House. New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings. Good shipping facilities by water or rail. Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

Address JAMES FRIEL & CO., 135 7th St., Pittsburgh.

## Urneeda

Heating Stove of any kind, Gas, Coal or Oil, Furniture and Stoves, at

John Schleiter's

128 Second Street, Opp. Depot.

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Until all our lots are gone and the prices advanced by shrewd investors before you realize what a good investment is now being offered you in our South Side plan of lots in Chester, W. Va. You don't have to wait for public improvements of any kind, they are all there, and between now and January 1, 1902, there will be at least one hundred new houses built, so don't wait and miss the opportunity, which by investing a few dollars may some day make you independent. For prices, plans and further information call on or address.

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IT'S ONLY a ? of

a short time when you will find it necessary to have a Bank Account. Why postpone any longer? We invite new accounts and shall be glad to extend every facility and convenience possible.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Watch This Space.

It Will Save You Money.



## THREE WERE KILLED.

Victims of Deadly Black Damp  
In Air Shaft, Near Juniata-  
ville, Pa.

## TWO OTHERS WERE OVERCOME.

They Went In to Rescue the Bodies  
of Those Who Had Perished—Some  
News of Ohio, Pennsylvania and  
West Virginia.

Connellsville, Pa., Oct. 14.—Three  
lives went out in a little air shaft  
only two feet in diameter and 20 feet  
deep, but filled with deadly black  
damp, at the mines of the Juniata  
Coke company, near Juniataville.

### The Dead.

John Gilleland, a miner, 50 years  
old.  
James Gilleland, 11 years old.  
Winfield Gilleland, 15 years old.

All three bodies were rescued, but  
in the effort John Nicholson, mine  
foreman at Juniataville, and John  
Baker, a mine fire boss, were badly  
overcome by black damp.

The Gilleland family live about a  
mile over the hill from Juniataville.  
Near their home is a deserted air  
shaft. Years ago this shaft was used  
to ventilate a portion of the mine,  
and also as a man-way for miners  
going to and from work. Of recent  
years, however, this portion of the  
mine has been entirely worked out  
and abandoned. Now the hole serves  
to allow the escape of the poisonous  
gas that generates in the mine in or-  
der that it may not crowd its way to  
the rooms of the big mine.

### A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Fourteen Business Places Gutted at  
Reynoldsville, Pa.

Dubois, Pa., Oct. 14.—Fire last  
night burned over a block and a half  
of the business section of Reynolds-  
ville, Jefferson county, gutted 14 busi-  
ness places, including the Hotel Mc-  
Connell, one of the town's largest ho-  
tels, and four dwelling houses. The  
loss is estimated at \$60,000, on which  
there is an insurance of \$17,000. Du-  
bois was called on for assistance and  
fire apparatus sent from here did ef-  
ficient service in checking the spread  
of the flames. The origin of the fire  
is unknown. It started in a large  
frame building occupied jointly by  
Liveryman Thomas Tapper and Ezra  
Hartman, blacksmith, and there is a  
belief that the persons burned out  
and their losses are:

F. J. Black, Hotel McConnell, \$15-  
000; Thomas Tapper, livery stable and  
dwelling house, \$8,000; Ezra Har-  
tman, blacksmith and dwelling, \$4,000;  
E. Weiser, building, \$4,000; Swartz,  
Bros., grocery, \$3,500; E. T. McGraw,  
building, \$3,000; F. A. McConnell,  
building, \$3,000; L. Evans, grocer, \$-  
000; Deibel Bros. building, \$2,000; A.  
Geister, tailor, \$1,500; W. E. Stormer,  
butcher, \$1,000; Mrs. Louise Bar-  
bour, boarding house, \$2,000; Edward P.  
lips, barber, \$1,500; A. Snyder, tail-  
or, \$1,500.

The losses of several parties range  
from \$600 to \$1,000.

### Local Preachers Take a Rest.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—The second  
day's session of the National Associa-  
tion of Local Preachers was devoted  
altogether to church going. Some of  
those in attendance filled the pulpits  
of the churches in the city. At the  
Chestnut Avenue Methodist Episcopal  
church, where the association is in  
session, preaching was followed by  
holy communion in the morning, con-  
ducted by Rev. Dr. John R. Wright, of  
Washington, D. C. The sessions will  
continue today.

### DEATH WARRANTS REVOKED.

Long Legal Battle Over Biddles, at  
Pittsburg, Likely.

Pittsburg, Oct. 14.—Governor Wil-  
liam A. Stone has revoked the death  
warrants of John and Edward Biddle,  
who were convicted and sentenced to  
be hanged on Dec. 12 for the murder  
of Thomas D. Kahney, a Mt. Wash-  
ington grocer. The notice of the gov-  
ernor's action was received by Sher-  
iff William C. McKinley Saturday and  
the news was at once given to the con-  
demned men.

The action of the governor to defer  
the execution until after the decision  
of the supreme court on the case may  
mean that the Biddles cannot now be  
punished for their crime.

It was claimed that the governor  
had no authority to issue the death  
warrant for the two men until after  
the supreme court had finally dis-  
posed of the case, and the claim now  
set up by the attorneys for the de-  
fense is that the state executive has  
erred. On the other hand it is claim-  
ed the governor has the right to re-  
voke the death warrants at will, and  
his action will probably cause a long  
legal fight before the Biddles are ex-  
ecuted.

The legal battle over the governor's  
act will probably be fought under the  
legislative act of 1897, which allows  
six months to perfect all appeals to  
higher courts. The case is similar to  
that of Philip Hill, who murdered  
Contractor George A. Lawrence. At  
the last moment Hill's execution was

postponed, but he was hanged on an-  
other date.

### Attempt to Rob Bank Failed.

Norwalk, O., Oct. 14.—Burglars  
made an unsuccessful attempt to rob  
the Monroeville National bank. The  
inner safe was blown, but the noise  
aroused the inhabitants, and the  
burglars were forced to flee without  
having secured any booty. Six men  
were in the gang and they escaped  
in rigs stolen from a livery stable.  
The horses were deserted at Chicago  
Junction, where it is supposed the  
fugitives boarded a train.

### Woman's Missionary Meeting.

Beaver Falls, Pa., Oct. 14.—The  
Woman's Home Missionary society of  
the Pittsburgh conference of the Meth-  
odist Episcopal church held its an-  
nual meeting Saturday afternoon.  
Mrs. C. W. Smith, of Pittsburgh, pre-  
sided, and Mrs. Kuhn, of Pittsburgh,  
read from the scripture, and Mrs.  
Boswell, of Philadelphia, led in  
prayer. The address was made by  
Mrs. Emma Fowler.

### George W. Howe Dead.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 14.—George W.  
Howe, a well-known business man and  
army officer and former secretary of  
the Cleveland league baseball club,  
died of kidney disease, aged 69 years.  
He had been decorated with the order  
of Franz Josef by the present emperor  
of Austria-Hungary.

### GREAT-GRANDDAUGHTER

#### OF FRANKLIN DEAD.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—Mrs. E. D.  
Gillespie, a great-granddaughter of  
Benjamin Franklin, and one of the  
city's most prominent women, died at  
her home here, aged 80 years.

### Victim of Football Game.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—Edwin Long-  
enecker, aged 21 years, quarterback  
on the football team of the Brown  
preparatory school, this city, died in  
a hospital as a result of injuries re-  
ceived in a game last Tuesday.

### Died After a Fall.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 14.—Falling 16  
feet from a chestnut tree, Robert Yo-  
cum, captain of the Central high  
school track team, broke his back and  
died at a hospital shortly after admis-  
sion thereto.

### MOVE BY MALVAR EXPECTED.

An Insurgent Official Sentenced to  
Death For Execution of  
103 Spaniards.

Manila, Oct. 14.—The military au-  
thorities have received word that  
General Miguel Malvar, the insurgent  
leader, is believed to have left the  
province of Batangas, Luzon, and to  
be planning an operation in the province  
of Bulacan, where insurgent con-  
scription has been progressing re-  
cently. The country there is moun-  
tainous and well adapted to guerilla  
warfare.

Captain Pitcher has practically  
stamped out insurrection in the  
island of Mindoro.

The police force at Banan, province  
of Batangas, has been disbanded and  
the chief of police and several others  
have been placed under arrest on the  
charge of belonging to an insurgent  
society and using their offices to ob-  
tain information for the insurgents.

Major Braganza, the insurgent of-  
ficer who ordered the execution of 103  
Spanish prisoners and personally su-  
perintended the carrying out of the  
order, has been sentenced to be  
hanged.

There is intense feeling among the  
natives in San Fernando, province of  
Pampanga, over the killing of a na-  
tive by a soldier. Strong patrols are  
out in both San Fernando and Bacolor  
to prevent a hostile demonstration.

There was considerable criticism  
here of the recent statements of Con-  
gressman Edgar Weeks, of Michigan,  
regarding Filipino character and pos-  
sibilities. Members of the commis-  
sion refer to his remarks as "too  
sweeping" and as "based upon too  
short an experience."

The native press unstintingly  
condemned the conclusions of Mr. Weeks  
as "unjust and viciously false."

### WAGES TO BE RAISED.

Five Thousand Employees of Illinois  
Central Are Favored.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Five thousand  
employees of the Illinois Central rail-  
road, including practically every con-  
ductor, brakeman, switchman and  
yardman, except those in the far  
south, will receive an increase in  
wages within the next month. This  
was decided on in a conference be-  
tween the officers of the road, repre-  
sentatives of the Order of Railway  
Conductors and the Brotherhood of  
Railway Trainmen. It involves an in-  
crease of expenditures on the part of  
the company amounting to between  
\$400,000 and \$500,000 annually, the  
largest single increase in wages  
granted by a western road for 10  
years.

### REFERRED TO A COMMITTEE.

Episcopalians Decide to Settle Mar-  
riage Dispute This Way.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Only morn-  
ing sessions were held Saturday by  
both houses of the triennial conven-  
tion of the Episcopal church of Amer-  
ica. The afternoon was devoted to an  
excursion, which included visits to  
nearly all the points of interest on  
San Francisco bay.

The bishops appointed their portion  
of a proposed joint committee to  
consider the prohibited degrees in mar-  
riage, and also three bishops to act  
on the committee that will nominate  
a board of managers for the mission-  
ary board. Very little was accom-  
plished by the house of deputies, be-  
yond making a few changes in the  
rules of procedure and the final adop-  
tion of the report of the joint commit-  
tee on marginal readings.

### Editor Warren Dead.

Milwaukee, Oct. 14.—Lansing War-  
ren, editor and publisher of the Mil-  
waukee Sentinel, died from an attack  
of typhoid fever. Mr. Warren was  
taken ill about three weeks ago, hav-  
ing contracted a cold in the east while  
on a business trip. The acid devel-  
oped into typhoid fever.

## PAT CROWE WRITES

To Omaha Police Chief Will-  
ing to Surrender on His  
Own Terms.

### LETTER FROM HIS UNCLE.

Also, In Which Is Demand For With-  
drawal of Reward, With Which Mr.  
Cudahy Will Comply—City to Be  
Requested to Do So.

Omaha, Oct. 14.—Chief of Police  
John J. Donahue received a letter  
from Pat Crowe, naming the terms  
on which he will surrender. The let-  
ter came in the care of an Omaha  
newspaper, in which it is published,  
and covers 15 closely written pages  
of manuscript. The postmark is illeg-  
ible, but the letter was mailed at 8  
o'clock in the morning and reached  
this city at 8 o'clock in the evening  
of the same day, indicating that it  
had not traveled a long distance. In  
the letter Crowe agrees to give him-  
self up at once and stand trial for the  
kidnaping of Eddie Cudahy, provided  
he shall not be locked up until a jury  
shall adjudge him guilty. He says  
he is unable to furnish bond in excess  
of \$500, and demands that bail be  
fixed in that sum. He says he has  
been in South America and South Af-  
rica fighting with the Boers.

The chief also received a letter  
from Crowe's uncle, at Manchester,  
Ia., saying Crowe would surrender and  
stand trial if the reward offered was  
withdrawn by Nov. 1, which lead the  
police to believe that they are deal-  
ing with the right man.

Chief Donahue said last night he  
would request the city and Mr.  
Cudahy to withdraw the rewards  
which have been offered for Crowe's  
arrest and conviction, with the pro-  
vision that Crowe surrender himself.  
He said if Crowe shall give himself  
up he will be given all the advantage  
the law provides and will be accorded  
time and every facility for securing  
such witnesses as his attorneys may  
deem necessary. He said the fight  
which the attorneys of James Calla-  
han, now held in connection with the  
kidnaping, are making for does not  
anticipate the return of Crowe and  
that Callahan knows no more of  
Crowe's whereabouts than anybody  
else.

Edward A. Cudahy was asked what  
action he would take with relation to  
the suggestion of Pat Crowe that the  
bonds for his appearance pending his  
preliminary hearing and trial be fixed  
at a sum not to exceed \$500. He said  
yesterday:

"That is a matter over which I cer-  
tainly have no jurisdiction, therefore  
cannot enter into any agreement to  
have the amount fixed at any limit,  
even to accommodate Mr. Patrick  
Crowe. That is for the courts to de-  
cide."

"Personally, I would favor a strong  
bond, one that would hold him; for in-  
stance, with a bail and chain attach-  
ment."

"Not having consulted with my at-  
torney today, I was unable to have  
prepared the 'personal' to appear in  
the newspapers, as suggested by Pat  
Crowe. It will be prepared Monday  
and inserted."

"I am opposed to entering into any  
special negotiations for the return of  
Crowe. It is only a matter of time  
when he will be apprehended. How-  
ever, I will withdraw the reward of-  
fered for his arrest and conviction."

### STEEL COMPANY NOT AMENABLE

Ohio Attorney General's Decision Re-  
garding State Law.

Columbus, O., Oct. 14.—Attorney  
General Sheets has reached the con-  
clusion that the United States Steel  
corporation is not amenable to the  
Ohio law, which taxes foreign corpo-  
rations doing business in the state.  
He has investigated the matter and  
finds that the United States corpora-  
tion owns a majority of the stock of  
several constituent companies, but  
does not own any of the plants in  
Ohio, and therefore is not subject to  
the tax.

The constituent companies of the  
United States Steel corporation are  
liable to the tax, however, and five  
out of the seven companies will com-  
ply with the law, though the secre-  
tary of state up to this time has not  
received any reply to the notices sent  
them.

### LAWSON'S LOSS, \$7,000,000.

Break in Amalgamated Copper Came  
Without Warning.

Boston, Oct. 14.—In an interview  
published Thomas W. Lawson said  
the recent break in Amalgamated Cop-  
per represents to him a loss of about  
\$7,000,000. He says he not only did  
not know the break was coming, but  
had been informed the rumor that ex-  
tra dividends would be passed was  
without foundation.

In his opinion the cut in the divi-  
dend was not compelled by any busi-  
ness necessity, and, rumors to the con-  
trary notwithstanding, he is not going  
to fail, but is in a financial condition  
to meet any exigencies which may  
arise. He says a very adroit New  
York speculator lost even more than  
he did.

### AS LONG AS GIBBONS LIVES.

Pope Intends Shall Be No Other  
American Cardinal.

Baltimore, Oct. 14.—The Sun Sun-  
day prints the following:  
"The Sun has been for some time in  
possession of information gained  
from one in close touch with the va-  
cated that no new cardinals will be  
created at the coming consistory, but  
if any names are presented no prelate  
in the United States will be honored.  
This information is in harmony with  
what is said to be the intention of  
Pope Leo that no other American  
cardinal will be created as long as  
Cardinal Gibbons lives."

Have you noticed the

# WAGON LOADS OF CARPETS

which have been unloaded at The Big Store lately?



## Here's the Story

We bought from an eastern jobber—at a price—all the new fall patterns, in his ware-  
rooms. This included Velvets, Axminsters, Body and Tapestry Brussels and Ingrains.

This week we begin selling them. The prices we bought at will allow us to quote  
such prices as will make this sale a

# Record Breaker.

There's enough to go around but first comers will have the choice. Don't be afraid to  
come looking.

## We Like Lookers.

# HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

### COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

Toronto has a boy 14 years old who  
weighs 207 pounds.

Thomas Pollock, aged 57, a promi-  
nent mill man of Youngstown, died  
Saturday.

A movement is on foot to organize  
a choral union in Wellsburg the com-  
ing winter.

James May, a Youngstown railroad  
man, was stabbed in the shoulder by  
Joe Gorman. The trouble was the  
termination of a poker room row. Gor-  
man is under arrest.

Joseph Cox, an old and highly re-  
spected farmer living near Washing-  
tonville, fell out of an apple tree on  
Thursday afternoon and sustained in-  
juries which proved fatal Friday night.

The negro desperado and diamond  
thief recently arrested at Youngstown,  
and who gave his name as Henry Wil-  
liams, was identified Saturday by a  
Monessen, Pa., man as Tony Williams.  
He formerly lived at Monessen.

Pickpockets, who did their grafting  
on crowded street cars, got away with  
almost \$100 and a gold watch at Al-  
lance, Saturday, the closing day of  
the fair in that city. One man lost  
\$60 and valuable private papers.

William Streets, aged 22, of Kenton,  
was standing near a dying cow with a  
shot gun, with which he intended to  
finish her. The animal suddenly kick-  
ed, sending the gun upwards and caus-  
ing it to go off. The load struck  
Streets in the breast making a proba-  
bly fatal wound.

### JOCKEY IN TROUBLE

Arrested in Steubenville For the Theft  
of a Horse in Pennsyl-  
vania a Year Ago.

Steubenville, Oct. 14.—"Tiny," the  
popular little jockey who rode so many  
winners in the running races at Pleas-  
ant Heights was arrested here last  
week, charged with the serious crime  
of being implicated in the theft of a  
race horse. It is alleged that "Little  
Phil," a running horse ridden by Tiny  
was stolen at Meadville, Pa., about a  
year ago. B. F. Brown, who claimed  
to own the horse, has gone to  
sylvania. Attorney Du Lawrence and  
Edward Peck, of Cleveland, are the  
real owners, and have had Tiny, whose  
right name is J. N. Moore, locked up.

### PLUCKY WOMAN

Used a Pick Handle With Good Ef-  
fect on an Abusive  
Hungarian.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—An intoxicated  
Hungarian entered the general store of

James Cadman & Co., and in the ab-  
sence of the proprietors, demanded  
from the saleslady, Miss Mollie Arnold,  
goods without payment. After being  
refused he poured out a torrent of  
abuse on the young lady, intermingling  
oaths with obscenity of the most ob-  
jectionable character. One or two  
men were in the store at the time,  
but they feared to eject the Hun on  
account of being subsequently arrested  
for assault.

The abuse being continued Miss Ar-  
nold, unable to longer stand the tirade,  
ordered the Hun out. He refused to  
go, whereupon she seized a pick han-  
dle and struck him several times on  
the back of the head. He cried for  
mercy and rushed from the store. The  
young lady is being congratulated for  
the course she pursued. The Hun has  
not yet been arrested.

### TRIES TO EXPLAIN

Barberton Men Who Was Victimized  
By Sharpers Says He Was  
Hypnotized.

Akron, O., Oct. 14.—Squire Huston  
Kepler has confessed to the po-  
lice that after sharpers had got \$5,000  
of his money in a card game at Bar-  
berton he had gone to a fortune teller  
in South Akron with his troubles be-  
fore going to the police. The fortune  
teller assured Kepler by the use of  
certain cards that he would recover  
his money.

Kepler says he was under a hypnotic  
spell when he visited the woman. He  
declares that the moment the man  
who worked the game cast his eyes  
upon him he felt a queer sensation all  
through his body and seemed to lose  
his power to think. There is little  
trace of the swindlers. The county  
will duplicate Kepler's offer of \$500  
reward.

### Cholera in India.

People everywhere are acquainted  
with the remarkable cures of milder  
forms of bowel complaints effected by  
the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Chol-  
era and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is not  
generally known, however, that this  
remedy has proved very successful in  
the treatment of Asiatic Cholera and  
is now sold and used all over India.  
Mrs. Sd. L. Hiscocks writing from  
Claer Road, Byculla, India, says: "I  
have used a good many bottles of  
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Di-  
arrhoea Remedy, and have found it  
invaluable as a cure as well as a pre-  
ventive of cholera. So far I have never  
known it to fail if given in the ear-  
ly stages." For sale by Alvin H.  
Bulger, druggist.

Try a News Review want ad.

## LOTS FOR SALE

In the Thomas F. Starkey,  
1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you  
can buy Lots within three  
squares of the Diamond, on  
easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,  
187 Sheridan Ave.

### Manzanella Cafe

Imported Beer, Ice Cold Beer,  
Munich Beer, Soda Ale on Draught.

DINING AND LUNCH ROOM,  
The finest in the city. Every-  
thing in season.

Aaron R. Guthrie,  
Diamond St.  
Both Phones 68.

## Can and Can't

Where there is a job to be  
done secure the services  
of a

### Plumber

who will do that job suc-  
cessfully. One that will  
overcome any and all dif-  
ficulties and use the best  
material. Don't employ  
a firm that can't do skill-  
fully everything pertaining  
to its line. If you  
desire satisfactory work  
employ

ARBUTHNOT BROS.,  
Practical Plumbers,  
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

News Review "Wants" bring quick  
results.

## TONSILINE

Is a perfect family remedy for throat  
disease—Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and  
Quinsy quickly yield to its virtues. It is  
not slow and tedious in its

## CURES

but gives almost instant relief. Tonsiline  
is entirely harmless. It stands alone as  
a remarkable and modern cure for

## SORE THROAT

and all similar troubles.  
50 AND 100 CENTS AT ALL DRUGGISTS.  
TONSILINE CO. EASTON, O.



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## CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the  
EVENING NEWS REVIEW September  
17, 1901, TWO THOUSAND ONE  
HUNDRED (2,100).

The average circulation since the  
statement of August 1, 1901, TWO  
THOUSAND AND THIRTY-FIVE (2,035).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of  
ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED  
AND TWENTY-THREE (1,223) sub-  
scribers.



MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1901.

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR STATE OFFICERS:  
Governor—GEORGE K. NASH.  
Lieutenant Governor—CARL NIPPERT.  
Judge of Supreme Court—JAMES L. PRICE.  
Attorney General—JOHN M. SHEETS.  
Clerk of Supreme Court—LAWSON E. EM-  
ERSON.  
State Treasurer—IRACIO B. CAMERON.  
Member Board of Public Works—W. G.  
JOHNSON.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.  
Common Pleas Judge—H. W. HARTER.  
State Senator—FRANK B. ARCHER.  
State Senator—CHARLES C. CONNELL.  
Representative—SAMUEL BUELL.  
Representative—D. W. CRIST.  
Sheriff—SAMUEL D. NORAGON.  
Auditor—J. F. ADAMS.  
Treasurer—W. A. THOMPSON.  
Commissioner—EDEN REEDER.  
Infirmary Director—G. W. ARMSTRONG.

## MOST UNFORTUNATE.

It is generally easy, after an acci-  
dent occurs, to tell how it might have  
been foreseen and prevented. The  
break in the reservoir on Sunday,  
which wrought great damage to other  
property, besides seriously crippling the  
city water system and rendering use-  
less costly work which had been in  
progress for many months, is now  
easily accounted for. But the mis-  
chief is done, and it is too late for re-  
grets. The only precaution now re-  
quisite is to guard against a like oc-  
currence in the future.

The damage might easily have been  
much greater. Had the break occurred  
elsewhere than on the side toward  
the river, it would have probably re-  
sulted in the destruction of several  
houses and probably of several lives.  
There is great reason for thankfulness  
that the city escaped a disaster.

Two things are now plain. One is  
that the wall of the reservoir was  
not strong enough to stand the  
strain; the other, that water was  
turned in too soon after the comple-  
tion of the work. It is another case  
of haste making waste. Where the  
fault lies we do not pretend to say,  
believing that all the gentlemen con-  
cerned or interested in the work felt  
convinced that they were doing what  
was best and would not knowingly ex-  
pose any citizens or any property to  
danger. But danger lurked in the re-  
servoir, though no one seemed aware  
of it. It is well that the fact was dis-  
covered early.

When repairs are made they should  
be done thoroughly, and on the ad-  
vice of competent engineers. No  
water should be turned in until ev-  
ery possible safeguard has been taken  
or until there is the strongest assur-  
ance that the walls will contain it un-  
der all circumstances. The accident  
is most unfortunate, but the lesson of  
it is too plain to be disregarded. A  
reservoir must not be a temporary  
structure, but an enduring one. It is  
better to proceed slowly and err on  
the side of caution than to run need-  
less risks. The Johnstown flood as  
well as scores of minor disasters  
show the folly of relying upon fancied  
instead of real security, where a large  
volume of water is confined in a re-  
servoir above a populous city.

Every citizen of Columbiana county  
can find reason for satisfaction and  
pride in the statistics, elsewhere  
given, showing the rapid progress of  
building operations in the county dur-  
ing the past year. Evidence is not  
wanting that he who builds in a pro-  
gressive and prosperous county like  
this builds wisely.

The great want of the navy is said  
not to be ships, but men. Yet the in-  
vestigation now in progress is not cal-

culated to encourage youth to start  
on a career where more fighting is  
done in times of peace, with tongue  
and pen, than with sword and gun  
during war. The navy officials should  
set a better example in this respect,  
if they expect the young men of Amer-  
ica to become imbued with an ambi-  
tion to shine as future commodores  
and admirals.

Democratic organs are trying hard  
to convince themselves and others  
that Senator Foraker and Chairman  
Dick are at loggerheads. It is another  
case where the wish is father to the  
thought. This baseless canard shows  
how desperately hard up for campaign  
issues the Democrats are.

Ohio Republicans are in earnest this  
fall and will conduct a vigorous and  
winning campaign. We are satisfied  
that the other side should possess all  
the political apathy that is current,  
and from present appearances they  
have it.

It is plain that a too economical pol-  
icy can be carried out in the construc-  
tion of water works.

## AT THE THEATER

The new musical comedy entitled  
"Papa's Baby" was presented at the  
Grand Saturday night to a good sized  
audience, and gave general satisfac-  
tion. Many high-class singing speci-  
alties were introduced, and the acrobatic  
act by Messrs Redcay, Duffin and Red-  
cay was the subject of universal com-  
pliment. Harry Watson is one of the  
best German dialect comedians who  
ever visited the city, while the Nich-  
ols sisters in a catchy black face turn  
won the appreciation of the audience  
from the start. The piece is under  
the direction of Fred E. Wright, to  
whom East Liverpool is indebted for  
so many high class attractions in the  
past.

"Knobs o' Tennessee" was the Car-  
ner Stock company's offering at the  
Fountain Square last evening, and it  
was witnessed by a very large audi-  
ence. The play is one of Hal Reid's  
strongest pieces, and in the hands of  
the Carner company every detail is  
carefully and interestingly brought  
out.

Applause was frequent and a cur-  
tain call after the second act attested  
to the work of the cast. Incidentally,  
it may be added that it was the first  
curtain call a repertoire company has  
received in this city this season.

Tonight the company plays "A  
French Spy," with Miss Cora Wilmont  
in the leading role. The company  
will, if the reserve sale counts for  
anything, enjoy another large audi-  
ence, and turn away a pleased patron-  
age with one of the strongest military  
dramas in any company's repertoire.  
—Springfield Daily Sun, Oct. 10.

## SPECIAL SERVICE HELD.

Later Duke and Duchess Paid Visit to  
Niagara Falls.

Niagara on the Lake, Ont., Oct. 14.  
—The Duke and Duchess of York  
passed a quiet Sunday at the Queen's  
Royal hotel Sunday.

The Duke and Duchess attended a  
special church service held at their  
hotel, over which the Rev. Canon  
Dalton, the chaplain with the royal  
suite, presided.

After the service was concluded the  
Duke and Duchess, accompanied by  
several members of the royal suite,  
were taken up past the whirlpool rap-  
ids to Niagara Falls.

Luncheon was partaken of at the  
Loretto convent. After luncheon the  
party returned to the Queen's Royal  
hotel, where dinner was served. A  
quiet evening at the hotel concluded  
the day. The royal train was to  
leave Niagara-on-the-Lake at 7 and  
leave Niagara on the Lake at 9  
o'clock today for St. Catharines and  
other points.

## MAY HAVE INTENDED TO MURDER PRESIDENT SALLES.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Lisbon corre-  
spondent of La Patrie said a telegram  
had been received at the Portuguese  
capital from Rio Janeiro asserting  
that two Italians were arrested Fri-  
day evening last in the corridor of  
the presidential office by an officer of  
the guard. Both were armed with  
revolvers and daggers. In Rio  
Janeiro it is believed that they are  
anarchists and intended to assassi-  
nate President Campos Salles.

## CONSPIRACY TO KILL PRESIDENT CHARGED.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 14.—An-  
tonio Maggio, the anarchist, who was  
arrested at Silver City because of his  
alleged prediction of the assassina-  
tion of President McKinley, was in-  
dicted by the Federal grand jury for  
conspiracy to kill the president. His  
bail was fixed at \$5,000.

## New Hosiery for fall at THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

100-eod-1

## THE TURK.

With the opening of the fall hunting  
the sultan has declared another open  
season for Armenians.—Detroit Free  
Press.

Turkey is beginning to send out re-  
ports about the terrible things that  
Armenians have done. The world has  
learned to consider these reports as  
prima facie evidence that the Turks  
have done terrible things to the Arme-  
nians.—Omaha World-Herald.

## WAGON SMASHED

Stephen Brothers' Huckster Outfit in  
Collision With a  
Car.

Stephen Brothers, who resides near  
town and conducts a huckster business  
in this vicinity, had a narrow escape  
from serious injury this morning at  
the corner of Fourth and Market  
streets.

Mr. Brothers was driving across the  
street, railway track immediately in  
front of a Southside car in charge of  
Motorman Cunningham and Conductor  
Dan McEane, when the outfit was  
struck and smashed to pieces. The  
car hit the front end of the wagon,  
detaching the shafts and knocking the  
horse down. The latter, with the por-  
tion of the wagon which had been left  
hanging to the harness, were dragged  
along the street for some distance.

Mr. Brothers was not injured, but  
the wagon and harness were demolish-  
ed and the horse badly bruised.

## POTTERY NEWS

J. W. Patterson left this morning for  
an eastern trip in the interest of the  
Wellsville China company.

The Klondike pottery was idle to-  
day, there being no clay.

New Neckwear, bright and catchy  
styles, always coming in at

THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.  
100-eod-1

## Much in the Name.

Once there were some very swag-  
ger people in an ultra fashionable village  
not far from the metropolis who decid-  
ed that no society yet bunched together  
was exclusive enough for them. Even  
the Colonial Dames failed to meet the  
requirements. So they determined to  
start a new aggregation that should be  
the real thing.

After considerable thought they con-  
cluded that if they limited membership  
to direct descendants of Fernando de  
Soto it would be sufficiently exclusive  
for their fastidious tastes. A "Society  
of the Sons and Daughters of De Soto"  
was the outcome. All the best people  
in the village proved that they were  
eligible and were enrolled as charter  
members.

However, there was one man on the  
outer fringe whose proof of descent  
was not accepted; in short, he was  
blackballed. This made him angry,  
and he started to investigate the sub-  
ject.

One day he published his findings in  
the local newspaper. The principal  
fact was this: "F. de Soto died a bach-  
elor."

The Sons and Daughters of De Soto  
are now known as the Elite Euch-  
er club.

Moral.—There's a whole lot in a  
name.—Smart Set.

## Insect Pests in Brazil.

I should take a small gang of prac-  
tical coffee planters from Ceylon with  
good digestions to be not afraid of  
ghignars, ticks and Berne flies, to say  
nothing of the dear little mosquito.  
The writer had extracted during four  
years in Brazil no less than 200 ghignars  
from underneath every toe nail of  
both feet. The Portuguese, Brazilians,  
Italians and Spaniards called it a rec-  
reation on Sunday to dig them out of  
each other's feet.

Of all the vile insects on earth, the  
Berne fly is the worst. She lays her  
eggs inside your flesh and hatches  
three very ugly insects an inch long  
with three rings of bristles round the  
body and sharp nippers. They take  
about six weeks to develop under your  
skin, then commence to turn somer-  
saults just when you want to go to  
sleep after a hard day's work in the  
sun. The natives of Brazil adopt a  
novel way of extracting the brute  
when full grown. They tie on a piece  
of raw pork, and the Berne comes out  
of your skin and takes a header into  
the piece of pigskin.—Ceylon Observer.

## An Afghan Trick.

During a shooting match in the pres-  
ence of the governor of Kandahar the  
sirdar noticed to his astonishment that  
the heads of sparrows were the fa-  
vorite butt of the marksmen, who but  
seldom missed their aim, whereupon  
he declared that it was far more diffi-  
cult to hit an egg. Sir Peter laughed at  
the supposition, but the sirdar stood  
his ground, and the matter was put to  
the test. An egg was suspended on a  
wall, and the soldiers fired at it; but,  
strange to say, not one of them hit the  
egg.

The governor and his suit kept their  
countenances and excused the nonsuc-  
cess of the firing party on the ground  
of the difficulty of the thing. At last  
a ball happened to hit the thread to  
which the egg was fastened, and it fell  
to the ground without breaking. Now  
the mystery was solved. The cunning  
Afghan had used a blown egg, and the  
featherweight shell had been moved  
aside each time by the current of  
air in front of the ball and thus escap-  
ed being hit.

## New York's First Iron Works.

The first iron works in New York  
were "set up" a short time prior to  
1740 on Ancram creek, in Columbia  
county, about fourteen miles east of  
the Hudson river, by Philip Livingston,  
the owner of the Livingston manor  
and the father of Philip, the signer of  
the Declaration of Independence.

Buy a union made suit, with the  
union label in it, only at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.  
100-eod-1

## FRIENDS AND VISITORS

R. W. Hanes spent the day at Can-  
ton.

Mrs. Carl Faulk is visiting at Min-  
erva.

Dr. J. E. Foot spent the day at Pitts-  
burg.

Mrs. Mary Baggott is visiting at  
Akron.

Ed Flentke, of Sebring, spent Sun-  
day in the city.

R. Austin, of Cleveland, was a city  
visitor on Sunday.

P. Maley spent Sunday with rela-  
tives at Salineville.

Charles DeBee, of Sebring, spent  
Sunday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. William Manley are  
visiting at Pittsburgh.

Clarence Miller, of Sebring, was a  
city visitor over Sunday.

Harry and Ed Hague, of Pittsburgh  
spent Sunday in the city.

Hugh Ferguson and Louis Dittmer  
were Pittsburgh visitors Sunday.

William Adams, of Pittsburgh, spent  
Sunday the guest of his parents.

Mrs. H. T. Laughlin is the guest of  
her father, R. T. Pike, near Lisbon.

Misses Nora Fitzgerald and Anna  
Connelly spent Sunday at Pittsburgh.

Mrs. R. L. Herbert and son Sher-  
man left Saturday for a visit at Buf-  
falo.

Miss Louise Bielefeldt has returned  
to her home at Akron after a visit in  
this city.

Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman, of Pittsburg,  
is the guest of her mother, Mrs.  
House, Fifth street.

John H. James left this morning for  
Pittsburg, where he has accepted a  
position in an iron mill.

Wayne Armstrong has returned to  
his home at Laurelville after a visit  
with his brother, Prof. G. N. Arm-  
strong.

Frank Densmore left this morning  
for New Castle, where he will be em-  
ployed for several weeks erecting  
brick kilns.

M. D. Logan spent Sunday in Pitts-  
burg. He was accompanied by his  
wife, who has been visiting at Pitts-  
burg for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Smith have re-  
turned to their home at McComb,  
Hancock county, O., after a visit with  
Mr. and Mrs. George B. Smith, Robin-  
son street.

Mrs. J. F. King came from Columbus  
yesterday to spend a week with rela-  
tives and friends in East Liverpool.  
Her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Wylie King  
of Columbus, and children, Albert and  
Gladys, have been visiting relatives  
in East Liverpool during the past five  
weeks. All will return together. Mrs.  
J. F. King is the widow of J. T. King,  
for many years sanitary policeman of  
East Liverpool.

## NEARLY \$175,000 SUBSCRIBED.

\$60,000 Secured at Meeting In New  
York Sunday.

New York, Oct. 14.—As a result of  
the annual missionary sermon  
preached in the Gospel tabernacle by  
Dr. A. B. Simpson, the missionary  
fund solicitor, the sum of \$60,000 was  
collected during the day. This is an  
increase of \$20,000 over the collec-  
tions of last year on a similar occa-  
sion.

Sunday's meeting was the last of  
the eleven conventions that have been  
held throughout the United States,  
and the whole amount thus contrib-  
uted for missionary purposes is nearly  
\$175,000.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLUMBIANA  
COUNTY:—

I take this opportunity of informing  
you that I am a candidate for the Leg-  
islature, to be voted for at the Novem-  
ber election. If you are in favor of liberal  
laws and honest legislation, with charity  
towards all and animosity to none, I sin-  
cerely solicit your vote. J. C. WALSH,  
26tf East Liverpool, O.

## TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List  
of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,  
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets

Pierce & Cartwright's,  
276 Eighth Street.

John H. Peake's,  
304 Eighth Street.

Bagley's,  
153 Second Street.

Bagley's,  
285 East Market Street.

Hotel Lake,  
Second Street.

John Peake's,  
Market and Second Streets.

Ryan Bros.,  
289 East Market Street.

Wilson's,  
Fifth Street.

Rose's Cigar Store,  
Washington Street.

Gill's Grocery,  
Calcutta Road.

Harrison News Stand,  
143 Mulberry St., East End.

C. T. McCutcheon,  
Drug Store, Southside.

E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,  
West Market Street.

Marshall News Stand,  
First St., Chester, W. Va.

The handsomest and best local  
newspaper in Columbiana county is  
the East Liverpool News Review.

# New Fall and Winter ..FOOTWEAR..

## Styles

For Men, Women, Boys, Misses and Children are  
here in a larger than ever assortment, at  
lower than ever prices. We solicit  
your inspection and com-  
parison.

## Shoes with Extension Soles and Rope Stitching.

The popular fads this season are here in a large  
variety at popular prices.

### For Men

At \$2, \$2.50, \$3.00,  
\$3.50 and \$4.00.

### For Women

At \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50,  
\$3 and \$3.50.

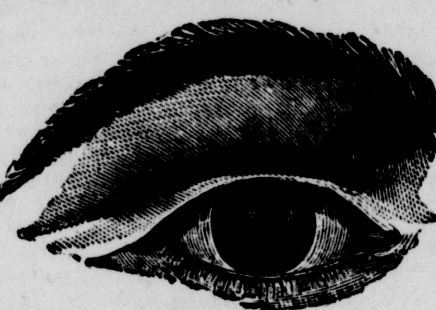
### For Boys and Girls

At \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2,  
and \$2.50.

### For Children

At \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50,  
\$1.75 and \$2.00.

# BENDHEIM'S DIAMOND.



## Eye Doctor's Examination Free!

The Children's Eyes—  
Neglect your own if you will,  
delay and suffer if you please,  
but DON'T neglect the eyes  
of the little ones. Don't open  
the way for a life of eye mis-  
ery. Money no longer a bar—

you may have the examination, the advice of a graduate physician  
with long experience, and superior skill as an Eye Specialist, and  
not one penny to pay. Come any day.  
Oldest House in the city.  
Optician. Quick Repairing.

J. M. McKINNEY.

## ICE ICE ICE

Have the best, let  
us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

## TRY SOME

The best line of loose  
coffees for the money  
at

Edwin Oppelts,

Both Phones 134.  
No. 160 Fifth Street.

## No More Gray Hair.

Ladies, do you know you can ge-  
the latest transformation Pompa-  
dour which can be used as a cover-  
ing for gray hair or can take the  
place of the old fashioned wig?  
Made of natural curly hair, only  
weighs one ounce and a half. Can  
be made in any style desired to  
suit face. Hair Switches \$1  
up, over 100 to select from.

New York Hair Parlor,  
174 Sixth Street.

## Atlantic Tea Co.

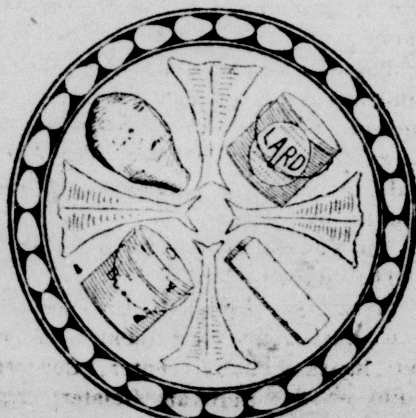
Our new fruits are coming in and  
they are of fine quality. Our prices  
will certainly cause them to move out  
lively. We were fortunate in secur-  
ing shipment from first steamer com-  
ing in of Valencia Raisins, Figs and  
Currants.

## Price List.

New Valencia Raisins, per lb. 10 cts  
New Fancy Figs, per lb. 15 cts  
New Evap. Apricots, per lb. 15 cts  
New Cleaned Currants, 3 pkgs. 25 cts  
Standard Pkg. Coffee, per lb. 10 cts  
Will add to our fruit list as the new  
goods arrive.  
Cran. Sugar, 18 lbs. for \$1.00  
A Sugar, 19 lbs. for \$1.00  
S Sugar, 21 lbs. for \$1.00

Atlantic Tea Co.

We lead, let those who can, follow.



## HOME MADE LARD.

The ordinary lard sold by the grocer  
is a very poor article when compared  
to this which we offer. This is pro-  
duced from specially selected well fed  
animals and has a most excellent  
flavor. The process of rendering is  
carried on in absolutely clean rooms  
and utensils, thus insuring PERFECT  
PURITY. We guarantee the quality of  
this lard to be high grade. Sold by the  
pound or in 3, 5 and 10 lb. pails.

CHAS. A. TRAINER,

274-2 East Market, 273 Broad way,  
Col. 203. Bell 334-2.



## ANOTHER DEFEAT AT FOOTBALL

Pittsburg College Team Proved  
Too Much For the Home  
Taelnt.

### SOME VERY GOOD PLAYING

The Score at the Wind-up Stood 24 to  
5 in Favor of the Visitors—Um-  
pires Changed During the Game.  
A Goon Contest.

In a game of football, in which the home team gave an exhibition of fumbling never before witnessed here, Pittsburg college added another victory to its list by defeating the home team 23 to 5.

Individually, East Liverpool had the best team, but her back field had a bad case of "rattles" in the beginning of the game from which they did not recover until the finish, after it was too late.

The home team presented almost a new line-up from the game a week ago, and several more changes will be made before the game with the strong McKeever academy team next Saturday.

Had it not been for the disastrous fumbles which characterized the playing of the home team, they would have won the game, for they were stronger man for man than the visitors. Almost every time East Liverpool attempted to put the ball in play it was fumbled, and invariably some of the visiting players would fall on it, and would, of course, regain possession of it for the time being at least.

Pittsburg had a few fumbles, but they were not costly, as they never lost the ball. In the first half Referee Laux officiated and gave the visitors the benefit of every close decision. The home team thus lost considerable ground which they would not have done had they been given a square deal. In the second half the officials were changed, Umpire McClure changing places with Laux. From that time on there was not a kick of any kind, as McClure's decisions gave satisfaction to everybody.

College kicked off to Little and the ball was advanced 10 yards. National gained a yard and the ball was fumbled and McLane fell on it.

Scandion went around the end for 30 yards and a clever tackle by Little stopped a similar run on the other end.

The ball was then about 10 yards from National's goal and on a fumble it was carried over. There was considerable of a dispute as to whether Dawson or a College player had the ball, but the visiting official awarded it to the College boys and a touchdown was scored. Collins kicked goal. Score 6 to 0.

Armour kicked off to the College 20 yard line. A number of end runs were made and then the ball went to the Nationals on downs. Booth circled the left end for 30 yards, but he was brought back 20 by the referee, who claimed he had stepped out of bounds in the run. A punt was then blocked and the ball went to the visitors. They lost it again on the first lineup on a fumble and National did the same thing a moment later.

Stoffel was substituted for Holt in left tackle for the Nationals. Armour kicked off and a fumble of the ball ensued and it was a question as to whose ball it was, but the College boys received the favors of their official again.

Armour kicked off for the Nationals in the second half and Moore tackled the man with the ball on the visitors' 15 yard-line. A punt was tried and Moore got the ball on the 12 yard line. Moore made 5 yards through the center and the ball went to the visitors on their own 5 yard line, owing to a fumble. College attempted to punt, but the ball was blocked and Brown got it over the touchdown line. Armour failed at goal. Score 12 to 5.

The ball was brought to the 25 yard line and kicked by Armour. A Stevenson got the ball. Hucklestein got away from the bunch and carried the ball over for a touchdown. Collins kicked goal. Score 18 to 5.

The final score was 23 to 5.

The line up:  
Pittsburg College—Graynor, left end; Flannagan, left tackle; Russel left guard; Young, center; Corcoran, right end; O'Sullivan, Geisler, right tackle; Grealish, right end; Hucklestein, quarter; Scandion, left half; Roberts, right half; Collins, fullback.

National—McLane, left end; Holt, left tackle; J. Stevenson, left guard; Burchard, center; A. Stevenson, right guard; Brown, right tackle; Little, right end; Dawson, quarter; Moore, left half; Booth, right half; Armour, fullback.

Referee, Laux; umpire, McClure; timekeepers, Ryan and McCurran; linemen, Geisler and Woods.

News Review "Wants" bring quick results.

## QUEER KIDNAPING

Youngstown Man Charged With Spiriting His Mother-in-Law Away.

Youngstown, Oct. 14.—Thomas H. Burke is charged with the offense of kidnaping his mother-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Haley, and because his two sisters-in-law, Mrs. Elmer Howarj, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Thomas McAndrews, of this city, interfered, he had them arrested on the charge of disturbance.

Some time ago Mrs. Haley quarreled with her two daughters and made a will in favor of her son-in-law. When she was taken sick she sent for her two daughters and they came to take care of her. The son-in-law spirited the mother-in-law to his own house yesterday noon, the daughters say, because he was afraid that Mrs. Haley would change her mind and execute a new will.

## HUMAN SKELETON

Found in a Woods Near Bucyrus—Identified as Remains of a Farmer Who Suicided.

Bucyrus, Oct. 14.—Emanuel Keller, while passing through a dense woods near his home Saturday evening, came upon the skeleton of a man. The clothes remained, but there was not a vestige of flesh on the bone. The remains were identified by the clothing as those of Frederick Kleinhart, who had worked during the summer for John Burger, a farmer nearby.

Kleinhart disappeared suddenly on the night of June 30 and diligent search failed to locate him. Evidence showed that he had gone into the woods and hanged himself to a sapling. Later on the weather weakened the rope and the body fell to the ground. Kleinhart was 50 years old and unmarried.

## MACENONIAN ARRESTED

In Connection With Kidnaping of Miss Stone—Arrests of Instigators Asked.

London, Oct. 14.—The Reuter Telegram company has received the following dispatch from Constantinople, dated Oct. 13:

"There have been no further developments in the case of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary."

"It is reported that Spencer Eddy (secretary of the United States legation in Constantinople) received today a dispatch from Washington advising him that a sum of money which should suffice for the ransom would be forthcoming."

The text of Reuter's advices is ambiguous.

The Daily Telegraph has the following dispatch from Sofia, dated Sunday:

"United States Consul General Dickinson has received no instructions to pay the ransom. He is afraid a dangerous precedent would be created by payment. As he is not fully convinced that the brigands were merely instruments, acting under the instigation of late members of the Macedonian committee, he has made strong representations to the Bulgarian government asking the arrest of these instigators. Should this be done he says Miss Stone would doubtless be released on payment of a moderate indemnity and assurance of freedom for her captors. Some Macedonians have already been arrested here."

## TO STUDY OUR RAILWAYS.

Party of English Railway Men Arrived in United States.

New York, Oct. 14.—On the White Star liner Celtic, which arrived, was a party of English railroad men, who come here to spend a month studying American railroad methods and inspecting systems. They are George S. Gibb, general manager of the North-eastern railroad; Norman D. MacDonald, T. M. Newell and Wilson Worsdell, directors of the line.

Speaking of their plans, Mr. Gibb said: "We intend to inspect American railways and will go as far west as Chicago. We will study the handling of freight and the system of signals. Of course until we have been about and seen things I cannot state whether we will adopt any of the features of the American system."

## BOTH FIRED SHOTS.

Which Man Committed Murder Was Not Determined.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14.—Two men, John T. Doyle and Martin Clark, both white, are in jail here, charged with killing a negro named Henry Campbell. Each surrendered, believing that he fired the fatal shot. After being ejected from a saloon, in which both white men were clerking, Campbell went home, secured the rifle which he carried in the Civil War, and, returning, opened fire from the doorway.

Clark secured a pistol and Doyle a Winchester and each shot once. The negro fell dead, a bullet having passed through his body. The bullet could not be found and the coroner's jury has not placed the responsibility.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Fair today and tomorrow, warmer tomorrow in western portion; light to fresh southwesterly winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler today. Tomorrow fair, with warmer in western portion; fresh westerly winds, diminishing.

West Virginia—Fair and cooler today. Tomorrow fair, with warmer in eastern portion; westerly winds.

## WELLSVILLE

### WORK ON LOCK 5

Good Progress Made on an Ohio River Improvement.

George McCloud, of Lock 5, on the Ohio river, was in the city yesterday. He says that the work on the lock is progressing rapidly and that the stone coping is now being laid. When this is finished considerable iron work will have to be done, after which the building of the dam will follow.

The contract has not yet been let for the dam. The lock and dam will be completed about the middle of next year.

## POSITIONS IN PITTSBURG

For Wellsville Men Who Failed to Get Back Their Old Jobs.

John Alkens, Robert Westerman, William Bainbridge, Jr., and J. Davis went to Pittsburg this morning and will take positions in the Anchor mills on the Southside. They were formerly employed in the rolling mill here, but went out on the recent strike and were refused their old positions after the settlement.

After a consultation late last night they determined to take positions in the Anchor mills, which, it is understood, is to be run independent.

## THE HESSIAN FLY

Showing More Than Its Usual Energy in This Section.

A prominent farmer who was in the city today says that while Columbiana county farmers have their ground prepared, they will not sow their wheat until after heavier frosts appear, on account of the Hessian fly.

He says the flies are more numerous now than ever before, and that much of the wheat already sown will have to be replanted.

## WRECK AT MINCO

Two Engines Collided And a Fireman Was Injured.

The wreck train was called out on the C. & P. Saturday night about 8 o'clock and went down to Mingo where a couple of yard engines had collided, doing considerable damage to both engines and track and crippling one of the firemen.

The wrecked engines were brought up to the shops yesterday morning.

## Handsome New House Boat.

James Ewing, an old-time resident and business man of this city, was here yesterday from Pittsburg. He is on his way to Steubenville with a handsome house boat he has had built and will anchor near the La Belle Iron works, of which works he is a head engineer. Tenement houses are scarce in Steubenville, which necessitates many laboring men in living in house boats.

## Will Go to a Hospital.

Miss Inez Minor, Nevada street, who was injured in a runaway accident some time since, is not improving. She will visit a hospital for surgical aid.

## MINOR NEWS OF WELLSVILLE.

L. Grimes, of Alliance, is in the city. H. W. Noragon, of Lisbon, is in the city.

Earle Frank is in Pittsburg on business.

Robert Peterson, of Steubenville, is in the city.

G. L. Curman, the installment man, is in Empire today.

Mrs. Horace Conn and son Ralph are in Pittsburg today.

Orin Eldeneir and wife, Cleveland, were here yesterday on a visit to their parents.

H. W. Bell, of Salem, was in the city over Sunday, stopping at the Hotel Metropole.

Miss Lois Eldeneir visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hottles in the country yesterday.

Mrs. Whitten, son Jay, Mrs. Samuel Cope and Mrs. Snowden are visiting friends at Toronto.

Mrs. Gus Weaver and Miss Nina Bravin returned to their home at Bradford, Pa., today.

William Eby, formerly employed by the C. & P., has taken a position with the Pennsylvania shops in Pittsburg.

Misses Maud Baxter and Anna Bridge, of East Liverpool, were the guests of Miss Ora Shoup yesterday.

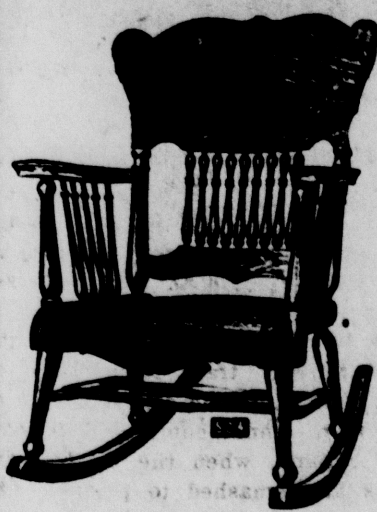
Frank Faudre, from street, went up to Chester today. He will buy property and permanently reside there. He is a machinist by occupation.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. McIntosh went to Richmond, O., this morning, to be gone two weeks on a visit to Mrs. McIntosh's parents.

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THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.



Our New

## Holiday Rockers

Are Arriving Daily.

HAVE A LOOK.

# ASK LEWIS BROS. ABOUT IT.

## OHIO DEMOCRATS

Attempting to Revive the Old Free Trade Issue.

WANT ANOTHER WILSON BILL.

Though They Say That D. D. Not Go Far Enough—Ohio Voters Should Realize the Danger.

"The protective tariff is a legalized robbery of the common people," says a Democratic editorial that seems to have been set in circulation from the Ohio headquarters of that party as expressive of its campaign purposes. These words fit in exactly with the Democratic campaign declaration that the protective tariff system must be abolished, and that there must be substituted for it "the traditional Democratic policy of a tariff for revenue." The increasing prominence given to this one question by the Democratic campaign managers indicates their intention to force it to the front, and in fact they have to do it, because there is nothing else left upon which they can make even a show of harmony.

The silver and gold wings of the Democracy in Ohio are not flapping together a little bit, and so they go back nine years and more to Grover Cleveland's time and his campaigns, to take up the free trade that he advocated. Nothing was too mean in those days to be said against the McKinley tariff and the principles of protection as McKinley advocated it. The Democratic success in 1892 precipitated the panic of 1893, which they aggravated by their enactment of the Wilson tariff law. Even this, though, was not radical enough for the present generation of free traders, and in the same article that declares their hope of success along this line, they intimate that the Wilson bill "failed to go far enough to redeem the radicalism of their platform; pledges for free trade."

The men who are back of this movement profess to see that the Democrats who were "once slightly lukewarm on the tariff question," are now with them in the agreement to make the most of this perennial plank of their platform. It has never been abandoned, or set aside, or for one minute dropped by that party, but they simply held it in reserve while talking about other questions. It was always evident that free trade was to be on top in any case of Democratic success, no matter what issue might be used for capturing the country. Now, the Democrats declare that "There has never been a time when the Democratic party could make an aggressive fight in favor of its historic position on the tariff question with better prospect of success."

That one sentence more clearly defines the Democratic position and contention, and the danger of that party's supremacy, than all their protestations to the contrary that they can say to conceal their real purpose in this important particular. Free trade is just what they intend, and it is for free trade that they are fighting. Every man in Ohio who ever suffered from even a mild dose of Democratic tariff reform, may as well understand that they intend trouble for him, and that more thoroughly than ever. He can govern his vote accordingly.

## EXPEL WELLINGTON.

Maryland Senator Bitterly Denounced in the South For His Attitude.

The Atlanta Journal prints an editorial demanding the expulsion of Senator Wellington from the United States senate. It also prints telegrams from 23 leading Southern papers, indorsing the proposition to "expel Wellington. The editorial says:

"On the evening when President McKinley was shot down and while it was supposed that his death was near at hand, Wellington said to a newspaper reporter: 'McKinley and I are enemies. I have nothing good to say about him, and under the circumstances do not care to say anything bad. I am indifferent to the whole matter.'"

"George L. Wellington has placed himself in the category and company of the ruffians who stood about the bulletin boards in several cities last Friday evening and rejoiced over a deed that shocked the moral sense of civilized mankind. He is less excus-

able than these comparatively insignificant blackguards, every one of whom was knocked down or kicked by those who heard his fiendish chuckle. He has branded himself as the apologist of an anarchist and assassin. "Is the man who could utter that, which Wellington does not deny, a fit person to sit in the highest council of the nation? Is he worthy to be trusted with the affairs that involve the honor and welfare of the country? We think not. What does the United States senate think about it?"

## THE SOLDIER APPEAL.

Why Kilbourne Can Not Expect the Veterans' Support.

Governor Nash Has an Equally Good Record and His Party Has Always Stood by the Veterans.

Admit all the good things that are said about Colonel Kilbourne personally, and no one is disposed to call them in question in the present campaign—yet, as a candidate, he cannot escape the responsibility for things done in his behalf by his party's campaign committee. That organization has made a special appeal to the soldiers of the state, on the score that Mr. Kilbourne was a soldier.

The manner of that appeal is in a sense a form of contention that the candidate is better than his party. This we are not ready to deny at all, but his election will be a party election and a party triumph, and he will be bound by his party, if he should be elected. Has Colonel Kilbourne ever supported other soldiers who were not Democrats, or has he ever at any time shown any particular independence of his party that should appeal to voters irrespective of party in his behalf?

In fact, does not Kilbourne's candidacy simply mean the approval of the policies of the Democratic party since he appeals to soldiers, what has that party to show that it has done for soldiers? Why is it that the records of Congress, for one great pension bill after another, show that the adverse votes were all by Democrats, and that not one vote against these measures was by a Republican? An aggregate of more than 600 Democrats are on record as having voted in Senate and House against various general pension laws, with not one Republican in opposition to one of those measures. Mr. Kilbourne's committee has taken pains to send out a circular, stating that he is and always has been a Democrat. If he was more of a soldier than he is a Democrat, he would resent that party's position upon these measures, and refuse to support a party with such a record. But since his own committee insist upon it that he is a Democrat above all things, first, last and all the time, and there is not an iota of evidence presented that he ever voted for any soldier who was not on the Democratic ticket. It becomes most difficult to see why any Republican soldier should go back upon a Republican soldier like Governor George K. Nash, and vote to brand him with the disgrace of defeat and of censure upon his administration, in order to boost James Kilbourne, who never did anything for Republicans as Republicans, or for soldiers as soldiers, only as they bore the label of his particular party.

Railroad earnings coming to hand are exhibitions of great trade prosperity. In view of the fact that comparisons are made with a period a year ago, when earnings were enormous, the results are simply astonishing, especially on the southern and southwestern roads. All the companies in the south and southwest are enjoying a period of prosperity.—New York Tribune.

Of all the gauges of business conditions none is so automatic and absolute as the bank exchanges. That, by their present activity, prove business of all kinds to be in vigorous condition. Almost every city, by its report of a marked increase of bank clearings, testifies that the widespread prosperity is without limit as to locality. The voters can reverse this as they did in '92, but will they do it?

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# MASTER and SLAVE

By...  
T. H. THORPE

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## CHAPTER I.

**H**ORACE OAKFELL, representative from the parish of Avoyelles, was the youngest member of the Louisiana legislature of 1877. Of medium height, broad of shoulder, deep chested and brown haired and brown eyed, with a countenance brave and frank, he was regarded as the Adonis of the house. His dress of milk white cassimere, ruffled shirt and deep Byronic collar gave warrant to the poetic appraisal of the women. But his colleagues set a different estimate upon him. To them he was known as a well trained lawyer, a close student, a young man much given to philosophic research and meditation, one of learning and gravity unusual at his age, true, courageous, but of a seriousness bordering upon melancholy. He was a forceful debater, though his years were but 24, and his utterances were always heard with sincere respect.

Though himself a slaveowner, he had from motives of humanity eloquently but unsuccessfully opposed the bill which enacted:

"That from and after the passage of this act no slave shall be emancipated in this state."

His speech had been published in full by the leading journals, and its peroration was long remembered.

"Can it be," he exclaimed, "that in this part of Christendom, in a time of profound peace and tranquillity, an American legislative body will from the black cloud of slavery tear the narrow fringe of hope and in its stead inscribe by statute the frightful legend seen by Dante over the portals of hell? Can it be that enlightened citizens will forbid the reward of liberty to the slave who serves the state? Will the law-making power deny to the master the exercise of the noblest virtue of his nature by prohibiting him from conferring the boon of freedom upon the slave who has stood between his life and the knife of the assassin or safely borne his fainting wife through the flames of the burning mansion or plunged into the down sucking Mississippi to bring back the fair-haired child to the frantic mother? Can it be that the flower of civilization will make unlawful that kindness to a faithful human slave which it approves to a dog or a horse? I cannot believe it. But if I mistake the sense of the house then let me say that the logical consequence of this measure will be the stifling of moral growth in the master, the removal of incentives to loyalty in the slave; the one must become more narrow and cruel, the other desperate and ferocious; the sense of justice of other communities will be shocked and their righteous anger will be provoked; a decade cannot fail to bring some frightful catastrophe on our state as the fruit of this unholy measure. I protest against it. I appeal to my colleagues to be true to their better nature and prove by their negative votes that the white race in Louisiana can defend itself and yet be not ungenerous."

His appeal was ineffective. The bill was passed by a pronounced majority, was approved by the governor and became law.

After the adjournment of the legislature Oakfell returned to the parish of Avoyelles, taking passage on the steamboat Red Queen. The vessel was one of those popularly called "floating palaces," of which a score plied the lower Mississippi and its tributaries during the decade preceding the civil war, when no railroads had been laid in that part of Louisiana lying west of the great river. She was a side wheeler, with high pressure engines, capable of great speed and with accommodation for over 150 passengers. There were a profusion of white paint upon her exterior and a plenitude of gilding and low hanging chandeliers within the cabin.

The boat carried some 60 passengers, many of whom were planters returning from their annual spring visits to New Orleans factories to settle accounts of the past planting year and arrange credits for the new. Some were accompanied by their wives and daughters, and a sociability prevailed among the company which is wholly wanting in the commercial travel of the present day.

Three were planters in Avoyelles, one of whom, Dr. De Roux, added the business of a physician to that of cotton raising. His plantation was near the Marais des Cygnes, in the Avoyelles prairie. The second was Constant Quillebert, a low browed, long nosed Gascon Frenchman who had lived on Bayou des Glaives for 20 years, but had never married or become an American citizen. The third was Leonidas Latiolais of Bayou Rouge, a man of 60, whose hair was white and whose blue eyes and short chin bespoke a kindly but weak character. Of the three Latiolais alone threw any warmth into the salutation of Oakfell. The others referred to the legislative incident in a friendly polite manner, as if tenderness for him required that it be quickly passed over. Latiolais, however, spoke regretfully of the result, but rather out of sympathy for the young legislator than for the cause he had championed. Oakfell received their different ex-

pressions with apparent unconcern and evinced a preference to avoid any discussion of the supposed merits or demerits of the bill.

After the evening meal had been partaken of in the long saloon, with the usual clatter of china service and scurrying of the numerous yellow and black waiters, the extension tables were closed and run together, and while music, dancing and conversation engaged the women and young folks in the ladies' cabin the tables in the forward end were arranged for cards and were speedily occupied by the older men and some of the younger, gambling being an unfailing feature of the steamboat travel in the fifties. These card tables were in close neighborhood to the bar, and this was the beginning of the barkeeper's business day.

Oakfell passed the greater part of the evening reading in the captain's stateroom on the hurricane deck. Returning to the cabin at 11 o'clock, he found his constituents from Avoyelles at the table nearest the bar. They were not playing, but cards, ivory chips and half drained glasses of liquor were on the table. None of the chips was on the side where Latiolais sat. Some few were in front of Dr. De Roux, and the remainder, in many stacks, were before Quillebert.

The young man sat at a distance from the three, but not so far that their conversation was not audible to him.

Quillebert in a half jocular and half bantering tone had said:

"Leonidas, if I were not a man of extraordinary good nature you and I would now be at outs instead of sitting here over a friendly game of poker and clinking our social glasses, because it wasn't neighborly in you to sue me for \$2,000 for that old negro of yours when you know that you couldn't have sold him for \$700 even on credit."

"No, I don't know that," replied Latiolais. "I could have sold him for \$750. But that isn't it. I never tried to sell him, I didn't want to sell him, and, although he was 50 years old when you shot him, I wouldn't have sold him for \$2,000 cash. I was attached to Baptiste. He was the best judge of horses among my negroes. He was faithful and nursed me and my son through the yellow fever, and, although my son died, I have always believed that had it not been for Baptiste's care and watchfulness I should never have recovered. Therefore I never thought that \$2,000 could have at all repaid me for his loss. Moreover, it would have been the act of a good neighbor in you to have complained to me of any offense Baptiste had given you and allowed me to correct him. Instead of that you shot him dead."

"I admit that," said Quillebert, "but when he struck my pointer dog with that ox whip and I saw the blood red den the white skin of the poor brute I was so enraged that I couldn't help shooting the infernal negro down in his tracks, and you would have done the same."

"But had not the dog bitten the negro before he struck it with the whip?" Latiolais inquired.

"I have heard something of that sort," said Quillebert curtly.

"It was a fact," insisted Latiolais, "and the wounds inflicted by the dog's teeth were found upon the dead man's body. But, as we never quarreled about that," Latiolais continued, "let's not quarrel now. Of course, when you destroyed my property you owed me something, and, since we couldn't agree upon the amount, there was nothing to do but leave it to a jury, so I brought the suit. I was willing to

abide by the award of the jury, although it was only \$1,200; but you have seen fit to carry the matter on appeal to the supreme court and prolong this only cause of difference between us."

"I think," Dr. De Roux remarked, "that you both made a mistake by letting the matter go into the courts. Litigation always begets bitterness. The longer it is drawn out the more inveterate becomes the ill feeling. I think yet you ought to take it out of court and settle it as friends and gentlemen."

"I am afraid it is too late," said Latiolais, "as Constant perfected his appeal yesterday and employed a city

lawyer to argue his cause for him in the supreme court."

"No, it is not too late," Quillebert exclaimed; "it is never too late to do good. Let us have another toddy, and when we drink that to friendship I will make a proposition to you."

Their glasses were filled and drained with expressions of good feeling.

"Now," said Quillebert, with a knowing leer in his eyes, "you say, Latiolais—at least I have heard you say many times—that you are the best old sledge player in the parish of Avoyelles. I know you play that game better than you do poker." And he significantly glanced at the bare space on the table in front of Latiolais, then at the piles of red and blue chips on his own side, and continued: "I will offer to play you 11 games of old sledge. If you win six out of the 11, I will pay you \$2,000 as soon as we reach home. If I win six out of the 11, you will give me a receipt in full for the judgment and costs in your suit against me for killing Baptiste. If you agree, I will now write to my attorney in the city instructing him to withdraw the appeal and deliver the letter to the captain to be mailed when the boat stops at Bayou Sara."

"That certainly is a liberal proposition," said Dr. De Roux. "You would do well to accept it, Leonidas."

Latiolais looked down, and his face assumed an expression of doubt and trouble. Oakfell watched the workings of his countenance intently.

"Let's have one more toddy before I decide."

"Agreeable."

With this aid Latiolais accepted the proposal. Calling for writing material and a new deck of cards, Quillebert wrote the message to the lawyer in New Orleans, passing it to Latiolais to be read, addressed, sealed, and handed it to the captain of the boat, with the request that he mail it at Bayou Sara. The cards were shuffled and the game was begun, Dr. De Roux keeping score.

The play was silent. Victory went alternately from the one player to the other through ten games. The eleventh was close, but by turning a knave as trump and scoring a six spot as low Quillebert won by a point. Latiolais took pen and paper, wrote and signed a receipt in full of the judgment, principal, interest and costs which he had obtained for the killing of his negro man Baptiste and gave it to Quillebert; also an I O U for the sum of \$300, representing his loss in the game of poker they had previously played.

Forcing a smile, he ordered three more glasses of whisky, and when these had been tossed off bade his companions good night and retired. Quillebert and Dr. De Roux strolled to the hurricane deck to soothe their nerves with cigars before seeking sleep. Oakfell repaired to his stateroom soul sickened by what he had witnessed.

## CHAPTER II.

### THE FERRY AT BAYOU DU LAC.

**F**ROM Fort De Roussy, on the Red river, to Pointe Midy, on the Bayou Claire, near which "L'Esperance," the Oakfell plantation, lay, was a distance of some 20 miles. The dignifying name of fort was given to a small earthwork which had been thrown up by direction of the United States government under the supervision of Colonel De Roussy at the first rise of Avoyelles prairie abutting on the low alluvial river bottom. Four miles inland from the fort the highroad ran through the little town of Marksville, the parish site or seat of justice. The courthouse and two magazines for cotton were the only brick structures of which it could boast. All the other edifices, including the church, were of wood, painted white or yellow, ranged on either side of a long main street and two lateral and four cross streets intersecting at right angles. The situation of the village was a gentle dip in the prairie, the two sides of which, when the thick foliage of umbrella china, pecan, fig and oak trees was at its full and softened by the sprinkling of rosy flowered myrtles, gave the resemblance to the trough between waves of a great green sea. The population of 600 or 700 souls was almost entirely Gascon French and French creole, of whom but few spoke English. The exceptions were the families of four American lawyers, who had acquired the French language and used it more frequently than their mother tongue.

Nine miles southward from the village the smooth surface of the prairie broke suddenly and the land declined sharply to a broad belt of stiff soil, incalculably fertile, bearing a thick growth of cypress, gum and oak and terminating at Bayou du Lac, wide and deep, on the farther side of which lay the Magnolia hills. These latter were a series of gentle undulations, rising somewhat above the general level of the alluvion and extending quite eight miles to the fine, sandy soil of that perfect agricultural country formed by the network of bayous Rouge, Houffou, Bayou and Claire. Here the stately magnolia tree dominated, its evergreen leaves of olive hue and varnished freshness preserving to the landscape throughout the year the warm sylvan tints of summer and its big blossoms of creamy white loading the air with the fragrance of combined jasmine and lemon and imbuing with sensuousness the luxuriant spring. Robed in gown of woven vines, which trailed to the ground and flowered in yellow, red, blue and white, the magnolia was truly queen of the forest.

The day had been sultry, overcast by low hanging clouds, from which fell a steady, soaking rain from noon until nightfall. An intense darkness succeeded the day, and the rain became fitful, while the lightning was frequent and blinding in its lurid brilliancy. The public road leading from the rope ferry of Bayou du Lac to the Magnolia hills and which constant use had worn to a

deep gully in the soft ground was reduced by the rain almost to a state of ooze, rendering travel arduous and slow. The dwelling of Valsin Mouliot, the ferryman, stood in an inclosure near the road and 50 yards from the bayou. Valsin was short and muscular, of middle age and scant education, but blessed with a cheerful mind. He was a widower, with three little girls dependent upon him, and his resources were the public ferry and the yield of 30 acres of cleared land, which he operated with the aid of three slaves—an old man and woman and a boy. This last drew the ferryboat along the wide stretch of rope more frequently than did the ferryman and on such nights as this occupied the lookout shed on the bank to respond to the calls of travelers.

Notwithstanding the warmth of the night and the open doors of the house, a bright fire of cypress bark burned on the hearth of the largest room to resist the moisture with which this low region reeked. In front of the fire sat a stout, broad faced, dark skinned man of advanced years, whose garb of black and turned down band of white about his neck discovered the



In front of the fire sat a stout, broad faced, dark skinned man.

Catholic priest. His hair was thick and as yet untouched by the gray of age, eyes large and strong, and his countenance, though confessing to good living, advertised a spirit of benevolence and charity. This was Father Francois Grhe, cure of Mansura, whose ecclesiastical dominion extended southward to the Bayou Rouge. He had heard a call to the ferry, and later, when the sound of rushing hoofs and wheels in the road fell upon his ear, he had peered out into the darkness, but, notwithstanding the illumination of a lightning flash, had discovered nothing. Valsin entered the room swishing the rain from his broad felt hat and, stamping his wet and muddy boots upon the floor, said:

"I don't like a night like this, father—hot and dripping and heavy. It always makes me feel that something bad is going to happen."

"Keep your soul clean, Valsin," said the priest, "and whatever happens on a night like this cannot be bad for you."

"Oh, it is not for myself—no—that I am uneasy, but I think that persons traveling abroad are sure to meet with accident, and if a man is hurt in the Magnolia hills on such a night he may lie there until morning and no one know of his suffering."

"I have just heard some one drive up from the ferry," observed the priest, "and pass on toward the hills. Who was it, Valsin?"

"I do not know," replied Valsin. "I did not go to the ferry. The boy Pierre is there tonight. But come, father; your supper of chicken, eggs and coffee is ready. You must be very hungry after driving so far and waiting so long."

"Thank you, Valsin. I have an appetite, you may be sure, although I am not impatient, for, you know, I am practiced in fasting."

As the priest rose to follow his host to the supper table a voice came from without, calling:

"Hello, Valsin! Hello! Hello!"

The dogs of the yard set up a furious barking.

Both men stopped, and Valsin, stepping out on the veranda of his house, responded:

"Hello yourself! Who is it? Come in!"

"I can't until you call your dogs off." "Wait; I will be there in a minute. Here, you rascal, Jacques; get away! And you, Rosa; go off! Do you want me to kick you? Now, sir, they won't bite. They know I am here. Who is it I see?"

"Oakfell, Valsin. I have to claim shelter of you."

"Why, bless my heart, Mr. Horace! How do you do? I am glad to see you, sir. Come right in." And he grasped Oakfell's hand and shook it warmly. "What's happened? Where's your buggy?"

"Never mind the buggy, Valsin. Let us get out of this rain and mud," said Oakfell, "and then I will tell you what has happened."

"To be sure, to be sure," said Valsin. "How foolish of me to keep you here at the gate to tell me about it when you can just as well come inside and get dry and comfortable and then tell me and take your own time." And he led his unexpected guest into the house.

Father Grhe gave Oakfell an affectionate greeting, but, observing that his face was scratched and his clothing torn and smeared with mud, manifested anxiety and asked with an air of concern:

"Why, my son, you have met with an accident. Are you hurt?"

"No, I believe I have sustained nothing beyond a rude shaking up. I arrived on the Red Queen at Fort De Roussy this afternoon and, stopping for

## EAST LIVERPOOL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

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LIVERY AND  
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**The HOFFMAN HOUSE.**  
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"THE BUFFET"  
Furnished Rooms for  
rent by day or week.  
C. C. TELEPHONE 158.

**HOWARD H. BEAN, M. D.**  
Practice limited to diseases of the  
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.

Cataracts removed, cross eyes straightened without cutting or pain. Deafness cured. Discharges from the ears stopped. Expert in fitting glasses. Office corner Sixth Street and Diamond, East Liverpool, O. Open evenings.

a short time at my office in Marksville, concluded to drive to my plantation this evening. The big black which was recently sent me from Cincinnati had been stabled in town since I left for Baton Rouge in the early part of the session. I had him put to the buggy today. Just as I was getting out of the gully beyond Valsin's field the horse took fright at the upright shafts of an ox cart tilted on end in front of old Grineau's house, which I in the dark did not see. Before I was aware he bounded to the left, leaped up the bank and started on a dead run into the Magnolia hills. I braced myself to hold him in, but he was beyond control, and, positively, I expected to be killed. Had he got as far as the woods he surely would have dashed my brains out against a tree; but, fortunately, at the edge of the field the left wheel of the buggy struck a thorn stump, and everything went to pieces. The buggy, I suppose, has been broken into a thousand fragments. I was thrown violently to the ground, the reins left my grasp, and the horse has gone dashing through the hills like some mad creature. So here I am, all that is left of the cortege that started out so bravely from Marksville, and I may thank my stars that there is this much left sound and unbroken."

"The kind God be thanked, it is the best part which has been saved," said the priest fervently.

"Yes, yes," Valsin added, "we could not afford to lose such a one as Mr. Horace, and we must take the best of care of what God has been good enough to preserve to us."

He hurried Oakfell into another room, calling to his aid the old negro Alonzo, and the two, after delving into various cypress chests and armchairs and bustling about like busy housewives, shortly returned him to the fireside dry and comfortably clad in a suit of Valsin's homemade and clean Attakapas cottonade, his feet incased in a pair of soft moccasins of deerskin. The garments were indeed a scanty fit, but they bestowed the desired comfort, and, no women being present, slight importance was attached to mere appearance.

[CONTINUED.]

### The Red Anarchist Must Go.

From the mansions where the columns  
Rise in lofty grandeur, where  
Splendid gardens, broadly stretching,  
Lend their fragrance to the air;  
Where the luxury of riches  
And the pride of birth appear.

There's a loud, clear cry ascending  
And the songs the pulleys sing—  
That the listening world may hear—  
That is growing louder, louder, and is echoed  
High and low,  
"The red anarchist must go!"

From the shops where whirling pinions  
Add their music to the cling  
Of the banners on the anvil  
And the songs the pulleys sing,  
Where the hissing sparks are flying  
And the jangling beams are whirled,  
There's a loud, clear cry ascending  
That goes echoing through the world—  
That is carried from the blazing hearths on  
all the winds that blow,  
"The red anarchist must go!"

From the orchards where the apples  
Blush upon the leaning trees  
Where the drooping corn leaves rattle  
Little protests to the breeze,  
Where the stretches of brown stubbles  
Tell the world of duties done,  
There's a loud, clear cry ascending  
That the knaves may hear who run,  
"The red anarchist must go!"

From the crowded streets where eager  
People hurry through the day,  
From the car that swiftly passes,  
And the slowly moving dray,  
From the hills and from the valleys  
Stretching out from sea to sea  
There's a loud, clear cry of protest  
From a nation that is free—  
The cry of outraged reason raised against her  
filthy foe,  
"The red anarchist must go!"  
—S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

### The Shape of Eggs.

The shape of eggs has nothing to do with the life germ unless the egg is deformed. The shape of the egg conforms to the shape of the ovary and duct; hence we have long eggs, short eggs and round eggs.

### Paper Teeth.

False teeth made from paper are said to last a lifetime.

### A Danish Crown.

A Danish crown is worth 26.8 cents in this country.

**J. E. Rowe**  
RESTAURANT AND DINING PARLOR  
QUICK LUNCH.

Cor. Third and Washington Sts.

**Geo. W. Rison,** 120 Market St.,  
Lancaster, Pa.  
Quick service guaranteed.

**FURNISHED Rooms For**  
Rent with Use of Bath.  
—THE—  
**ANDERSON HOUSE,**  
Cor. Walnut and Robinson Sts.

**ABRAHAM BURLINGAME**  
Wucherer's Addition,

Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay carpet at reasonable rates.

## EXCURSIONS TO PITTSBURG

Via Penna Lines for the New Exposition.

Dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburgh will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines this year account the Exposition are Thursdays, September 12th, 15th, 22nd and October 3rd, 10th and 17th from Dennison, Ohio, Cadiz, Ohio, Chester, W. Va., Wheeling, W. Va., Washington, Pa., and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest System; and from Massillon, Ohio, Ashtabula, Ohio, Erie, Pa., Stoneboro, Pa., New Philadelphia, Ohio, Poughkeepsie, Ohio, and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest System. The return limit on all tickets will be three days including date of sale.

The Pittsburgh Exposition of 1901 will be entirely new in all departments and excel ones of former years. New attractions will include \$15,000 Toboggan Slide, Children's Eden, Museum and Wonderland, A Day in the Alps, the latest Moving Pictures and Magnificent Electric Display. Everything absolutely new.

Music will be furnished by the world's leading musical organizations. Sousa and his band will appear at the Exposition afternoon and evening until September 17th; Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra, September 18th to October 1st; The Famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, October 2d to 10th; Emil Paul and the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, October 11th to 15th.

Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents in territory mentioned. ADAM HILL, Ticket Agent, East Liverpool, Ohio.

59-ws-a

## AN EASTERN TRIP

On Excursion Tickets over Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania Lines—or going via Pennsylvania Lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes via Buffalo with privilege of stopping over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Washington, D. C., with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines. 18-m-w-7-1d

## MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

INFORM the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or Found. The Cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

## THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW

Real Estate Offices,  
Drug Stores and News  
Stands throughout the  
city will supply you  
with cards on which to  
write your ad. Pay 25c  
for a card, write it and  
mail it, and

## YOU WILL GET WHAT YOU WANT

## Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Tie  
In Effect May 26, 1901.

From East Liverpool.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
202	3:56 a. m.	201	12:36 a. m.
240	5:51 a. m.	239	1:56 a. m.
286	11:21 a. m.	285	9:06 a. m.
290	2:06 p. m.	289	2:50 p. m.
216	5:40 p. m.	215	6:28 p. m.
224	8:06 a. m.	223	9:06 a. m.
292	5:25 p. m.	291	6:48 a. m.

From Chester.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
232	5:52 a. m.	231	6:07 a. m.
236	8:40 a. m.	235	11:35 a. m.
234	2:27 p. m.	233	2:45 p. m.

Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

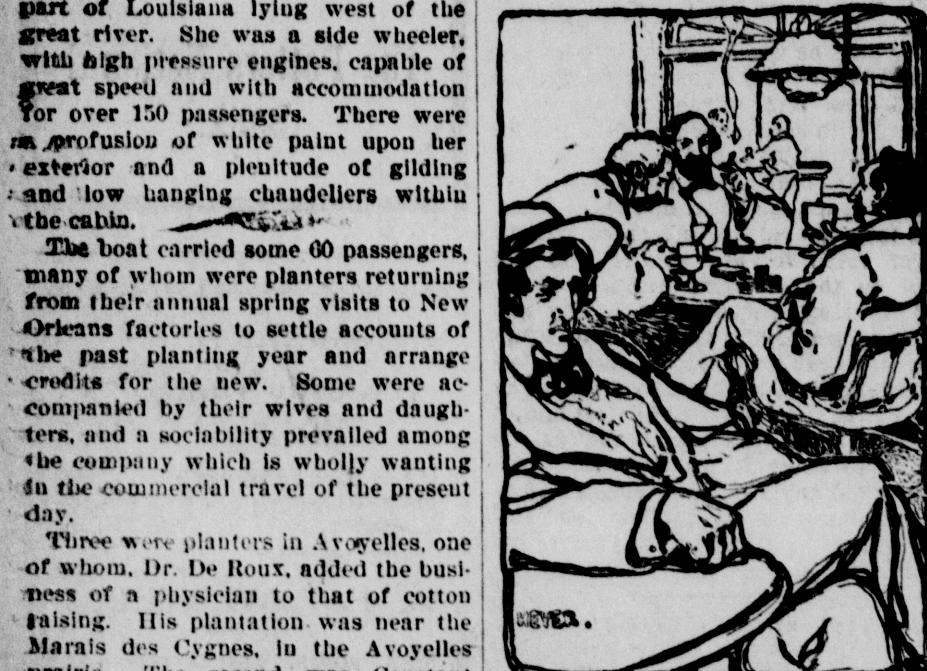
EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
232	5:52 a. m.	231	6:07 a. m.
236	8:40 a. m.	235	11:35 a. m.
234	2:27 p. m.	233	2:45 p. m.

Runs Daily. Daily, except Sunday

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 201 and 202 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 285 and 286 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 286 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 285 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 289 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 235 and 236 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent, East Liverpool, Ohio.



The young man sat at a distance from the three.



## GOWNS Don't Make The Actress

By  
**ELSIE DEWOLFE**  
"Best Dressed Woman on The American Stage"



One admires a neat gown more than I, but at the same time, what constitutes proper dress? The tendency in America, both among the women of the stage and of society, is toward overdress. The shop-girl, with her white waist and neat cotton skirt, seated in a modest lunchroom at the noon hour, is a better dressed woman than many whom I have seen at the Waldorf Astoria at the same hour clad in rich velvet and ablaze with jewels.

PROPER DRESS CONSISTS, FIRST, OF A DISPLAY OF GOOD TASTE, WHICH IS USUALLY SHOWN IN MODESTY OF RAIMENT RATHER THAN THE OTHER-EXTREME.

In order to dress well women should study themselves and so discover what is most appropriate to their peculiar charm. They should possess individuality in the selection of their costumes, but should know their own strength before attempting anything that could be considered "daring" in their raiment.

By carefully watching this point almost any woman can dress well—that is, becomingly, no matter how small her income. And every woman desires to be well gowned, for nothing so adds to her appearance and her ability to please. It is a feminine trait, this desire to please, and a woman without it would to my mind be a most unfeminine creature.

BUT I DO NOT THINK THAT A LACK OF PROPER DRESS COULD FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME SUPPRESS REAL TALENT IN AN ACTRESS, NOR COULD A CHANGE OF GOWNS SEVERAL TIMES DAILY MAKE AN ARTIST OF ONE WHOSE ABILITY WAS LIMITED TO THE SELECTION OF SILKS AND LACES ALONE.

It is ability that carries one to the top of the ladder of histrionic fame. Clothes may secure for one an opportunity for an engagement, but it is talent that wins the place.

## American Schoolhouses No Better Than Barns

By **ELIZABETH PHILLIPPS HUGHES**, Special Educational Agent of the British Government

OUR schoolhouses in this country are for the most part dreadful and are a matter of the greatest surprise to me. I have seen some which are little more than barns and which seem positively unsafe and unhealthy. Such a state of affairs is not right in this land, where there is a justifiable boast of the public school system, the best of all agencies in the advancement of humanity. But I know the trouble with your schools—you have too much politics mixed with your education. I have ascertained approximately the amount of money expended by the people for schoolhouses, and the results are not at all commensurate. There should be a better showing for the generosity of the people, but there has been a dreadful leakage, and the people will have to be generous again to remedy the conditions.



## CRIME AND CRIMINALS

By **CESARE LOMBROSO**, Italian Criminologist

GREAT many persons do not comprehend that there may be some other method of defending ourselves against crime than by inflicting punishments which are often but new crimes and in nearly every case the source of other crimes. For the security of the

normal part of humanity and for the sake of those unfortunate criminals themselves it is necessary to sequester them in such a way that they cannot commit any further crimes and that all occasion for crime is removed from them. But sequestration, as it is now employed in the case of the insane, must not be a torture for the latter, nor must it be the source of enormous cost to the community.

THE CELL SYSTEM IS HORRIBLE AND SHOULD BE ABOLISHED FOR THE SAKE OF HUMANITY.

Instead of driving these degenerates to insanity, suicide or a slow and painful death we should seek to direct the impulses and energy of the criminals into useful and beneficial channels. Finding an outlet for his energy and natural satisfaction in the exercise of his organs in a direction toward which he naturally inclines, the criminal will work with pleasure and to the advantage of himself and others.

I have known born criminals in high positions who satisfied evil inclinations by the exercise of their profession and became useful members of human society.

I HAVE KNOWN A FAMOUS SURGEON WHO IN THE FORMATION OF HIS SKULL AS WELL AS IN HIS FACE PRESENTED EVERY CHARACTERISTIC OF A BORN CRIMINAL AND WHO SATISFIED HIS CRUEL AND CRIMINAL TENDENCIES AND ENERGIES BY SURGERY, SOMETIMES RATHER RISKY, BUT ALWAYS GENIUS.

Genius, like moral insanity, has its basis in epilepsy, and it is therefore not unusual to see moral insanity go hand in hand with genius and thus become not only inoffensive, but even useful to society. Many of the great conquerors and leaders of revolutions whose deeds are recorded in history belonged to that class.

To properly direct the dangerous inclinations and tendencies of the born criminals and morally insane and divert them into useful and beneficial channels seems to me the only correct and logical treatment.



IN ADDITION TO THE INDIAN IN THE CANOE, THERE ARE A PAPOOSE, A TRAPPER AND ANOTHER INDIAN. CAN YOU FIND THEM?

## CHURCH AND LABOR.

A Protestant Episcopal Arbitration Board Provided For, In

RESOLUTION TO BE OFFERED.

At Triennial Convention at San Francisco—Intended to Settle Disputes Between Labor and Capital, In Spirit of Prince of Peace.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—An important resolution to be presented to the general convention of the Episcopal church will be one drawn up by the committee on the state of the church, relative to the disagreements between employers and employees. After a brief preamble, stating that it is the Divine mission of the church to be a mediator, the resolution continues: "Resolved, the house of bishops concurring, that a joint commission of both houses, to consist of three bishops, three presbyters and three laymen, be appointed, the bishops in such manner as the house of bishops shall determine, and the other members by the president of this house, as a standing commission upon the relations of capital and labor, whose duty it shall be:

"First, to study carefully the aims and purposes of the labor organizations of our country; second, in particular to investigate the cause of industrial disturbances as may arise; and third, to hold themselves in readiness to act as arbitrators should their services be desired between the men and their employers, with a view of bringing about mutual conciliation and harmony in the spirit of the Prince of Peace.

"Resolved, That the said commission shall make report of its proceedings to the general convention.

"Resolved, That it is desirable that the above named commission should be named by reappointment every three years."

As on last Sunday, the pulpits of all the Episcopal churches in this city and adjacent places were filled Sunday by eminent divines who are here as delegates to the triennial convention of the church.

## A PAPAL CONSISTORY.

May Be Held In February, Opinion Expressed by Churchmen In Washington.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In well-informed Catholic circles here it is believed that the next consistory of the Catholic church at Rome will be held in February, when Pope Leo XIII. attains the twenty-fifth year of his pontificate. While there have been no definite advices to this effect it is thought likely that this assembly will open the jubilee to signalize the closing of the quarter century of Pope Leo's regime and that he will take advantage of it to deliver an allocution, taking a strong position on the question of assassination among other things.

Cardinal Martini will remain in office here until about time for the consistory. No authoritative word has yet reached here regarding the successorship. In view of his past experience it is quite likely that Cardinal Martini will be assigned in Rome to the congregations of the holy office, known as "the inquisition," which watches the morals and discipline of the church, and the propaganda, which deals with the propaganda of the faith.

Cardinal Martini and two or three of the newly-created cardinals, as well as possibly several cardinals and bishops that may meantime be created, will receive the red hat at the public session of the coming consistory.

## LUTHERAN CHURCH COUNCIL.

Divine Worship at Different Churches at Lima, O.

Lima, O., Oct. 14.—There was a suspension of business Sunday by the grand council of the Lutheran church of North America, assembled here in

biennial session, and the day was devoted to Divine worship at the different churches of all denominations, whose pulpits were extended to and occupied by the visitors. At St. Paul's Lutheran church there were extra services morning and evening. At the morning service Rev. Joseph A. Seiss, former president of the general council of Philadelphia, delivered the sermon. There was a meeting of the Luther league at 6 o'clock last evening. Addresses were delivered by Revs. Charles L. Frey, of Philadelphia, George H. Schour, Jr., assistant literary secretary of the Luther league, and W. K. Frick, of Milwaukee.

The evening church services consisted of an elaborate musical program and the following addresses: "Our Sunday School Literature," by Rev. Theodore E. Schmuck, of Lebanon, Pa.; "Lutheran Young People's Societies," by Rev. Alfred Ramsey, of Minneapolis; "Our Ungathered Multitude," by Prof. George G. Gebert, of Chicago; "Lutheran Church Music and Organists," by Rev. Adolph Speath, of Philadelphia, and "Lutheran Loyalty to God's Work," by the Rev. David H. Geissinger, of Pittsburgh.

The work will be taken up tomorrow with the report of the committee on foreign missions, where it left off at adjournment Saturday.

## PRIZES FOR RAILROADERS.

The Pennsylvania General Managers Make Awards For Keeping Tracks In Good Condition.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—The general managers' annual inspection of the Pennsylvania railroad was finished when the special inspection trains reached Jersey City. The prize winners were announced from General J. B. Hutchinson's office.

Gamble Latrobe, supervisor division 2, Maryland division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, with Assistant C. S. Heritage, had throughout year best lined and surfaced track on main line.

Prizes for best lined track and surface during year on superintendents' divisions on main line were awarded as follows: New York division, G. H. Rhodes, Tacony, supervisor division G; G. R. Sannickson, assistant supervisor Philadelphia division; A. B. Cuthbert, Middletown, supervisor division 4; M. L. Ward, assistant supervisor.

Middle division—J. H. Gumbes, Mifflin, Pa., supervisor division 6; J. H. Monaghan, assistant supervisor.

Pittsburgh division—C. S. Krick, supervisor; W. H. Johnson, assistant supervisor.

For best main line and surface at time of annual inspection, winners were (first prize) Supervisor G. H. Rhodes and assistant, G. R. Sannickson, of supervisors' division G, New York division; second prize, Supervisor Gamble Latrobe and assistant, C. S. Heritage, division 2, Maryland division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore.

Prize for best main line yard at date of annual inspection awarded to Supervisor George P. Miller, Jersey City yard, New York division, and prize for best lined and surfaced main line foreman's division at date of annual inspection won by Harry Stull, foreman sub-division E, supervisors' division 4, Philadelphia division.

Prizes amounted in all to \$5,000.

## A MURDER OCCURRED.

Two Negroes Quarreled Over Girl; One Shoots the Other.

Mount Pleasant, Pa., Oct. 14.—George Megs was fatally shot here by Robert Lewis. Both are negroes. The trouble arose at a festival the negroes of this place were holding, and Megs and Lewis got into an argument concerning a girl. One word led on to another until Lewis pulled out his revolver and shot Megs four times. Megs died instantly.

Lewis went home and was in bed when Chief of Police Nugent arrested him. The victim, who was 19 years old, was recently a porter at the Hotel Cooper, of this place, and had always been of a quiet disposition.

Identified as James A. Taylor.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—The body discovered at the Horseshoe curve on the Allegheny mountains, near here, late Friday afternoon, has proved to be from papers and other evidence found that of James A. Taylor, who lived at Huntingdon during 1900.

## LACK OF ISSUES.

Ohio Democrats Have Nothing On Which to Appeal

To the Honest, Intelligent Voters of the State—The Tom Johnson Taxation Had a Fizzle.

A purely legal problem, entirely technical at every point, and beyond the decision of any one except the courts as a last resort, is all that the Ohio Democrats have of their alleged campaign on state issues. They have ransacked the records from end to end and from top to bottom, and have been utterly unable to locate a single point against the administration of Governor Nash that amounts to anything to talk about, even in their reckless way of telling things. The Tom Johnson hullabaloo over railroad taxation is absolutely the only attempt at an issue that they have left, and that simmers down to a controversy that the courts alone can settle.

The railroads in their replies to the Johnson arguments before the state board of railroad equalization, present so strong a case against the legality of the claim made by Johnson that that board can change to any extent the railroad appraisements made by the county auditors, as to make it plain that the state is doing as Johnson desires, would simply involve itself in endless litigation; would jump into law suits without number or limit. According to the attorneys for the railroads, the right to raise tax values of railroads beyond the equalization of the returns made by the county auditors is expressly forbidden to the state board by the statutes and cannot be exercised without that board arrogating to itself the powers of a board of original appraisement, which it is not according to the laws of Ohio, and never was intended to be. The further contention of the railroads that their appraisements at present are on a parity with other property throughout the state, is a matter of fact difficult to determine. Strong showings are made for and against this view of their side, but the legal contention between Democratic campaign managers does involve a controversy in the courts that will certainly be costly and long continued for the state, even though it amounts to nothing at all. As such it has no possible part in a political campaign, except as chaff to catch votes. The citizens of Ohio have too much sense to be trapped in that way, or thus to be side-tracked from the great national questions involved in the election of a United States senator, and the control of congressmen from Ohio for a decade to come.

The bite of a mosquito is annoying, and the bite of a snake is dreadful, but it makes one feel sore all over to be bitten in the back by a friend.—Dallas News.

**THE NEW PITTSBURGH EXPOSITION**  
WITH ITS NEW BUILDINGS AND NEW MUSIC HALL  
Opens Sept. 4, Closes Oct. 19.

**MUSIC BY THE World's Greatest Bands. SOUSA BAND**  
Sept. 4th to Sept. 17th.

**Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra.**  
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.  
Sept. 18th to Oct. 1st.

**THE FAMOUS BANDA ROSSA,**  
Italy's Greatest Musical Organization.  
Oct. 2d to Oct. 12th.

**EMIL PAUR AND THE NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA**  
Oct. 14th to Oct. 19th.

**NEW ATTRACTIONS.**  
\$15,000 Toboggan Slide.  
Children's Eden Museum & Wonderland  
A Day in the Alps.  
The Latest Moving Pictures.  
Magnificent Electric Display.  
EVERYTHING ABSOLUTELY NEW.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.  
One Fare for the Round Trip on all Railroads.

## FARES TO BUFFALO

Over Pennsylvania Lines for Pan-American Exposition

Excursion tickets to Buffalo for the Pan-American Exposition are now on sale at ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines. Fares from East Liverpool are as follows: Tickets good returning ten days, \$7.50. Tickets good returning fifteen days, \$8.00. Season tickets with return limit until Oct. 31st, \$10.75.

Special coach excursion tickets good leaving Buffalo up to midnight of Thursday following date of sale will be sold Tuesday at \$4.50.

Tourist tickets at special fares may also be obtained for trips via Buffalo to Toronto in Canada. Such tickets will be good for stop over at Buffalo to see the Pan-American Exposition, by payment of \$1 extra at Buffalo.

For time tables and further information apply to ADAM HILL, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, East Liverpool, O.

For sale by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and F. Larkin

They Never Fail.

## Headache?

You need a gentle heart stimulant which leaves no bad after effects.

**Clinic Headache Wafers**

are sure and speedy, easily taken, do not depress—absolutely harmless.

The True Heart Tonic.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To-Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

## WANTED.

WANTED—Position by young man as assistant bookkeeper, clerk in office or store, or any light employment; best of references. Address Box 353, East Liverpool, O. 101-J\*

WANTED—A good girl to take off for a dipper; steady work. Apply immediately at the C. C. Thompson Pottery. 100-r

WANTED—Ladies to visit our Cloak and Suit Department, second floor. The Leader, Washington street. 100-r

WANTED—Men to visit our new popular priced Furnishing Department, and see those new 50 cent Shirts. The Leader, Washington street. 100-r

WANTED—Men to buy our complete line of Winter Underwear and save 30 per cent. The Leader, Washington street. 100-r

WANTED—Two girl boarders. Inquire 312 Fifth street, city. 100-r

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; call at once. 331 Fourth street. 98-127

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—14 lots and two 3-roomed houses in Chester, W. Va. Call on J. B. McKinnon, 111 Washington street. 101-J\*

FOR SALE—Four-roomed house located at the corner of Peake and Ogden streets; gas and water throughout. Inquire at Wash Williams at the above address. 101-J

FOR SALE—Cord wood by the cord. Apply to Ed E. Anderson, 447 Lisbon street. 101-r

FOR SALE—Fine limestone land farm, 180 acres in Belmont county, one-half mile from county seat, all underlaid with high grade coal. One vein under 125 estimated about 500,000 tons, another vein under entire 180 acres estimated over 1,000,000 tons. A total of about 1,500,000 tons. Railroad within one-half mile. Can be had at farm price, settling estate. This is an investment which will bring positive and profitable return. For further information address "W," care Evening News Review. 100-47-tr

MCKINLEY MEMORIAL—Contains 40 beautiful half-tone engravings, with short description of each, and printed on heavy embossed paper; views taken during funeral of our late President; every family should have one; sent postage prepaid to any address for 50 cents; agents wanted. S. M. Liggett, room 1, No. 117 South Cleveland avenue, Canton, O. 92-2wks

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three rooms on Washington street, suitable for man and wife. Inquire of J. B. McKinnon, 111 Washington street. 101-r\*

## MISCELLANEOUS.

HOME WORK—The year round; no canvassing; \$5 to \$6 weekly, working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclosure stamp; work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg Co., Toledo, O. 101-r\*

**Eureka Harness Oil**  
not only makes the harness and the horse look better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts it in condition to last—price as low as it ordinarily would.  
Sold everywhere in standard cans. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.  
**Give Your Horse a Chance!**



Our Ever  
Increasing  
Business  
Demands  
a  
Greater  
Selection  
of  
Properties  
to  
Sell;  
So  
Place  
Your  
Real Estate  
With  
Us  
if  
You  
Want  
it  
Sold.

Our  
Charge  
is  
Small.

No  
"For Sale"  
Cards  
On  
Your  
Property  
Unless  
You  
So  
Order.

## HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And  
of Matters About  
Town.

Large Y. M. C. A. Meeting—David Donald, of Pittsburgh, addressed a large meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon after a ten-minute initiatory talk in the Diamond. Mr. Donald is a very earnest speaker, and produced a good impression. Prof. Phillips, with his choir rendered selections both in the Diamond and at the hall.

## FOUR PRISONERS

TAKEN FROM LISBON TO PLACES  
OF CONFINEMENT.

Jury in an East Liverpool Damage  
Case—Minor Matters in  
Court.

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Four prisoners recently sentenced in common pleas court were taken to the Canton workhouse today by Deputy Sheriff Chris Bick. They were: Fred Bradley, East Liverpool, term four months; John Skelly, Wellsville, 30 days; Charles Button, Salem, six months; John Elliott, Irondale, 30 days.

John Bratt, of East Liverpool, was taken to the asylum at Massillon.

A special jury has been drawn to view and assess the value of certain property in East Liverpool, belonging to M. E. Golding and others which was condemned by the city council for the purpose of widening Robinson street. The jurors are: J. B. Clark, Wellsville; E. C. Luton, Center township; W. G. Bentley, Perry township; H. L. Snyder and David Stouffer, Salem township, and Pressley Hart, Washington township. They are to appear in probate court October 18.

Letters of administration have been granted by the probate court to A. G. Smith, on the estate of the late Hugh Pugh, of Wellsville township; bond \$200.

J. F. Rauch, of East Liverpool, has appealed to common pleas court the case in which he was defendant and H. H. Householder plaintiff. It was tried in Justice McCarron's court. Householder got judgment for \$20.13.

## A SMALL FIRE.

Blaze on the Roof of a Washington  
Street Dwelling.

A small fire occurred at 11:45 this morning at a dwelling house occupied by the Hymes family on Washington street.

The blaze started from a defective flue and ignited the shingles on the roof about the chimney. The department was called and a ladder run up. The fire was extinguished with the aid of a Babcock. The building is owned by W. L. Thompson and the danger was slight.

## STARVING HIMSELF

Mast Estate Attorney Refuses Food  
While in Jail at  
Springfield.

Columbus, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Geo. A. Thatcher, in jail at Springfield, charged with forgery against the Mast estate, is trying to starve himself to death. He refuses all food. Force will be used to make him eat.

Buy your boy a nice, nobby Suit,  
with a double-breasted Vest, at  
100-cod-1  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

## Dr. Beardsley.

Dr. Beardsley closed his course of lectures at the East End Saturday night. The doctor will remain in this city, at the home of Mrs. Diedrich, corner Broadway and Robinson, until tomorrow (Tuesday) evening.

## WATER CONSUMERS, NOTICE.

ALL WATER RENTS ARE DUE.  
PRIVATE CONSUMERS SAVE 10  
PER CENT BY PROMPT PAYMENT.  
OFFICE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO 5  
P. M. AND FROM 7 P. M. TO 9 P. M.  
SATURDAY EVENINGS DURING  
OCTOBER. 91-1mo

J. W. GIPNER, Secretary.

We will have on sale this week the latest Soft Hat made by Young Bros., of New York City, price \$3.00. Come and see it at 100-cod-1  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—A first-class furnished room, centrally located, with privilege of bath. Address "M." care of News Review office. 101-r

FOR SALE—A new six-room residence, near the center of city; price \$2,550. Inquire 133 Jefferson street. 102-3

FOUND—A small grip containing a pair of trousers, a number of linen collars and a shirt. Owner can have same by calling at News Review office and paying for this advertisement. 102-r

GREAT MEETING  
OF THE TURNERS

Executive Committee Session Held  
Here Yesterday An Im-  
portant One.

## THE COMING TURNFEST

Discussed By the Members And Co-  
lumbian Park Considered a Satis-  
factory Place for Holding It—A  
Fine Dinner Served.

The executive committee of the Pittsburgh Turnbezirk, United Turn societies, met at Turner hall, this city, at 10:30 yesterday.

Representatives were present from 20 of the 24 societies composing the district, and a number of matters of importance to the societies were disposed of.

Considerable time was devoted to the consideration of a place for holding the next turnfest. One of the principal reasons for holding the meeting in this city was the fact that East Liverpool has been pushing her claim for the meeting, and the board could not see its way clear to consent until the ground was gone over and a thorough investigation made as to the disposition of the citizens generally. Chairman Herman Schuster, of Pittsburgh, presided at the meeting and after some discussion it was determined to visit the grounds which the local board has selected in case the meet is brought here.

The society in this city was impressed with the magnitude of the undertaking and the importance of making it a success provided East Liverpool is chosen. The district is made up of societies of western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and a section of West Virginia, and it is assured that at least 300 gymnasts will be present to take part in the events.

This latter element is made up of only the active Turners. In addition to these there will be upwards of 10,000 visitors from the different towns in the district. All these matters were impressed upon the local society in order that the members have a thorough knowledge of the proposition they would be called upon to face.

Another question which always receives attention at these meetings was the movement started by the Turner society in this country several years ago for the introduction of their system of physical culture into the public schools. Reports were received from teachers from different cities in the district, all going to show that rapid strides are being made toward the desired end.

It was learned that almost one-half of the schools of Pittsburgh had adopted the system, and were presided over in this department by a competent turn teacher. Like reports were received from other cities, and in a number of instances it was shown that while the system had not yet been made a part of the studies, the educational boards took kindly to the plan and would undoubtedly adopt it very soon.

Emil Roth, district supervisor of physical culture with headquarters at Pittsburgh, was present at the meeting and made an interesting report of the progress of his work throughout the district.

Mr. Roth announced that on next Saturday, Oct. 19, a meeting of all the turn teachers in the Pittsburgh district would be held at Central Turner hall, Pittsburgh. The object of this meeting is to adopt rules and regulations and arrange plans to govern the field meet which may come to this city in 1902. The meeting will be an important one, as upon the regulations adopted by the various masters will depend the success or failure of the competing societies.

The meeting adjourned at 12 o'clock and the members repaired to the dining room, where the ladies of the turners had provided a sumptuous dinner.

The executive committee paid a visit to Columbian park after dinner, and upon an inspection of the grounds expressed themselves as well pleased with the location and general surroundings.

Upon the return of the committee to the hall, they, in company with a large number of members of the local society, spent the afternoon in social session. Several addresses were made and the meeting was presided over by P. A. Reisenberger, secretary of the East Liverpool branch. A very able address was made by Robert Habernicht, who took for his subject the mental culture of the young, showing that while one of the main objects of the society was to look after the physical welfare of the members, their mental development was equally important and should not be neglected. Prof. Paul Fischer, of Monaca, director of voice culture in this section,

had charge of the music, and it proved a pleasing feature.

Supper was served by the ladies at 5:30, and the delegates from Pittsburgh and other eastern points returned home on the evening train.

## HIT BY ELEVATOR.

JOHN WELLING BADLY HURT IN  
A POTTERY.

Presence of Mind of Himself And  
Another Probably Saved  
His Life.

John Wellings, an employee of the R. Thomas Sons' insulator works, had a narrow escape from death Saturday afternoon while at work at the factory.

Wellings had been working about the elevator and having occasion to use it again stepped to the shaft to ascertain the location of the machine. He was peering down the shaft thinking that it was below. Another employee had taken a load to the top of the building and it was at that moment descending.

The floor of the elevator hit Wellings on top of the head and he would undoubtedly have been killed had it not been for his presence of mind in giving the alarm. When the man on the elevator heard Wellings' cries he immediately stopped its descent and started it up.

Wellings' head and chin were badly injured and he was otherwise bruised about the body. He was taken to his home and is doing well today.

## OVER A BRIDGE

Went Driver And Vehicle, And One  
of the Horses  
Drowned.

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—A team belonging to West McMichael, of Lisbon, fell off a bridge crossing Beaver creek Saturday night and one of the horses was drowned. The other horse, the driver and wagon escaped serious injury, though all went over the bridge.

The fall was about 15 feet. There is no railing on part of the bridge, and it was too dark for the driver to see his way.

## SOUTHSIDE NOTES

L. A. Goode met with a painful accident last week. He was watering a horse when a dog got under the animal's feet and it stepped on it. In endeavoring to make the horse move he slapped it and it kicked him in the stomach. He was confined to his home for five days.

E. McBee, who was burned in an explosion at the coal bank on the Allison farm a few days ago, is considerably worse today, inflammation having set in.

George Wynn, a motorman on the Southside line, Saturday sold a valuable coon dog to a Pittsburgh man.

Ground was broken this morning for the new residence to be erected on Virginia avenue by Dr. Lewis.

J. F. Spivey today gave the iron work on the bridge a new coat of paint.

William Cannon and T. G. Morrow spent Sunday at Pittsburgh.

Miss Alma Marshall returned to the Pennsylvania College for Women at Pittsburgh this morning after a visit with her parents.

Buy your Winter Underwear where you get the best and latest goods for your money, at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.  
100-cod-1

Miss Ina Shontz, of the Ohio Valley Business College, is acting as stenographer for the Seves China company. 102-h

Our fall Kid Gloves arrive this week. Come and see them at  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.  
100-cod-1

Buy a Young Bros. Hat when you want the latest style; price \$3.00. We are the sole agents here. 100-cod-1  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

## Unlucky Day Superstitions.

In Grafton's manual of his chronicles, 1565, the unlucky days, according to the opinions of the astrologers, are named as follows: Jan. 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 17 and 28 are unlucky; Feb. 26, 27 and 28 unlucky; 8, 10 and 17 very unlucky; March 16, 17, and 20 very unlucky; April 7, 8, 10 and 20 unlucky; May 3 and 6 unlucky; 15 and 20 very unlucky; June 10 and 22 unlucky; 4 and 8 very unlucky; Aug. 29 and 30 unlucky; 19 and 20 very unlucky; Sept. 3, 4, 21 and 23 unlucky; 6 and 7 very unlucky; Oct. 4, 16 and 24 unlucky; 6 very unlucky; Nov. 5, 6, 29 and 30 unlucky; 15 and 20 very unlucky; Dec. 15 and 22 unlucky; 6, 7 and 9 very unlucky.

We will have extra clerks on Saturday to wait on you. If we couldn't wait on you last Saturday we apologize to you and ask you to come again.  
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

## NEW BUILDINGS

OVER 400 ERRECTED IN THIS COUN-  
TY LAST YEAR.

Total Cost \$246,930 — Sheep-Killing  
Dogs' Costly Work—Other  
Statistics.

Lisbon, Oct. 14.—(Special)—Figures gathered at the office of County Auditor Adams show that during the last fiscal year, 423 buildings of various kinds were constructed in Columbiana county at a total cost of \$246,930. Of this number 341 were dwellings, costing \$165,250; 16 were stores and warehouses, costing \$22,580; 11 manufacturing establishments, costing \$33,700; 47 stables and barns, costing \$16,100; 8 other buildings, costing \$9,300.

Amount allowed and paid by county to soldiers and marines, \$3.80; to their wives or widows, \$2,142; to their minor children, \$320.

Amount added to tax duplicates for 1900 by inquisitors, \$786,940; amount of taxes on property so added, \$19,508; amount paid to tax inquisitors, \$2,059.

During the year 564 sheep, valued at \$2,174, were killed by dogs in the county; sheep injured by dogs, 273; estimated damage, \$653; amount of per capita tax on dogs collected, \$2,688.70; amount dog tax on hand at the beginning of the year, \$1,755.47; amount paid for sheep killed, \$1,695.50; for sheep injured, \$515.08; amount paid for witness fees, \$11.20; balance of dog tax remaining in treasury August 1, 1901, \$2,122.39.

## AN AUTOMOBILE BANK.

Novel and Advanced Means For Sav-  
ing Adopted by French Peasantry.

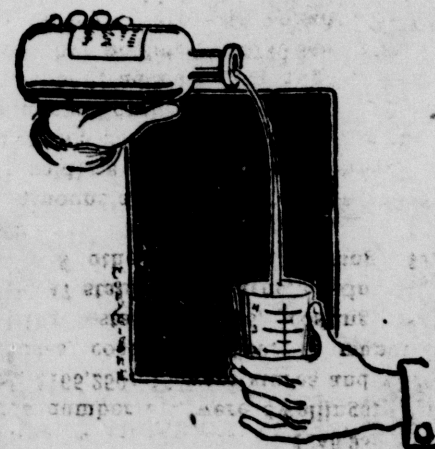
People in the United States have heard of automobiles, gun carriages and wagons for parcel delivery, but probably few are aware that there exists an automobile bank, says the New York Sun. Such, however, is the case, and the new institution is the property of the town of Mezieres, in the Ardennes, France.

For some time past the fact has been recognized by the leading citizens of Mezieres that there existed a strong desire on the part of the peasantry of that place to lay aside part of their earnings for "a rainy day," but in order to reach a savings bank they have been compelled to leave their work and come into town, which meant to many a journey of several miles. In the summer months, when the country folks were busy, such a trip occupied more time than could well be afforded, and in consequence the banks' deposits decreased noticeably during three or four months of the year. Now, instead of having to go to the bank to deposit their savings, residents on the outskirts of Mezieres will have the bank brought to them.

In construction the new vehicle is unique. It is propelled by electricity and has four seats, one in front for the driver and three in the rear for the staff of the institution. These three seats surround a revolving table, located in the center of the carriage, on which the business of the bank may be transacted. Writing desks capable of being folded up when not in use are arranged over each of the seats in such a way that when open they extend out from the sides of the carriage. In a manner suitable for the use of persons standing outside who desire to open an account with the bank. On the table are to be found shelves for books, adequate stationery for the use of the clerks and a small metallic strong box.

On certain prearranged days the car will make a tour of the country districts, stopping here and there as long as it may be necessary to dispose of the business in hand. On all sides the scheme so far has met with approval, the bank clerks especially having welcomed the innovation heartily inasmuch as it will afford them an opportunity to breathe the fresh country air during the hot weather. If its original purpose is carried out, the automobile bank seems likely to prove very popular and successful.

Advertising in these columns brings returns every time.



Drink in the preparations put  
To Your up and sold by us.  
Own Health Something on our  
shelves for every ill that flesh is heir to. And it is what has proved the best of many remedies.

Drugs and Medicines  
of the greatest purity and absolute  
freshness are sold here and used in  
compounding

Prescriptions.  
These give the best results. Cost no  
more than inferior drugs.

BULGER'S PHARMACY

## Amusements.

ONE SOLID WEEK  
Commencing Monday, October 14.  
Matinee Saturday.

The acknowledged leaders of  
the Repertory.

THE CARNER STOCK CO.

Direction of  
H. L. Webb.

Opening play the great sensational  
drama.

The Black Flag

Presented with all the scenic, me-  
chanical and electrical effects.

Prices 10c, 20c, and 30c.  
Matinee prices  
10c and 20c

Seats may be secured at Reed's Drug  
store, Friday, 9 a. m.

COLUMBIAN PARK...  
WEEK OF OCTOBER 14.

DANCING

Tuesday evening.....Private  
Wednesday evening.....Public  
Friday evening.....Private  
Saturday evening.....Public

SHENKLE'S ORCHESTRA.  
Joseph Cassidy, Mgr.

MASQUERADE BALL...  
At Columbian Park.  
OCTOBER 30, 1901.

Admission, Gents, 50c; Ladies, 25c.  
No person will be allowed to dance  
unless masked in full costume.

Sampson Delayed Sending Message.

Washington, Oct. 14.—A feature of the Schley inquiry Saturday was the fact which Mr. Rayner developed, that, although Admiral Sampson had been advised by Colonel Allen on the morning of May 20 that Cervera was in Santiago, he did not send a dispatch by the Hawk to Schley informing him of this fact until the evening of May 21. This was also 24 hours after Sampson had received a confirmation of the information. Even then it was developed that he had told Schley to go to Santiago if, in his judgment, the Spaniards were not at Cienfuegos.

Knights Hold Memorial Services.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 14.—Local lodges of Knights of Pythias held memorial services in the opera house here in honor of the late President McKinley, at which addresses were made by Past Supreme Chancellor Thomas G. Sample, of Pittsburgh; Rev. H. L. Jacobs and Mr. W. H. Schwartz, of this city.

Another Riot at Scranton, Pa.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14.—Another riot occurred in connection with the street car strike, but again fortunately there were no very serious results.

Syringes, Trusses,

Supporters, Water

Bottles, Ice Packs.

A good Fountain Syringe for 75c.

Hodson's Drug Store

Cor. 5th and Broadway.

Money! Money! Money!

Do you want to Invest? Take it to  
The Pottery Building and Savings Company  
Corner 5th and Washington Sts.

Which in 12½ years has paid Earnings  
of \$316,973.00.

Dividends have never been less than  
6 per cent. per annum, paid  
semi-annually.

Do you want to Borrow? We will  
loan you at 6 75-100 per cent. and  
allow you to share in the earn-  
ings. No delay. We  
have the money.

New Era Restaurant,  
Billiard Hall and Cafe.

Tobacco and Cigar department stock-  
ed with the finest cigars and Tobacco in  
the market. Dining room up to date.  
Table d'hôte meals 25c. Banquets a  
specialty. Best furnished billiard and  
pool room in the state. Lighted with  
electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to  
11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St.,  
East Liverpool, Ohio.

J. C. WALSH, Prop

Oysters

The season is now open.  
The best, properly cook-  
ed and served, at

The Stag,  
125 and 127 Second St.

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

REAL ESTATE DEALER

Corner 6th and Washing-  
ton Street. Second  
Floor.